"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.

Fair, continued cold to-day; cloudy, warmer to-morrow; north winds

VOL. LIX...NO. 19,007. * * * NEW YORK, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1910.—SIXTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

COLDEST NIGHT YET FILLS FREE LODGINGS

Temperature Down at 4 Degrees at 10 P. M., and Zero Expected Before Daybreak.

35-MILE GALE FROM WEST

Storm Warnings and More Cold To-Day—But a Warm Wave Is Close on the Heels of the Frost.

New York will probably experience this morning the coldest weather of the present Winter. At midnight on Saturday, when the thermometer of the local Weather Bureau registered 22 degrees, the mercury began to tumble. It went to 14 degrees by noon yesterday, 11 degrees at 5 o'clock, and still fell steadily, until at 11 o'clock last night it was 4 degrees above zero, with every indication, the weather man said, of reaching the zero mark before daybreak.

With the fall in temperature there come out of the northwest a stiff wind that whistled around the corners at a speed varying from thirty to thirty-five miles an hour. In exposed places the gale was so strong that it was almost impossible for people to keep their feet, while headgear was sent flying in all directions. The result of this combination of bitter cold and high wind was an experience those exposed to it will not soon forget.

One result of the cold wave was to bring to the new Municipal Lodging House, on East Twenty-fifth Street, the largest number of persons seeking shelter from the cold that has ever been cared for in that house, which is the biggest and finest institution of the kind in the world. Supt. Yorke at 11 o'clock last night said that he had already received and given food and bed to 520 men, 22 women, and 3 children, and that the indications were that at least 200 more would be received before midnight.

"The poor men and women are coming to us from everywhere in the city to-night," Mr. Yorke said, "and we are giving them the best we have. There is no limit to the coffee supply to-night, and with the coffee goes all the bread they can eat."

It may be added that every one of those who were the guests of the city went to bed in warm, clean night garments. Every one of them also had presented to him a cake of soap, and had to take a warm shower bath. This compulsory bath arrangement is said to explain why the new lodging house is not as popular as the old one, where such up-to-date arrangements for ~~cleansing~~ were wanting.

The condition of some of the unfortunates who applied at the Municipal Lodging House for food and shelter was pitiful. Many of the older men were so benumbed from cold that they could hardly walk, and the condition of some of the women was just as pathetic. There were several doctors at the house to look after the lodgers, and everybody who came was examined to see if a medical ward in Bellevue was the proper place for him.

The cold thinned out the bread lines. At the Bowery Mission and at Fleischmann's, in Broadway, few of the homeless cared to brave the biting wind. But those who did come got plenty. They swallowed their hot coffee and raced to get in line again for another cup. Not till the last drop was drained did they slink off to the back rooms of saloons and other shelter from the cold.

Despite the force of the wind, the police reported that no accidents to persons or damage to property as a result of the gale had been reported to them from any section of the city. A number of persons, it was said, were taken to hospitals, suffering from the effects of the extreme cold.

From the National Weather Bureau in Washington it was stated that storm warnings had been posted all along the Atlantic Coast from Cape Hatteras, N. C., to Eastport, Me. At Mount Weather it was added that the meteorograph attached to the Weather Bureau kite there recorded a temperature of 26 degrees below zero at an altitude of 6,700 feet. At the observatory on the mountain the temperature at the same time was 14 degrees below.

The present cold spell, the Weather Bureau officially announced, came to us all the way from Alaska and the adjacent Canadian territory, where on Wednesday and Thursday of last week the thermometers registered 60 degrees below zero. The cold is general throughout the country, and yesterday morning the record in the northern part of New York State, the lake region, and Vermont was below zero, while frost was reported as far south as Jupiter, Fla.

Right behind the cold wave is a warm one, which last night was already being felt in the Northwest and in the Plains States. This warm weather is coming east and is due to be felt in the lake region and the Ohio Valley to-day, and in this section of the country to-morrow. To-day will be still cold and fair, but there maybe snow to-morrow night.

The lowest temperature reported yesterday in the United States was 14 degrees below zero at Sault Ste. Marie, Mich. The highest was 56 degrees above at Key West, Fla. In Buffalo it was zero, at Albany 6 above, at Chicago 10 above, Bismarck, N. D., 4 below, at St. Louis 18 above, and at New Orleans 42 above.

BELOW ZERO IN BOSTON.

Philadelphia Has Its Coldest Day This Winter—Up State Freezes.

BOSTON, Feb. 6.—The mercury tumbled to-night at the rate of 2 degrees an hour until at midnight the thermometer registered zero and below. Shifting from west to northwest and finally to due north, the wind maintained a nearly uniform average of 26 miles an hour, chilling to the bone those who were exposed for any length of time.

The frozen body of a man who apparently had died from exposure was found to-day beside a highway in Northboro. He was between 45 and 50 years of age, and had a railway ticket from Boston to Spencer, but nothing by which he could be identified.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 6.—With the thermometer registering 7 degrees above zero, to-night is the coldest experienced here this Winter. During the day there was a mean temperature of 17 degrees, 15 below normal. At 11 o'clock in the morning the mercury registered 23 de-

Continued on Page 2.

THE HERO OF THE NORTH.
Governor Hughes will preside at Commander Robert E. Peary's lecture at the Metropolitan Opera House to-morrow evening, when a national testimonial will be presented to the discoverer of the North Pole. There will be many interesting features in addition to the lecture which the Commander will deliver on this occasion. Reserved seats $1.00 up and boxes $50 upward are on sale at the Metropolitan Opera House box office and at the prominent ticket agencies.—Adv.

MISS DREXEL ENGAGED?

Relatives Get Cable Saying She Will Marry Viscount Maidstone.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 6.—Relatives of Mrs. Anthony J. Drexel of Philadelphia received a cablegram to-day announcing the engagement of her only daughter, Margarette Armstrong Drexel, to Guy Montagu George Finch-Hatton, Viscount Maidstone, and heir to the Earldoms of Winchelsea and Nottingham.

The cablegram came from London, where the Drexels have a fine residence. Miss Drexel has been for several seasons prominent in the exclusive circles of English society. She was presented to the court in 1907 by the Duchess of Connaught. She has been reported engaged to several men of prominence in the last three or four years, including Prince Francis Joseph, second son of the Duke and Duchess of Bragana and Prince Christopher, sixth son of King George of Greece.

Miss Drexel's brother, Anthony J. Drexel, Jr., recently became engaged to Miss Marjorie Gould, daughter of George J. Gould.

INNES-KER SEEKS BRIDE HERE.

Brother of the Duke of Roxburghe, It Is Rumored, May Wed New York Girl.

When Lord Robert Innes-Ker, who is staying at the Plaza, arrived in this country three weeks ago he said he intended to spend only a week in New York and would then accompany his sister, Lady Evelyn Collins, and Major Collins to the Pacific Coast. He is still lingering here, however, and yesterday his friends were discussing the report that the young Englishman is paying serious attention to an American girl prominent in society.

From the moment of his arrival Lord Robert has been deluged with invitations, and he has been seen at all the fashionable functions of the waning season. He met the girl in question in the first week of his sojourn here, and has seen her frequently since at dinners and dances on Fifth Avenue.

Should Lord Robert become engaged here the match would be the third American alliance in the Roxburghe family. The Duke of Roxburghe married Miss May Goelet in 1903 and Lord Alastair Robert Innes-Ker married Miss Anne Breese in 1907.

Major Collins and Lady Evelyn Collins, it is said, will return from their Western trip early in March and will return to England with Lord Robert Innes-Ker.

DIVES AND RESCUES GIRL.

She Lay on the Bottom of Morris Canal When Shults Reached Her.

Victor Shults of Bloomfield, N. J., rescued a girl from drowning yesterday in the Morris Canal. She was Bernice Garrett, the twelve-year-old daughter of Charles T. Garrett of Bloomfield. The girl was disappearing for the third time when Mr. Shults jumped into the water.

As Mr. Shults was walking along the towpath he saw the girl and Albert Evans, Jr., 11 years old, sitting on a sled and pushing it along on the ice. They were only a short distance from the Berkeley Avenue bridge over the canal, and Mr. Shults warned them that on account of a number of springs at that point the ice was very thin.

The children paid no heed to the warning. As they were passing under the bridge the sled with its occupants broke through the thin ice and both children were in the water. Mr. Shults heard their screams and hurried back.

The boy managed to clamber on the stronger ice, but the girl, although she made strong efforts, was unable to do so.

Without removing his coat Shults plunged into the canal. He caught the girl lying on the bottom of the canal and brought her to the surface.

After a struggle he succeeded in placing her on the strong ice and then scrambled out himself. He carried her to a near-by house, where she was revived after nearly an hour's work.

WESTINGHOUSE PLANT BURNS.

$240,000 Loss at Boonton (N. J.) Works Where Batteries Were Made.

BOONTON, N. J., Feb. 6.—Fire this morning destroyed all but one of the buildings of the local plant of the Westinghouse Electric Company. The principal product was storage batteries, but the plant was equipped for other work, and at times turned out various electrical appliances. The loss is estimated at $240,000. The insurance on the buildings, machinery, and stock in course of manufacture is said to be about $180,000.

When the fire was discovered it was burning on the third floor of the main building near a point where a number of electric wires centred. Because of this fact it is thought the fire was started by a short circuit.

It was bitterly cold and there was a high wind blowing. By the time the company's men and the Fire Department got to work the flames were sweeping through the plant. Only the power house which was to the windward of the fire and some distance away was saved.

Sparks set fire to a number of smaller buildings at a distance, but firemen saved them. The firemen, all volunteers, suffered greatly. Many had fingers and ears frozen.

About two hundred men are thrown out of work. The plant was one of the mainstays of the village, and was always depended upon for work by many inhabitants. It is thought the plant will be rebuilt at once.

GIRL STRIKERS MAKE TERMS.

Philadelphia Shirtwaist Workers Arrange Hour Schedule with Employers.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 6.—Girl shirtwaist makers who have been on a strike here for more than seven weeks crowded a theatre to-day and received with enthusiasm the report of their leaders that the struggle was over and that their grievances would be speedily adjusted by a board of arbitration. Society women who have stood by the girls in their fight filled the boxes and joined in the applause.

The manufacturers are to take back all their former employes without discrimination. Thirty-four of the manufacturers are to be allowed one week's time, and eleven four weeks' time to so readjust their factory facilities as to enable them to reinstate their workers. Wages are to be adjusted by a committee of three from each shop, who will confer with their respective employers. In case they fail to reach an agreement, the question will be submitted to the board of arbitration, whose decision will be final.

The working hours are to be fifty-two and one-half hours per week, schedules to be agreed upon by the respective shop committees and their employers. There is to be no work after 1 P. M. on Saturdays unless both the shop committee and employers agree. Future grievances are to be settled in the same manner as the wage

TAFT'S TRUST BILL IN CONGRESS TO-DAY

Provides Forfeiture of Federal Charters for Violation of Laws of United States.

RIGID STOCK ISSUE CONTROL

Banking Powers Barred and Majority of Directors Must Be Bona Fide Citizens and Residents.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The Administration's Federal Incorporation bill, which was printed in full in its original form in THE NEW YORK TIMES on Jan. 13, has now been revised, and will be introduced in Congress to-morrow, probably by Senator Clark of Wyoming and Representative Parker of New Jersey, Chairmen respectively of the Senate and House Committees on Judiciary.

The publication in THE TIMES resulted in much criticism of the original measure, and the bill as it now stands shows that serious efforts have been made by Attorney General Wickersham and his assistants to meet these objections.

The most striking change in the bill is the insertion of three provisions for the cancellation of Federal charters granted under its terms. When the original measure was prepared for the use of the Cabinet it was the impression of Mr. Wickersham and the President that a charter was property and could not be taken away. Since then the insurgents have pointed out that as the franchise was a gift from the Government the Government could certainly condition that gift in any way it saw fit.

This reasoning has been accepted, and it is now provided expressly that the charter may be revoked by act of Congress, by action in court under the Anti-Trust act, or, if the terms of the charter are being violated, the Bureau of Corporations may apply in court for a receivership. This last, of course, while not technically a revocation of the charter, has the same effect so far as putting a sharp end to illegal practices are concerned.

It is known that the President and his advisers are more inclined now than at first to push the bill before the present Congress. This is taken to mean simply that the President wishes to attract for the bill sufficient public attention to give it educational value and probably to draw comment on it for and against in the coming Congressional campaign.

The President is so enthusiastic about ~~the measure himself~~ that he ~~is~~ thought to believe that having it before the country as a Republican measure will increase the chances for Republican success at the polls.

An outline of the final draft which will be submitted to the Senate and House to-morrow follows:

No corporation formed under the terms of the proposed act will be permitted to purchase, acquire, or hold stock in any other corporation; nor may any corporation organized under the act, or under the laws of any State or foreign country, for the purpose of, or engaged in any like business, acquire or hold the stock of a corporation formed under this act, and no such corporation will be permitted to have banking powers.

Forfeiture of charter may result if any corporation organized under the act shall enter into any contract or combination or engage in any conspiracy against inter-State or foreign trade or commerce or shall monopolize or attempt to monopolize any part thereof contrary to the provisions of the Sherman act or shall otherwise violate the laws of the United States. The charters of all corporations are made subject to alteration, suspension, or repeal by Congress. The Attorney General receives power to bring forfeiture proceedings and the court may appoint a receiver.

Annual reports must be filed with the Bureau of Corporations, and the Commissioner of the bureau may call for special reports. Ten days after the declaration of any dividend a financial statement showing the amount of net earnings must be filed with the Commissioner of Corporations.

At least a majority of the Directors of the corporation are required at all times to be citizens of the United States and bona fide residents therein.

Stock may be paid for in cash or in property, but every certificate of stock issued in payment for property must contain a statement that it is so issued and before any stock is so issued a full statement, sworn to by a majority of the Board of Directors, must be filed in the Bureau of Corporations, setting forth a full description of the property, the number of shares to be issued in payment therefor, and whether such shares are to have a par value or not; the names and addresses of the vendors of the property, the statement of their connection, if any, with the company; the terms of any agreement, verbal or written, with respect to the transfer of the property; full details as to price, all amounts paid or to be paid to each vendor, and if the vendors are Directors of the corporation or stockholders, a statement of the price paid or agreed to be paid by them for the property to be sold to the corporation; and where the stock to be issued for such payment has a par value there must be filed in the Bureau of Corporations an appraisement of the value of the property by two disinterested appraisers, approved in writing by the commissioner, who may also appoint other appraisers.

No stock with a par value may be issued in payment of property purchased or acquired by the corporation to an amount in par value exceeding the value approved by the Commissioner after such appraisement.

Provisions are made for the increase or decrease of the capital stock of a corporation and for other amendments to the articles of association by vote of two-thirds of the stockholders of the corporation. On similar vote the corporation may borrow money, issue bonds and mortgage property, or confer upon the holder of any bond or obligation the right to convert the principal after five years from date of the bonds into stock of the corporation of a designated class.

The approval of the Commissioner of Corporations must be secured before the capital stock can be increased to the amount necessary to provide for such conversion, and this right shall not be given unless the bonds are issued or sold at par or upward, or if for less than par, then not for less than their reasonable market value as ascertained by the Commissioner.

Whenever a corporation shall fail to pay any written obligation at maturity, or if any execution against its property shall be returned unsatisfied, the Commissioner of Corporations shall appoint a special agent to examine into its condition. If this agent reports that the corporation's condition is so unsound as to make its continuance in business contrary to public welfare the Commissioner may appoint a receiver, with the usual powers of chancery receivers. Within thirty days the corporation may apply to the nearest United States court to enjoin the proceedings, and the court may discharge the receiver, and enjoin the corporation's interests from further proceedings.

The real and personal property of corporations are to be subject to State, county, and municipal tax. Incorporation fees are to be paid amounting to one-tenth of 1 per cent. of the total capital up to $10,000,000; one-twentieth of 1 per cent. from $10,000,000 to $20,000,000, and $250 on every million dollars of capital in excess of $20,000,000.

In order not to miss the many notable features in next Sunday's Times it is important to place orders with news dealers to-day.

POPE PIUS REFUSES TO SEE FAIRBANKS

Takes Exception to ex-Vice President Addressing American Methodist Church in Rome.

LATTER PRAISES CATHOLICS

Says Prejudice Has Disappeared—Tells Methodists All Christian Denominations Should Fight Enemy.

ROME, Feb 6.—The visit to Rome of Charles W. Fairbanks, former Vice President of the United States, has brought about a very delicate situation owing to the fact that he wished to pay his respects to both the King and the Pope, and also to address the congregation of the American Methodist Church. Incidents of the kind are not infrequent, and extreme care has to be exercised by those on whom the arrangement of the audiences falls in order to avoid offending the susceptibilities of either the Quirinal or the Vatican.

By a tactful arrangement Mr. Fairbanks's audience with King Victor was fixed for Saturday and that with the Pope for Monday, but when everything seemed satisfactorily planned the Vatican suddenly announced that it would be impossible for His Holiness to receive the former Vice President if he carried out his announced intention of speaking in the Methodist Church, because the Methodists have been active in proselyting among Catholics.

Negotiations were immediately begun with a view to avoiding any unpleasantness and a situation which might give rise to misconceptions, and in these negotiations prominent Vatican officials exerted every influence to remove the difficulties which had so unexpectedly arisen regarding Mr. Fairbanks's audience with the Pope. Mr. Fairbanks finally declared, however, that although he was animated by a strong desire to pay his respects to the head of the Catholic Church, whose followers had played such an important part as good American citizens, he could not withdraw from his promise to deliver an address before the American Methodist Church.

Fairbanks Guest at Dinner.

Mgr. Kennedy, rector of the American College, gave a dinner at noon to-day in honor of Mr. Fairbanks. The hall was decorated with American flags. Among those present were 144 American students, the largest body of Americans that has attended the institution. Mgr. Kennedy offered a toast to the former Vice President, expressing high appreciation of the honor conferred on the college, and said that Mr. Fairbanks was not among strangers, but was in an American house among men proud to be Americans and anxious to return home to labor for the good of their fellow-countrymen.

Mr. Fairbanks toasted the Christian Church, making no distinction of denomination. He declared that the Catholic Church had accomplished great things for God and humanity, while past prejudices against Catholics had entirely disappeared in the United States, for they were ever at the front when the integrity of the country needed to be defended or its dignity upheld.

At the American Methodist Church Mr. Fairbanks's address acquired exceptional importance because of the incident with the Vatican and it is looked upon as his final answer to the conditions imposed upon him relative to his audience with the Pope. During the course of this address he said:

"It is impossible to emphasize too strongly the good work the Christian Church is doing in all lands and among all nationalities. It is gratifying that the American churches established in all countries are asserting a wider influence to-day than ever in their history.

Christianity Fosters Democracy.

"The agitation going on in the political, social, and economic worlds is due to Christianity breaking down castes and prejudices and lifting mankind to a higher plane. The democratic idea which is taking root in political institutions is due to the expanding influence of Christianity.

"All Christian churches are worthy of support. They above all should be inspired by a generous, tolerant spirit toward each other. Nothing is more unseemly than the narrow jealousies which they occasionally manifest toward each other.

"There is room for all. Cease narrow denominational wars and direct your energies toward the common enemy. Let Catholics and Protestants of all denominations vie with each other in carrying forward the work of the Master, which is worthy of the best in them all."

Although, owing to want of time, Mrs. Fairbanks has not been presented to the Queen, an exception has been made in her favor through the special desire of the sovereigns to show courtesy, and she has been invited, together with her husband, to the court ball to-morrow evening.

VESSEL ON FIRE AT SEA.

Wireless Reports Boats Gone, No Signs of Life Aboard.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—A vessel on fire and abandoned at sea was reported to-day by wireless telegraph to the Naval Hydrographic Office. The wireless message came from a merchant vessel whose call signal is "U. Z.," but the name of which could not be identified. The message, in effect, was that the merchantman had passed a green schooner with black board and white stern, with yellow stripe, on fire at sea, in latitude 33.25 north, longitude 73.40 west. Her name in black letters appeared to be George P. Phillips, Delaware. Her boats were gone, and nobody was aboard. A high sea was running at the time. The telegram was signed "Davis."

It appears probable that the burned schooner was the George F. Phillips of Seaford, Del., which sailed from Baltimore on Jan. 23 for Wilmington, N. C., in command of Capt. Gaskins. She carried a crew of four. The vessel was built at Bethel, Del., in 1901, was of 270 gross tonnage, 130.2 feet long and 28.8 feet beam.

So far as reported the crew has not been picked up or landed at any port.

PROCTER WITHDRAWS GIFT TO PRINCETON

Divergence of Opinion Over the Proposed Graduate School Prompts His Action.

HIS OWN EXPLANATION

President Wilson's Ideas Changed, Says the Donor—Whole University Policy Involved in Acceptance.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 6.—William Cooper Procter, member of the firm of Procter & Gamble of this city, who had made an offer of $500,000 to the University of Princeton for a graduate college, said to-night that his offer was withdrawn yesterday, owing to the change made in the plans of President Woodrow Wilson of Princeton.

It is said here that when Mr. Procter first made his offer his ideas on the subject were explained to President Wilson, who agreed to them, and they were afterward adopted by the trustees in a resolution. Since then Dr. Wilson, according to the Cincinnati understanding, has changed his ideas on the subject, and the trustees are divided. This, according to Mr. Procter, led to the withdrawal of the offer yesterday.

Mr. Procter said to-night that he did not know what President Wilson's ideas on the subject were.

PRINCETON, N. J., Feb. 6.—It was rumored here to-day that the offer of $500,000, made last May by William C. Procter, '83, of Cincinnati, for the Graduate College of Princeton University, had been withdrawn by the donor, but none of the university officials would discuss the rumor, the only comment being that no official notice of the withdrawal had reached Princeton. The rumor had gained wide credence, however, and the situation is one of the most critical the university has experienced in years.

The discussion over the Graduate College, in which the gift by Mr. Procter has played a prominent part, has raised some important issues in the university. There are rival conceptions of the proposed Graduate College, but the persons chiefly involved—President Woodrow Wilson and Dean Andrew F. West of the Graduate College—will say nothing for publication, although it is admitted that an academic question of supreme importance is at stake.

Mr. Procter offered the university a donation of $500,000 for a Graduate College, conditional upon an equal sum being raised by May, this year, for the same purpose, and upon the Prospect site for the college being abandoned. An authoritative statement of the further lines upon which Mr. Procter wished his gift to be used has never been made public.

There soon arose however an impression that it was his idea to make of the new building an exclusive residential college. In it the graduate students should live under the eye of a master who, with a sort of advisory cabinet from the Faculty, would have the right to say who should be privileged to live there and who should not be thus privileged. Supposedly a professional school, its members were to be segregated from the general student body, and divided among themselves into still narrower cliques.

A strong working majority of the Faculty at Princeton, including both the newer Preceptors and the older Professors was quickly arrayed against any such disposition of Mr. Procter's gift, which under such conditions was regarded as detrimental to the principles on which the university was established.

It was authoritatively stated at Princeton just previous to the announcement of the gift that neither the Faculty nor Trustees of the university had ever definitely agreed upon the plan for a graduate college conceived along the lines upon which Mr. Procter based his offer. It was said that the so-called prospectus of the graduate college did not emanate from any authoritative source.

A committee appointed to determine Mr. Procter's wishes in the matter was to report next Tuesday to the Board of Trustees. A withdrawal of the gift at this time is taken by many to mean that the committee intended to recommend to the board the rejection of the gift. The first official statement on the questions involved is to be issued by the board on Thursday.

HUGHES SAYS HE MEANS IT.

Writes Assemblyman Green He Absolutely Will Not Accept Renomination.

Gov. Hughes says he intends to quit when his present term is over. In a letter a few days ago to Assemblyman George A. Green, author of the Hinman-Green Direct Primary bill, the Governor stated in emphatic terms that he would not consider a renomination under any circumstances. The letter was read on Saturday night before the Logan Club, of which Mr. Green is President, and seemed to prove a disappointment to many of the members of the club, who had hoped that Mr. Hughes might be prevailed upon to accept a Gubernatorial renomination.

The letter was written by the Governor in response to an invitation to the Logan Club dinner. It said, in part:

"So far as my attitude toward a renomination is concerned, I do not wish to refer to it in such a message as this, as there does not seem to me there would be an occasion for such a reference. I have already publicly stated that I cannot under any circumstances accept a renomination, and I suppose this is understood by the people of the State. Certainly it should be, and I do not see how I could have been more explicit. The current press notes show there has been no misunderstanding. In these circumstances it is unnecessary for me, and I do not wish to have to indulged in any reiteration or further reference to the subject. Of course, you and others who have been so strong in support should realize that there is not the slightest doubt about this matter and that I mean exactly what I have said."

RESCUED 46 AT KEY WEST.

The Alamo Will Land Men Saved from the Kentucky.

KEY WEST, Fla., Feb. 6.—The Alamo, with the crew of the steamship Kentucky, which foundered off the Carolina coast Friday, arrived here at midnight to-night.

Capt. Moore and the forty-five members of the crew of the Kentucky will land here to-morrow.

INDIAN OUTBREAK FEARED.

Colonists in Mexico Report They Are Driving Off Cattle.

EL PASO, Texas, Feb. 6.—According to advices from Chuichupa, Mexico, Indians in that vicinity are in an ugly mood and an uprising is thought probable.

Colonists report a number of cattle driven away by the Indians.

KILLED BY RACE HORSE.

Michigan Politician Walked on Track for Better View of Race.

JACKSON, Mich., Feb. 6.—Norris H. Branch, a prominent merchant of this city and former member of the Michigan Legislature, was knocked down and instantly killed this afternoon by a race horse on the ice course at Vandercook Lake. The race, 2:30 pace, had four horses entered. Three had finished when Branch, wanting a better view, stepped on the track directly in the path of Greenmore, driven by Fred Gowan, and was killed.

REFUSE MISS DE JANON.

Hotels Object to Her Dog Tootsie—She Is Still at Atlantic City.

ATLANTIC CITY, Feb. 6.—Roberta De Janon is still here. She declined today to say if she was going back to Philadelphia in time to testify at the forthcoming hearing of Cohen.

When Miss De Janon and Mrs. George Redford came here they had some trouble in securing accommodation. Miss De Janon had with her her constant companion, the dog Tootsie. Hotel after hotel turned the little party away because of the animal and they were only accepted by the Winsor after they had agreed to take a suite, so that the dog could not annoy the other guests.

SOAP STOPS AN ORANGE SEWER

It Flowed In When a Tank Burst and Must Now Be Cut Out.

The bursting of a tank of soap in a factory at Orange, N. J., has given the Sewer Department of that city a hard job. Tons of half-manufactured soap got into the pipes, and as they cooled stopped the mains completely.

For a mile from the factory men are working day and night at each sewer manhole, trying to extract the soap. It is as hard as if it had been dried for weeks, and can be taken out of the pipes only in hard lumps. Unless the Sewer Department makes rapid progress it is feared the health of the city will be injured.

BABIES ARRIVING TOO FAST.

Settlement of Hargadine Estate Held Up by Their Constant Advent.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 6.—Babies are arriving so fast in the homes of heirs of the late William A. Hargadine, one of the millionaire founders of the Hargadine-McKittrick Dry Goods Company, that lawyers and the courts are wondering whether the estate ever will be settled.

Several hundred thousand dollars' worth of real estate is being held in trust to be turned into cash for the beneficiaries, but babies have persistently interposed legal obstacles.

These cherubs have not only defied the courts and lawyers by their advent, but have thwarted the plans of their Trustee, who has been striving for three years to get a court settlement. Each time a petition has been filed, however, the announcement of a birth in the family has called all legal process to a halt, for under the law no estate can be settled without entering the appearance of every heir.

SMITH GIRLS LIVE CHEAPLY.

Experiment of Living on $2 a Week Being Thoroughly Tried.

Special to The New York Times.

NORTHAMPTON, Mass., Feb. 6.—Fifteen young girls, Smith College students, living in Tenney House, are showing how it is possible to go through college on $2 a week.

By a club system through which each girl does her own cooking, her own laundering, and takes care of her room, these maidens have set themselves the novel task of proving that $2 a week is amply sufficient for the needs of the young woman who really desires an education, and that every cent spent over and above that sum means luxury for the young American girl who is pursuing a college course.

The students at this dormitory entertain frequently, several of them are leaders in the college, in the fraternities, and other organizations, and all of them take part in the regular college life.

CHEAPER TO TRAVEL SOUTH.

Average Expense for Lodging and Meals One-Fourth That of New York.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The difference in the cost of living for the traveling employes of the Department of Agriculture in the different sections of the country has been shown in testimony just submitted to the House Committee on Expenditure in the Department of Agriculture by Chief Disbursing Officer Zappone of that department.

"In the South the expense for lodging and meals, as shown by their sworn expense statements, averages between $1 and $2.50 a day, in the Far West $2 and $3.50, in the Central West $3.50, and in the East $4 to $6. In New York, Boston, and other large cities it is very difficult for them to obtain satisfactory accommodations—room and meals—within $5."

DYNAMITE KILLS SEVEN.

Motorman Tries to Rush Past Blast—Car and Passengers Blown Up.

PHOENIX, Ariz., Feb. 6.—Heedless of the warning of a foreman in charge of excavating operations along the line of the private motor road from Kelvin to the Ray copper mines, the motorman of a gasoline car containing six passengers ran his machine close to the spluttering fuse of a heavy charge of dynamite today and the car and its seven occupants were blown to atoms.

The dead are J. B. Joyce, A. S. Bieber, J. C. Griffin, all civil engineers employed by the Ray Consolidated Copper Company; R. P. Coleman of Salt Lake City, W. H. Freeland and Walter C. Frenz, mining engineers employed by Henry Krumb and engaged in sampling the development work at the Ray mines, and W. H. Lyalle, motorman of the car.

The foreman had discovered a missed shot in the excavation at noon, and before the motor car came in sight he had relighted the fuse. As the car appeared he signaled the motorman and warned him of the impending explosion. Motorman Lyalle, evidently believing he could take his car past the charge to safety before the explosion, paid no heed to the warning and started again at full speed.

Just as the car was passing the charge the explosion came and the car and its load of human freight was blown high in the air amid a great cloud of débris.

CHANTECLER STAGED; ITS POETRY ADMIRED

Special Audience Applauds Fine Verse and Setting, but Enthusiasm Is Lacking.

PUBLIC IS LIKELY TO JEER

Simulation of Animals Not Entirely Successful—Climax Is Unconvincing—Guitry and Coquelin Act Well.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Monday, Feb. 7.—"Chantecler," so long heralded, so much discussed in partial ignorance of what it really is, was presented last night in dress rehearsal before an audience of the elect at the Porte Saint Martin Theatre. It received abundant applause, but applause which was lacking in enthusiastic warmth, and was chiefly a recognition of its poetic and spectacular qualities.

The piece is almost wholly without dramatic interest and is full of speeches that seem interminable. It is rather doubtful whether an audience of only ordinary culture would have sat through the performance, lasting from 9 o'clock till 1 o'clock in the morning, without jeering. Possibly the superb stage pictures, on a tremendous scale of proportion, and the wonderful costumes would have held them in respect, but I can hardly believe it.

Of the simulation of animals it might be said that the illusion produced was at once too faithful and not faithful enough. On the one hand, the faces of the actors were seen too distinctly; on the other, one was puzzled at moments when they were not thus seen to tell whence the voices came.

After the novelty of the spectacular effects had somewhat lessened the interest of the piece dragged sadly. The last act was a singularly fantastic scene between Chantecler, the Frogs, and the Nightingale with the Rabbits, the Spider, the Woodpecker, and the Dog as witnesses, but the final climax, which consists in the despair of Chantecler on discovering that he does not cause the sun to rise, is entirely devoid of tragic reality.

The acting of Lucien Guitry as Chantecler and Jean Coquelin as the Dog was excellent, but Mme. Simone, as the Hen-pheasant, seemed perfunctory and cold.

By The Associated Press.

PARIS, Feb. 6.—The dress rehearsal of Edmond Rostand's "Chantecler" at the Porte St. Martin Theatre to-night, in the presence of a remarkable audience, comprising the élite of the literary, artistic, and dramatic world of Paris, as well as other European capitals, was an artistic success of the first magnitude, the exquisite verse being up to the finest traditions of the author's poetic genius.

The brilliancy of the first act, which was preceded by a charming prologue, delivered by Jean Coquelin, preparing the audience for the atmosphere of the piece, fairly set the theatre mad with enthusiasm. The second and third acts, which were somewhat tedious, were less favorably received.

In the last act, however, enthusiasm was revived to the greatest extent. There were five calls after the curtain fell, but M. Rostand himself did not appear. M. Guitry, who took the part of Chantecler, stepped before the curtain and simply expressed his thanks.

The piece was wonderfully staged and the plot thrilling. Guitry, Mme. Simone; Le Bargy, the Hen-pheasant; Gallipaux, the Blackbird, and Jean Coquelin, the Dog, carried off the honors.

The secret of the many delays incident to the presentation of the play is now explained by the changes made at the end. The Hen-pheasant, after vainly trying to induce Chantecler, whom she has enticed to the forest, to prolong the night thirty-six hours during their nuptials, betrays him, and he returns to the barnyard to his faithful hens.

The critics generally consider that the brilliancy of the verse surpasses even "Cyrano," if that is possible, but the artistic note is struck so high that they doubt whether the play will be a popular success after curiosity has worn off.

It is rumored that Rostand himself will play the rôle of Chantecler at the benefit to be given for the flood sufferers.

Rostand's "Chantecler" is unique among plays in the fact that no human character appears in it. The dramatis personae are fowls, birds, and animals, and as they are necessarily as large as the men and women who enact the parts, everything which appears on the stage is on a corresponding scale. Chantecler, the hero, is filled with illusions about his place in the world. He imagines that the sun rises because he has crowed.

The first act opens with the sun rising on a barnyard. A mountainous manure pile is on one side of the stage. A fence, which seems immense because it is in proportion, separates the yard from a road, beyond which is a forest background. To the right a wooden shoe, forgotten by the farmer's wife, is of the size it would appear to the cock, and near by a chair completes the scale illusion, its legs, which alone are seen, being eight yards high.

In the centre of the stage, with his companions of the barnyard grouped around him, Chantecler hails the sun, whose first rays gild the scene, in a hymn full of the poet's lyric magnificence. On the manure pile perches the Blackbird, jealous of the cock, and breaking into his noble sentiments with jibes and puns after the manner of Cyrano. The Dog is the droll moralizer of the piece. Chantecler falls in love with a beautiful Hen-pheasant, who is wooed by a Fighting Cock.

The second act is the scenic gem of the piece, showing the upper branches of a blasted pine in the heart of a forest, the human-sized birds perched in the branches. The Owl calls the roll of the Birds of the Night, each, as his name is called, answering and opening two luminous eyes, which shine in the semi-obscurity of the stage, green, yellow, or blood-red. These birds declaim the Hymn of the Night and afterward conspire together to rid themselves of their archenemy, Chantecler. With him gone they believe the sunlight will be forever quenched, and they will be masters forevermore.

In the third act Chantecler learns of the conspiracy of the Night-Birds, and fights a duel with his false friend, the Game-Cock, killing him despite his steel gaffs and redoubtable skill. This is the beginning of the end for Chantecler. The treachery of his friend poisons his optimism. The Hen-pheasant, the prize of the combat, offers the consolation of her love in a fine outburst, and then draws his head under her wing and bids him sleep.

The fourth act, as originally written, finds Chantecler, wooed by love, awakening only after the sun has risen.

"And I have not crowed," he cries.

The dream of his life, all his belief in his wondrous power, crumbles. So he was not the Ruler of the Sun. All the tenderness of the Hen-pheasant cannot bring back the lost illusion. His hens do not know it. The birds of the night still believe in him. He has his followers and his enemies as before. The sun still rises when he, Chantecler, crows. If the Dog doubts, he is silent. But the iron that has entered his soul is the death of the glorious Chantecler.

Rostand, in an interview, explains the history of his conception of "Chantecler."

"In 1901," said he, "while taking a walk in the outskirts of Cambo I was passing a humble farm when I suddenly stopped before the barnyard. It was just an ordinary barnyard, containing the usual pigeon-loft, wire nettings, manure pile, and, within, the animals, hens, ducks, guinea fowl, geese, turkeys, a cat asleep, a dog wandering about; in brief, a very common spectacle.

"I watched with interest, when suddenly in stalked the cock. He entered proudly, boldly, like a ruler, with disdain in his eye, and a certain rhythmic movement of the head which produced the irresistible impression of a hero. He advanced like a buccaneer, like a man in quest of adventure, a king among his subjects. In a flash I saw in this spectacle a play. I returned to the barnyard many times, and rapidly the framework of the play was constructed in my mind."

PLAN REPRISALS ON FLOOD.

Only a Tip from Those Higher Up Kept Down Excise Arrests in Bronx.

Seldom have the rank and file of the Police Department been so stirred over the action of a superior as are the patrolmen attached to precincts in the Bronx, under the Inspectorship of John Flood. It was from the Westchester station in the Bronx that Mounted Policemen Keenan and Cunningham were transferred to patrol duty in the Eldridge and Madison Street Stations immediately after they had arrested bartenders in three saloons for violation of the excise law.

Commissioner Baker made the transfers on the recommendation of Inspector Flood. What "the good and sufficient reasons" for these transwers were have not been made public. The Commissioner has intimated that many policemen in the Bronx are not in sympathy with Inspector Flood's methods, but the policemen can't see why that should prevent their making excise arrests.

It was admitted by many policemen last night that word had gone out to make as many excise arrests as possible as a sort of expression of sympathy for Keenan and Cunningham. The fact that only four arrests were made yesterday was explained by one saloon keeper, who said:

"The tip went out last night to every liquor dealer in the Bronx who is 'in right' to keep tightly shut to-day. And you can bet the tip was followed. It came from mighty high up in the Police Department."

Whether the tip went out or not, every outgoing platoon of policemen received orders yesterday to watch out for excise violations and to make arrests. Inspector Flood admonished the men of his private staff to be especially careful. There were few violations discovered though.

Saloons which had been "running wide open" for months, were closed tight yesterday, and while it was not impossible to get a drink in the Bronx, it was a matter of considerable difficulty.

The persons arrested were John Cericola, bartender for Mrs. Anna Jegomitz of 489 College Avenue; Otto Wollstadt, bartender for Louis Boehm of 597 Courtland Avenue; Savoie Sorizi, bartender for Robert McMahon of 617 East 187th Street, and Charles McNally, proprietor of a saloon at 1,216 Olmstead Avenue, Westchester.

MANY SAILORS CAN'T SWIM.

Admiral Schroeder Orders Them to Learn at Guantanamo Bay.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Attention is directed in an official report by Rear Admiral Schroeder, in command of the Atlantic fleet now engaged in practice manoeuvres in Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, to the remarkable fact that more than 2,500 men in the fleet cannot swim. In a brief report of the fleet's operations during the last week, made by Admiral Schroeder by wireless to the Navy Department, the Commander says instructions were held for the men who are not at home in the water.

Efficiency Class for Office Boys.

A "Personal Efficiency" class for office boys will be opened by the West Side Young Men's Christian Association, 318 West Fifty-seventh Street, in a few days. The course aims at developing the boy's dormant powers, and at pointing out the way to personal, social, and business success. The lectures will be given by Irving E. Vining.

CHIVALRY NOT DEAD, SAYS MISS HESLER

Believes American Men Generally Would Uphold Auld and Robnett for Defending Her.

MRS. COWLES'S ADVENTURE

Knew Nobody in Washington When She Went to Demand Trial—Was Aided by Admiral Cowles.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Feb. 6.—"Every real, true American man resents any freedom taken with a woman's name. I believe that American chivalry is just as active and real as was the old-time chivalry of centuries ago." Such is the view of Miss Dorothy Hesler, the young Chicago girl, who was one of the chief figures in the court-martial of Paymaster Auld.

"The service is where the ideal side of life is most emphasized," she went on. "Consequently things which are not according to the code stand out all the more conspicuously. A man cannot honorably stand by and hear another man use a woman's name lightly or know that she is being annoyed without resenting it. Surely all American men are like that.

"The court-martial has been awfully unpleasant, but our great anxiety was to see Mr. Auld and Dr. Robnett vindicated. When we knew that the case was to come up for trial it about made us sick, but we knew that the only thing to do was to come on here and do what we could to help them, and my mother and I started right away.

"I can't see how they can find them guilty, and I am sure that as men and officers of the navy the judges cannot blame Mr. Auld and Dr. Robnett. I look for a complete vindication. The whole matter has been so unpleasant from beginning to end we will all be glad when it is over."

Mrs. Hesler, the mother, believes vindication was the only possible verdict for the court-martial.

"It has been dreadful in a way," she said. "We have hated the notoriety of it all, and I felt that the only honorable thing we could do was to come here that we might do what we could to help Mr. Auld and Dr. Robnett. Their vindication means more than any temporary unpleasantness we may feel at being brought into the case. That these young men should be vindicated is undoubted. Surely any one who knows of the affair must realize that."

Mrs. Florence Cowles, wife of Dr. Edward S. Cowles, to-day told for the first time of her trip to Washington, which led to the court-martial.

"I felt that I could do more in Washington for my husband than he could do," said Mrs. Cowles. "A woman can often go where a man would fail. I did not know anybody in Washington, but I felt sure that I would get a chance to present my case and that if I got an opportunity the matter would come to trial.

"How did I get in to see Senator Lodge and Secretary Meyer? I just walked in. I first went to see Secretary Meyer. He was at a Cabinet meeting. His private secretary did not ask me my business, I simply gave him my name and he made an appointment for me. At the appointed time I saw Mr. Meyer. What Secretary Meyer told me came out in the testimony in court.

"In brief, he told me that he thought it was too scandalous to bring out in court-martial proceedings, that Admiral Swift was a friend of his, and that he cared to do nothing further about the matter.

"Then I went to see Senator Lodge. I walked up to his secretary and told him I wanted to see the Senator. 'Certainly,' he said, 'walk right in.'"

"Did you tell him your business?"

"Oh, no, the Senator was out and the Secretary made an appointment for me. I went at the appointed time and saw the Senator. He heard my story and told me what I have already repeated in testimony. He said he would see that something was done about the attack on my husband, and that afternoon I got word that the case would come to trial. Senator Lodge was extremely kind. He is a splendid man, and from my acquaintance with him I feel that any Massachusetts citizen would get the same treatment I got.

"It was just two days after I had reached Washington that I learned my mission was accomplished. It was much speedier than I had anticipated.

"A curious thing happened to me while I was waiting to make an appointment to see the Secretary of the Navy. A rather young man walked into the office and asked for Mr. Meyer.

"When he went out the Secretary asked me if I knew who that was. 'That is a namesake of yours,' said he. 'That is Admiral Cowles.' I introduced myself to the Admiral a few minutes later and told him my story. Late that afternoon he called me up on the telephone and told me that he had spent the whole morning hunting through the department records and finally examining the evidence. Later he had presented the papers to Secretary Meyer. The Admiral told me that the papers had never been brought to his attention before.

"Admiral Cowles told me we were related—that he came from the Northern branch of the family, while Dr. Cowles came from the Southern branch, from the homestead in Virginia. He was perfectly angelic to me, and from what he told me I became more fully convinced than ever that the matter had been buried, for if it had been brought to the attention of the department he would have known it.

"What did I think of the trial of Paymaster Auld? Well, I did not know much about the law in the matter in the first day. Though we were the real plaintiffs we did not have a fair chance. We could not cross-examine the witnesses, nor could we offer testimony to contradict some of the ridiculous stories told about my husband.

"On the second day I began to see more light. At each question I talked as fast as I could, and got in a good deal of testimony that would help our case before I was stopped. I was trying to get in the good things which I could not have got in except by talking fast, because every time they saw me about to do it they stopped me."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Paymaster Auld's father, Joseph Auld, who is in Washington, said to-night he would not hesitate to take the case of his son to the United States Supreme Court if such a course be necessary.

"I will not discuss the case further," he said, "than to say I am here to see that my son gets fair play. I have received no intimation as to what the finding of the court-martial is, and it would be absurd for me to assume it is adverse before it is made public."

Although Mr. Auld declined to commit himself on this question it is believed that the first steps will be taken in the District Supreme Court in case of an adverse verdict.

"There is no doubt," said a naval official to-day, "that the civil courts have a right to review the procedure of military courts if there be danger of grave injustice being committed. But the exact procedure in this case is one for lawyers to determine."

The arrival of the paymaster's father in Washington yesterday caused many rumors regarding the courtmartial. Mr. Auld held a brief interview with Assistant Secretary of the Navy Winthrop yesterday, and will see him again to-morrow. It is believed the Judge Advocate General will place the sealed findings in Mr. Winthrop's hands to-morrow morning, and Mr. Auld, who is editor and owner of a newspaper in Burlington, Vt., will remain in the city until the verdict is made public. It is probable he will make arrangements for the legal proceedings before he departs.

WOMAN DETECTIVE FREED.

Magistrate Denounces Men Who Arrested Dental Association's Agent.

In discharging from custody Mrs. Ida Kelsey, a detective employed by the New York State Dental Association, Magistrate Butts, in Harlem Court yesterday, denounced Ralph Rajette, proprietor of "Wagner's Dental Parlors," in upper Third Avenue, and Detective Scheuing of the Bronx Detective Bureau for what he termed deliberate falsehood in presenting a case against the woman.

The Magistrate told Mrs. Kelsey that she was honorably discharged, and that he regretted she was confined in Police Headquarters all Saturday night while her six-months-old son lay at her home uncared for.

Saturday night Scheuing arrested Mrs. Kelsey in a drug store in West 145th Street on a charge of extortion preferred by Rajette, and when he locked her up in Police Headquarters he presented as evidence a marked $10 bill, which he said the woman "extorted from Rajette for protection."

Yesterday in court Rajette said he wanted to withdraw the charge.

"You will do nothing of the kind," exclaimed the Magistrate. "You make a serious charge against this woman, and then desire to drop it in this way? I will not tolerate such a procedure."

Rajette then said Mrs. Kelsey visited his dental parlors a few days ago, and, after paying a deposit of 75 cents on a cap for a tooth that was to cost $5, departed. She met Rajette several times at night, he said, and on Saturday entered his place and told him that she was a detective employed by the New York State Dental Association; that he had been working as a dentist without a diploma, and that if he would give her some money she would not have him arrested.

"But I had 'gotten wise' as to who she was," Rajette said, "and was ready for her. I gave her a $10 bill bearing my initials, as the detective had instructed me, and when she took it he arrested her."

Scheuing corroborated this.

Mrs. Kelsey then testified that when she found the dental parlors were operated by Rajette she went to see him and had a tooth "treated" by him. She said on her first visit he put cotton saturated with some chemical in her tooth and told her to come back again.

She said that when she asked Rajette what his name was he told her that he was "Dr. Jack Brownley." She agreed to meet him again, and had an appointment at his office for Saturday night. When she entered, she said, Rejette suddenly approached her and said, "You have been so kind to me, I want to do something for you; here take this," and thrust a ten-dollar bill at her. It fell to the floor, and Scheuing ran in and grabbed the bill and her too.

A representative of the Dental Association said that Mrs. Kelsey was well thought of by her employers, and that her arrest would not affect her standing in the least. He described her as an honest and efficient detective.

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JUST now, when out-door recreations are so limited, the advantages of the PIANOLA Piano, as an *all-the-year-round* means of entertainment, are emphasized. Stormy days and bleak winter evenings lose their dreariness in homes where there is a

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There is nothing "automatic" about the PIANOLA Piano. Even with the earliest models, critics declared their inability to tell from an adjoining room whether the playing was being done by hand or by perforated music-roll. Later improvements have been all in the direction of making the performance *more human* and *more artistic.*

The *Metrostyle,* for example, shows exactly when and how to introduce those little touches of expression which give the performance interest and individuality.

Another vitally important improvement is the *Themodist* which brings out the theme or melody notes. The Graduated Accompaniment and the Sustaining Pedal Device are still other features that help to make such a strong distinction between a performance on the PIANOLA Piano and any of its imitators.

The *human quality,* the *artistic effect*—these are the considerations that decide whether a Player-piano shall be classed as a mere toy or as a serious musical instrument. And it is precisely because the PIANOLA Piano excels in these features that it has met with such remarkable success and continues to dominate every market in the world.

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ATTACK THE RECORD OF MISS GRANGER

Not So Well Qualified as Other Teachers, Say Opponents, to Be District Superintendent.

THE BOARD TRIES STRATEGY

Sets the Election Ahead Two Days, but the Women's Committee of One Hundred Finds It Out.

They were working like beavers down at the headquarters of the Committee of One Hundred on the Improvement of Conditions of the Schools, at 2 Rector Street, last midnight, for they had heard that certain men on the Board of Education had attempted a piece of strategy in the way of calling a special meeting for to-day to elect a successor to District Supt. Evangeline E. Whitney, who died recently. The women leaders of the committee had been led to believe that this would not be attempted until Wednesday.

This particular Committee of One Hundred, of which Helen Hoy-Greeley is Chairman, and Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont a prominent member, is made up altogether of women, none of them being teachers. A large number of the members are suffragists, and they approve of the fight for equal pay for equal work regardless of sex.

A few weeks ago Supt. Evangeline E. Whitney died, and a movement was started to fill the vacancy with another woman. According to some of the members of the Interborough Teachers' Association, the organized women teachers, they had reason to believe that the Board of Education, because it is vexed at the women teachers for their equal-pay fight, would by no means put in a woman.

The women got to work. A number of names were put forward. Such pressure was brought to bear upon both the Board of Superintendents, which nominates the District Superintendents, and the Board of Education, which elects them, that the Board of Superintendents was afraid to nominate a man. What did they do? The following letter, a copy of which will reach every member of the Board of Education this morning, explains:

Sir: Understanding that the call for the stated meeting of the Board of Education to be held Monday, Feb. 7, at 4 P. M., contained notice that the election of a District Superintendent to succeed the late Evangeline E. Whitney would be moved we wish to submit certain facts for your consideration.

For the office of District Superintendent made vacant by the death of Miss Whitney, nearly a score of persons eligible for the position have applied. Their names are as follows: Thomas O. Baker, Katherine D. Blake, Mary L. Brady, Mary A. Conlon, Winifred Cullen, Clara C. Calkins, George Germann, Annie B. Moriarty, Mary A. McAleer, Margaret F. O'Connell, Arthur C. Perry, Emma Walker.

Upon this list the name of Miss Ruth E. Granger of Brooklyn does not appear because, as we are informed by a letter from Miss Granger herself, she has not made application for the position. Despite this fact, however, and despite the further fact that Miss Granger's qualifications in point of educational equipment and teaching experience, length of service, and merit are patently inferior to those of half a dozen of the actual candidates, the Board of Superintendents has made Miss Granger its sole nominee for this position.

Whether or not this selection is made in utter disregard of the State Constitution and the City Charter of course only the courts can determine, but for your convenience in verifying our statements we append hereto a schedule of the comparative qualifications of the candidates and Miss Granger derived from the candidates' letters of application to the Board of Superintendents and from Dr. Maxwell's letter of recommendation of Miss Granger transmitted to you upon her nomination.

The considerations which could have induced the nomination of Miss Granger have been the subject of much speculation on the part of a large public and the whole teaching force, and unfortunately the only inference that seems to have been drawn is that Miss Granger's nomination was made as a rebuke to those women teachers who, in opposition to the Board of Education's wishes, have been contending for salary for position instead of sex, and as a reward to Miss Granger for her attacks of the past ten years upon the efficiency and financial deserts of power.

Miss Granger has publicly denied women's fitness for the higher positions in the schools and their right to the same salary as men, even when doing the same work.

Whether or not this deplorable inference be correct, it is an obvious fact that by what they consider "a new insult" on the part of their superiors, 15,000 women teachers have been thrown into a state of turmoil and indignation, the unfortunate effects of which upon the half million children in the schools and upon two sets of the city's servants, themselves and your honorable board, must not be underestimated.

A further serious question is one of the expediency of placing in a position of authority and supervision over a thousand subordinates, one precluded at the outset from commanding either their confidence or their sympathy; one with whose views of their economic position, advancement, and welfare they so radically differ.

It is for your members on Monday to decide whether the wasteful friction of the past few years between yourselves and the city's teaching force shall be continued and aggravated by your confirmation of Miss Granger's seemingly unwarranted nomination, or whether the welfare of the school system shall be considered and conserved by the adoption of a wiser policy.

In the interests then of all concerned, the city's children, the teachers and yourselves, and in the interests of that simple justice which compels consideration of candidates solely upon merit and fitness, we urge your rejection of Miss Granger's nomination. Yours respectfully,

HELEN HOY-GREELEY.
Chairman of Committee of One Hundred on the Improvement of Conditions in the Schools.

Along with the letter to the board it sent the records of Miss Granger and six others, all of them standing above her in service and scholarship, it was declared.

Miss Granger is not a member of the Interborough Teachers' Association. Her opponents say that she was the only woman who has argued against equal pay. If elected to be a District Superintendent she will receive $5,000 a year, the same salary as is paid to men Superintendents.

The Committee of One Hundred is not committed to any one candidate, said Mrs. Hoy-Greeley, but it thinks that Miss Katherine D. Blake, who "drew and sent to Albany the first draft of the bill afterward known as the Ahearn bill, which was the first attempt ever made to obtain just salary schedules for the New York City teachers," and has served as President of the Association of Women Principals of New York and Chairman of the Committee on Children's Welfare of the Association of Women Principals, would make a good District Superintendent.

TO PROMOTE ARBITRATION.

Society for the Judicial Settlement of International Disputes Organized.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 6.—The American Society for the Judicial Settlement of International Disputes was organized to-night at the residence of Theodore Marburg. It will devote itself principally to issuing articles by leading men of all countries on subjects indicated by the title of the organization, and to organizing meetings of National scope in various parts of this country from time to time, with a view to educating the people as to the desirability of promoting the peace of the world by settling points of international controversy in the same general way in which differences between individuals are now settled.

President Taft sent a letter in which he said: "There is no other single way in which the cause of peace and disarmament can be so effectively promoted as by the firm establishment of a permanent international court of justice."

P. C. Knox, Secretary of State, wrote: "By the settlement of controversies susceptible of judicial determination before they have reached an acute stage the causes of war would be minimized and a first step taken toward the gradual decrease of armament."

Senator Root, formerly Secretary of State, said in a letter: "I beg to say to your guests that I sympathize very strongly with their object, and believe that the proposed organization is adapted to render a great public service."

Senator Burton of Ohio wrote: "The settlement of controversies between nations in the same general manner as between individuals must be the adopted policy in promoting the cause of peace and preventing wars."

Officers elected to serve for the first year were Dr. James Brown Scott, President; John Hays Hammond, (who it is intended will succeed to the Presidency next year,) Vice President; J. G. Schmidlapp of Cincinnati, Treasurer; Theodore Marburg, Secretary, and an Advisory

EDISON CAR SUCCEEDS IN TEST

Railway Men Pleased After a Long Trip Up First Avenue.

The Beach battery car, equipped with the Edison storage batteries, which is offered to solve the problem of relieving the rush hours and to supplant horse cars without compelling the construction of expensive underground circuit, was tested yesterday by officials of the Central Park, North and East River Railroad Company.

Officials and invited guests were passengers on the trip, which began from the car barn at Fifty-fourth Street and Tenth Avenue, and continued north to Fifty-ninth Street. The car then crossed on Fifty-ninth Street to First Avenue and continued north to 125th Street. The route was retraced to the starting point.

R. H. Beach of 10 Fifth Avenue demonstrated the car. Mr. Beach is connected with the Edison Company and is the constructor of the new car. When Mr. Edison was convinced that the batteries would be successful he asked Mr. Beach to devise a car. It took Mr. Beach two years to work out the details of the new car.

The car, which was built in the Edison works, weighs only about one-half as much as the large new cars used on the main lines in the city. As a result, the power consumption of the new car, it is asserted, is only about one-half that of the larger cars. The batteries can be charged in the maximum time of seven hours, and the car has then sufficient energy to run 100 miles, or an ordinary day's run of a city trolley car, it is stated.

Among those who made the trial trip were James A. McDonald, President of the line; A. J. Hemphill, President of the Guarantee Trust Company, who is also Vice President of the line; George L. Linch, General Manager, and ex-Senator Clark of Montana. All of them seemed highly pleased with the performance of the car. The ride went smoothly and without the least trouble. The steep hill on First Avenue, south of Ninetieth Street, was taken without the least difficulty, and whenever the track ahead was clear the car developed a speed equal to that of any other electric car.

Vice President Hemphill said he was very much pleased with the car. He said that the company would make tests under all possible weather conditions in the course of the next month, and if the car gives the satisfaction promised it will replace the horse cars owned by the Central Park, North & East River Railway Company.

General Manager Linch, who had tested the car on a previous occasion, said that some minor improvements would be necessary, but that the problem of a storage battery car was solved. The Edison Company, he said, was prepared to deliver cars within ninety days after an order, and if the company should decide for the new car the horse cars under its control would disappear from the city within the next four months.

Mr. Beach said that Mr. Edison had no interest in the car beyond the fact that his new storage battery was being used. A company was about to be formed which would make the new cars.

CAUGHT BY EX-GENDARME.

Imposato's Ruse Fooled Blackhanders Who Threatened His Friend.

The cleverness of a former gendarme of Italy last night resulted in the arrest of two Italians, who, the police charge, extorted $500 from Joseph Ferraro, a rich Italian, living at 63 Central Avenue, Brooklyn, threatening the lives of him and members of his family.

In all seven letters were received by Ferraro. Here is one of them:

> Your house will be blown up and your business and friends destroyed. Maybe we will first of all carry off your daughter, and then you and your wife and family will be killed. That is unless you pay us $500 at once. Do not tell the police or anybody but bring the money to a house in Liberty Avenue, East New York, where our men will meet you. Do not fail us or everybody you love will die—you first.

Ferraro noticed suspicious-looking Italians hanging around near his home day and night. His wife was prostrated with fear, and fled to the home of a friend, taking her daughter with her. Ferraro confided in only one man, and that was his closest friend, Anthony Inposato of 664 Liberty Avenue, East New York. Inposato was formerly a gendarme in Italy. He advised Ferraro to meet the agents at a house a few doors from Inposato's home.

The agents were there, and a twenty-dollar bill was passed to them by Ferraro, who begged for further time to pay the balance of $480. The men agreed, and then the ex-gendarme proposed that all drink to the health of the Black Hand Society. He led the way into his home, a few doors away, and, getting out a decanter of Italian wine, again proposed the toast to the Black Hand. As the visitors raised their glasses the former gendarme, watching closely for his opportunity, pulled a revolver from one of his overcoat pockets.

He ordered the men to throw up their hands and back up against the wall. They were taken completely by surprise and made no resistance. Inposato then turned his prisoners over to the police. The prisoners said they were Gaspar Ciaravina of 259 Sackman Street and Vincent Bilella of Powell and Pacific Streets.

COLDEST NIGHT YET FILLS FREE LODGINGS

Continued from Page 1.

grees, but fell steadily. At 8 o'clock to-night it showed 11 degrees, and an hour and a half later had fallen 4 degrees.

BUFFALO, Feb. 6.—Three degrees below zero was registered at the Weather Bureau at 8 o'clock to-night, the lowest temperature recorded here in several years. A slight fall of snow accompanied the drop in the barometer.

One fisherman was frozen to death and two others believed to have met a similar fate are missing. Pushing a sled with the stiff body of Herman Snyder in it, Frank P. Preston, another fisherman, returned to shore this afternoon. Snyder died soon after. He had been found lying in his sled with his dogs two miles out on Lake Erie by Preston.

UTICA, Feb. 6.—This section is in the grip of another cold spell, which threatens to be the worst of the Winter. Thermometers in Utica ranged from 12 to 14 degrees below zero late to-night, and it is believed to be growing colder.

At Fulton Chain to-night at 11 o'clock 30 below was reported. It is 14 below at Richfield Springs, and 20 below at Camden. The train service is demoralized and trains entering Utica are from three to six hours late.

ELMIRA, N. Y., Feb. 6.—At midnight the thermometer here registered 10 degrees below zero.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Feb. 6.—To-day has been the coldest of the season in this section. At 7 o'clock the thermometers here registered from 4 to 10 below, while in the country they were from 10 to 18. A strong wind blew all day, but died down to-night.

MARGARETVILLE, N. Y., Feb. 6.—A blizzard is raging to-day in the Catskills, and while no great amount of snow has fallen it is by far the worst day of the Winter in this section of the country. The roads are drifted deep and the thermometer at noon registered several degrees zelow zero.

INTERLAKEN, N. Y., Feb. 6.—An old-fashioned blizzard prevailed here all day, blowing a gale of fine snow which drifted badly. The mercury stood at 1 below zero this morning, and didn't go more than 4 above all day.

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 6.—What promises to be the coldest weather of the season is being experienced here to-night. At midnight the mercury was 2 degrees below zero and a piercing northwest wind was blowing.

ICY GALE ON THE COAST.

Steamer Anchored Close to Atlantic City—Fishing Smacks Feel It.

ATLANTIC CITY, Feb. 6.—Life savers of the Atlantic City stations are trying to ascertain the name of a big tramp steamer which ran close to the coast and anchored just before dark. The steamer did not fly signals of distress, and the life savers believe that the vessel anchored to ride out the gale. No attempt has been made to reach her through the heavy surf, which would swamp the lifeboat.

The temperature is hovering around zero along the coast, which is in the grip of the sudden cold wave. Several fishing smacks which left for the banks last night may be blown hundreds of miles out

5,000 OF THE NEEDY GET SULLIVAN SHOES

Bowery Derelicts Shiver in Line for Hours, Waiting to be Served at the Annual Distribution.

THE LAME FITTED FIRST

The "Champion Uncle Sam," "King of the Keg Tappers," and Many Other Noted Bowery Types Seen in Line.

Five thousand ragged men of all ages, representing every known Bowery type, shivered in the bitter cold yesterday afternoon waiting their turn to get a pair of shoes and a pair of socks that on Feb. 6 of each year "Big Tim" Sullivan gives to the "down and out" of the city. The line was several blocks long, extending north and south along the Bowery, the centre of the line being in front of the Sullivan Clubhouse, at 207 Bowery, on the second floor of which the "big fellow's" lieutenants handed out the shoes and socks to those in need.

The distribution began at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, and was still going on at 9 o'clock last night, the number of those holding tickets entitling them to partake of the Sullivan charity being slightly in excess of 5,500. In the ragged line were old men who could hardly walk, young men whose faces showed the effects of extreme dissipation, Bowery characters such as the "Champion Uncle Sam," Johnny Binks, the first negro pugilist who ever fought in New York; "Bill the Bum," who has been hanging around the Bowery for more than twenty years; "Kid" Diamond, who said he used to be an actor, and so on all down the line.

The shoes were strongly made of black leather, and each pair was in a box, on the top of which was printed, "With the compliments of Timothy D. Sullivan." The socks were warm and thick, too. The distributing counter was in the east end of the hall, and above the piles of shoes and socks there was an oil painting of "Big Tim" and the late "Little Tim" Sullivan. In the picture "Little Tim" was standing, with his hand resting on "Big Tim's" shoulder.

"Johnny" Fitzgerald, "Little Tim's" successor as Tammany leader of the Third Assembly District, was in charge of the distribution. Assisting him were Alderman John J. White, who succeeded "Little Tim" as Alderman; Police Lieutenant Mike Summers, who bossed the line; Harry Applebaum, Joe Dunn, President of the Larry Mulligan Association; Nick White, and Baker Calvert.

The mercury was near the zero mark all the time the column was in line, and the condition of some of those who were far back and who had to stand in line for hours was pitiful. They stood there with big tears, caused by the biting northwest wind that was sweeping up the Bowery, shivering and cursing the man in front because he did not move forward faster.

The lame and the blind were first admitted to the distributing hall. Johnny Fitzgerald and a corps of assistants went out and picked these unfortunates from the line. There were six who were totally blind and forty others who could hardly hobble even with the use of their crutches. One of the lame was paralyzed in both legs, yet he managed to get along with the aid of his crutches. It was said he had not missed a Sullivan shoe distribution in ten years. Another, an old man with only one leg, wore the shoe that he said he received from "Big Tim" a year ago.

The blind and the lame disposed of, Fitzgerald told the police to let those at the head of the line come in. When the policeman at the door threw it open there was a mighty rush all along the line, and before half a dozen had been passed in there were a hundred others fighting like mad to get through the door. It was half an hour before the police got the line formed in order again.

The shoe sizes varied from 6 to 11, most of the sizes being 8s and 9s. As the men came along Fitzgerald's men would go up and down the line shouting to them: "Think what your number is," and "Have your tickets ready, for no ticket means no shoes," and so on. There were lots of them that had no tickets, but in nearly every case the "down and out one" had a pathetic story ready, and when he got through telling it he generally got the shoes and socks.

The "Hon. Welles Cone" of 23 Grove Street, whose business cards give his occupation as the "Champion Uncle Sam of Greater New York," was easily the most picturesque figure in the long column that filed in and out of 207 Bowery. Welles does not have to make up to look like the National figure. He has the long hair, the long, streaming goatee, and the bushy mustache that goes with all pictures of Uncle Sam. He told the reporters that he was the holder of the 1909 medal for the most perfect Uncle Sam living. This medal, he added, was awarded him in the Mardi Gras at Coney Island.

Joe Green, an old-time Bowery sport, who twenty-five years ago was considered the sharpest crap player in the lower east side, but who has been down and out now for some twenty years, had a place in line. Joe is getting old now, and he never gets a chance to gamble any more. He needed the shoes, too.

Old man Alex Wilson is deaf and dumb, and when he got to the shoe counter he could not make his size known. Finally Alderman White got down and measured the cracked shoes that he was wearing. Then he gave Alex a pair of No. 10s, and the old man left happy.

There were a lot of other Bowery characters who have figured in song and story in the line. There was the man who said he used to play with Booth when all the fashionable theatres were in the Bowery, the man who said he once owned a string of saloons, and two or three of that type who say they are descended from families distinguished in this and other countries. The "King of the Keg Tappers," as they call him in Chinatown; the person who loves to be called the "Gentleman Panhandler," "Bill the Smuggler," and half a dozen others who call themselves "coffee cooler this" and "coffee cooler that," were there too. They always are.

Fitzgerald wanted it distinctly understood that the shoe distribution is "the big fellow's" own particular private charity. "No other person has a thing to do with it," he said, "and it's been his own private institution now for years."

Coffee, steaming hot, was served to the men in the line outside every hour while the distribution lasted. The Bowery Mission and Father Evers's Mission of the Holy Rosary were remembered by "Big Tim," each mission getting 120 pairs of shoes and socks to place where they would do the most good. It was said yesterday that some of those who hold tickets entitling them to shoes are on the "Island." The shoes will be kept for them until they are released.

It became known soon after the distribution started that a number of second-hand shoe dealers had established headquarters in the vicinity of the Sullivan Club and were buying in the shoes at 50 cents a pair from those who wanted the money for whisky. Then it was decided to make those known to be the kind likely to sell their shoes put on the new ones before leaving the building. Many of these became indignant when told to do this, but indignation availed them nothing, and not only did they have to put on the new shoes, but they had to leave their old ones behind.

LINCOLN'S BIRTHDAY
AT
ATLANTIC CITY
SPECIAL TRAIN SERVICE
Pennsylvania R. R.
Leave New York . 1:40 P. M.
FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 11
Broiler Buffet Parlor Cars and Coaches
Leave Atlantic City 4:00 P. M.
SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 13
Parlor Cars, Dining Car, Coaches.
Regular trains leave New York 9:55 A. M. and 2:55 P. M. week-days, 7:55 A. M. Sundays.

Every article of character bears its own stamp of individuality.
LA MARQUISE CIGARETTES
of a "vintage"

Landay BROS
Victor
400 Fifth Av
(Opp. Tiffany's.)
27 West 34th St.
(McCreery's side.)
OUR BOOK "How to Care for Your 'Victor'" Free on request.

ROBBER USES WOMAN AS A BULLET SHIELD

Pushed Her Before Him Into the Arms of Policeman Who Trapped Them in Post Office.

SHE BLOCKED SLEUTH'S AIM

Knocked Up His Arm When He Fired—Second Man, Said to Be Her Husband, Caught in Ransacked Office.

Special to The New York Times.

ESSEX FELLS, N. J., Feb. 6.—A ray of light falling across the sidewalk from the window of the Erie Railroad Station here, which is also the Post Office Building, caught the attention of Chief of Police John P. Eysoldt of this place, who, with his brother Conrad, was walking along Buttonwood Avenue on the way home at 12:30 o'clock this morning. The station and Post Office is closed early every evening, and the Chief realized that there should have been no one in the building.

Instructing his brother to stand beside a side door into the building, the Chief crept around the structure to the front door, the windows being the only other means of exit from the building. Eysoldt was about to force open the front door, when suddenly it was flung far back and a woman was pushed out into his arms. Behind her was a man using her form as a shield.

Eysoldt grabbed the woman around the waist and flung her to one side as he drew his revolver with the other hand and aimed it at the man who stood revealed in the doorway. The Chief pulled the trigger, but the woman was too quick for him. She threw herself upon him, raising one arm in the air. With her hand she managed to knock up the Chief's arm and his shot flew harmlessly into the air. Before he could recover the man had run from the doorway and escaped into the darkness, leaving the woman still in the grasp of the Chief.

Something in the woman's actions caused Eysoldt to suspect that there was another man in the building. His brother had come running around the house at the sound of the shot, and they entered the building together.

The Chief kept hold of the woman while Conrad stepped into the room and switched on the light. Its rays revealed a man standing behind a door with upraised club above his head. Conrad sprang upon him just as the Chief jumped forward, and in an instant the two men had the third on the floor and had disarmed him. Meantime the woman had stood with her hands over her eyes, apparently too terrified to run or to help her companion.

The couple were locked up while Eysoldt examined the Post Office. He found that package of mail had been untied and scattered about the room, which bore evidence of having been completely ransacked. The police of neighboring towns were notified to look out for the third man, who escaped with about $25 in bills, the only booty obtained by the robbers.

The prisoners, who were held by Recorder Miller in $2,500 bail each, were sent to the Newark jail. They said they were William and Elizabeth Karcher, man and wife, and lived at 34 Whittlesey Avenue, West Orange. It was said there that they had not been seen much in that neighborhood, and it was discovered that recently they have been living in furnished rooms at 113 Academy Street, Newark. Karcher is only 24 years old, and his wife is 19. She is said to have been a bareback rider in a circus before her marriage.

Karcher is the son of the late Jacob Karcher of West Orange, who died last Fall of injuries suffered in some way which he never explained. He was brought home one night semi-conscious, and never recovered.

The Essex Fells station was robbed a year ago of about $600 worth of stuff.

The Newark police arrested K. V. Layton, alias Jack Waite, last night at his home, 444 High Street, following word from Essex Falls that some $350 worth of stamps were missing. Layton, who is a bartender, was locked up after he refused to make a statement. In his room were found a revolver and blackjack with a large package containing stamped envelopes, blank money orders, and many letters. The bundle was turned over to the Post Office authorities.

LANG HELD IN $10,000 BAIL.

Messenger Boy Accused of Stealing a $10,000 Gold Certificate Now in Tombs.

Benson Lang, the messenger boy employed by the Stock Exchange house of Hornblower & Weeks of 42 Broadway, who was sent to the National City Bank to deposit a $10,000 gold certificate last Friday and reported to the bankers on Saturday that he had lost the money, was arraigned in the Tombs Court yesterday morning charged with the theft of the certificate. His mother was in court.

Aaron J. Levy, counsel for the boy, wanted an early date set for the hearing. Detective Wilber, who arrested the boy, objected, saying that it would be necessary for him to look up a number of witnesses. He asked that the examination be set down for Thursday. This was agreed to. Magistrate Herrman fixed bail at $10,000. The lad could not give it and went to the Tombs prison.

From a keeper it was learned that Inspector McCafferty had sent word that no one should be allowed to see the prisoner and that he should be kept in an isolated cell. The second part of this request was not complied with, but the first was fulfilled to the letter, for Mr. Levy and the boy's mother, who tried to see him after the arraignment in court, were not allowed in the prison.

"The bill was either lost or stolen," said Mr. Levy, in protesting that the lad was innocent. "On his way to the bank he jokingly asked a street peddler to take

MISSING GIRL BACK IN NEW HAVEN HOME

Catherine Day Says She Remained in Grand Central Station Till Sunday Morning.

THEN DECIDED TO RETURN

Spoke to No One Except Matron, She Says, During 37-Hour Wait—Police Here Discredit Story.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 6.—Catherine Day, the 15-year-old daughter of Arthur H. Day, who ran away Friday, found her own way home this noon. Members of her family saw her coming along the street a block from the apartment house known as the Yorkwall, where they are making their home at present, and her uncle, Wilbur Fisk Day, Jr., and her grandmother, Mrs. Wilbur F. Day, Sr., were the first to greet her. She threw herself sobbing into their arms and begged their forgiveness. Her mother, who is seriously ill in a sanitarium, has not been told of the child's disappearance.

According to the girl's story she remained in the Grand Central Station, New York City, from 9 o'clock Friday night till 10 o'clock this morning, when she took the express for home. It arrived here at noon, and she says that she took a trolley from the station, alighting a block from her home. She passed two New Haven policemen who did not recognize her. As she neared her home two neighbors and a servant girl who knew her fell in behind her and saw that she kept straight on till she was safe in her relatives' arms.

The girl says that she left home Friday morning angry because she was made to go to school. She had been under the care of a private tutor till a month ago. Then her mother was removed to a sanitarium, and her grandmother decided that the girl should go to school. A private school was chosen, and she had been sent there. She says that she felt sensitive about reciting before the other children, because she felt that she did not have her lessons as well as they did. She had made up her mind to run away Friday morning, and she admits that she took the trolley from here to Derby, a place about twelve miles from New Haven.

Sent Good-bye for Ever.

She sent her father two postcards from Derby. The first was received Friday morning, and led him to give up the general search he had organized in New Haven, assisted by several hundred citizens and Yale students. He went to Derby, fully expecting to find the girl, but she had vanished. However, he found that she had visited two or three boarding houses and asked for work as a waitress. She had, she says, determined to make her own way in the world. Then Mr. Day learned from William H. Cone, the conductor, that a girl whose appearance agreed with that of Miss Day went to New York City on the accommodation train which goes from here at 5:40 o'clock. He transferred the pursuit to New York City after getting the second postal card, which read:

Good-bye forever. CUPID.

The name signed was Catherine's pet nickname.

Conductor Cone says he saw the girl off the train in New York City and showed her up the runway in the Lexington Avenue station.

Miss Day says that on arriving in the waiting room of the Grand Central Station about 9 o'clock Friday evening she went into the women's waiting room, where she remained till after midnight. Then she asked the matron when the next train left for New Haven. The matron told her that it had gone. She then, she says, went from the women's waiting room to the general waiting room and remained there till this morning, when, picking up a newspaper, she saw her own picture and read the story of her disappearance.

She became alarmed and sorry for the trouble she had made, and decided to come home. Then she bought a ticket for the train that leaves New York at 10:08 o'clock, and reached New Haven at noon. She was not recognized by any one, she says, till the neighbors say her approaching her home.

She says that with the exception of the matron she did not speak to any one during her absence, that she slept on the seats in the Grand Central Station, and went to the restaurant in the women's room there for her meals. The girl came home tired, but not sleepy. She was not hungry, and with the exception of hair tousled for lack of combing for two days, she presented a good appearance. The family doctor pronounced her little the worse for her adventure, but administered a sedative, and she was sent to bed.

Believe Girl's Story.

Her relatives believe her story. They point out that her mind was hazy when she went away because of her school troubles, her mother's illness, and the headaches she had had for two or three days, and that she would have been frightened at the bustle and noise of Forty-second Street had she looked out at it.

Corroboration of the fact that the girl was in Derby Friday afternoon was gained to-day from the station master there. He says that she came to the ticket window and asked for a ticket to Boston. He told her that she should go to Boston by way of New Haven, and she then purchased a ticket to New Haven, offering a fifty-cent piece in payment. It is known that the girl had about $7 on the trip, the remains of her Christmas money. This was nearly all spent when she returned home.

The fact of Miss Day's return home was communicated over the telephone to Police Headquarters here yesterday noon by Osborne A. Day, the girl's uncle. Osborne Day, with Capt. Franklin Baker and Mr. Trowbridge of New Haven, had been conducting the search for Miss Day in this city since Saturday noon. While Miss Day, dazed, and temporarily demented, according to her own story, sat in the Grand Central Station for thirty-seven hours, these three friends had been directing the search for her from the Hotel Belmont, immediately across the way.

"For the last few days," said Osborne A. Day, "my niece has apparently been suffering from some temporary ailment which occasionally attacks girls at her age. She came to herself yesterday morning, and returned to New Haven voluntarily. She seemed quite well when she reached there, and no one seems to have harmed her in any way during her trip. Last Friday morning she asked her grandmother to excuse her from going to school. Her grandmother refused, and Catherine, after starting apparently for school, went off on the succession of railway and trolley journeys which has caused us so much anxiety."

At the Grand Central Station it was stated yesterday that Miss Day, so far as is known, had remained in the women's room of the station on Friday evening between 9 o'clock and midnight, when Matron Corey wished to close the room for the night, and asked her to leave. To Matron Corey she seemed quite normal. The girl told the matron that she intended to go to visit an aunt uptown. After she left the station Friday night she was not seen again, according to the station officials.

At Police Headquarters also considerable surprise was expressed yesterday at Miss Day's statement that she spent all her time at the station. The police said that their search for the girl started at the station, and that they went all through it a number of times making inquiries. They said that they did not believe it possible that Miss Day could have been there all through Saturday.

FRICK IS NOT AFRAID.

What Happens at Washington Will Not Destroy Any Property.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Feb. 6.—Excited imagination and groundless fears are the causes of the hesitation in business activity in the United States, in the opinion of Henry C. Frick, who arrived here for a stay of several weeks. He holds that there is no cause for fear and that "if the people will cease paying attention to the calamity-howling gamblers and demagogues, who make capital out of their fears, all will be well."

"It is hard to understand why," he said to-day, "with all the conditions favorable to unprecedented prosperity in this country, there has suddenly appeared a hesitation in activity practically upon the part of the railroads and manufacturing establishments.

"If this cause is, as it is generally asserted, a fear of unfriendly legislation at Washington and the drastic enforcement of the anti-trust law against the business organizations of the country, I cannot believe that is a sufficient reason to justify the timidity shown in many quarters. Congress will not legislate any form of property out of existence and court decisions cannot destroy the productiveness of the soil or of legitimate enterprise.

"We have never stood upon the threshold of better days than now, and it will be our own fault if we allow our activities to be paralyzed by groundless fears.

"In my opinion the present great depression in security values does not reflect the condition of business so much as the present hesitancy in business reflects the effect of wild conjectures upon what will happen at Washington and exaggeration of its possible consequences."

FISHER TALKS OF PANIC.

Gives Historical Reasons for Prediction Made to Yale Students.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 6.—Prof. Irving Fisher of Yale, who told his classes last week that another financial panic is inevitable, to-day explained why it must come in to score. Reasoning from his historical parallels, Prof. Fisher said:

"It is true that every great increase in gold mining activity has been followed by a rise in prices. The first great rise was in 1849-1857, during which time prices rose much as between 1896-1907. Each case culminated in a crisis.

In each case the recovery was rapid because the crisis was met and overcome by a rising tide of gold. We are now in just such a period of rising prices as was experienced after 1857. We have every reason to expect another crisis such as that of 1866. Paradoxically, the more clearly this is seen to-day the less likely it is to happen—or at least, the less violent it will be when it comes.

"No fixed date can be assigned, but judging from the rapid rates at which the storm is brewing the crisis may be expected sooner after 1907 than the crisis of 1866 after 1857. That is in less than nine years—before 1916. The most probable date is between 1912 and 1916.

"The most potent means of preventing the disaster will be in prompter adjustment of the rate of interest. If overinvestment in speculative and questionable enterprises is to be prevented, the interest rate should be high during a period of rising prices."

FATHER IS SHOT BY SON.

Elder Man Was Choking Daughter in Quarrel About Supposed Sweetheart.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 6.—Believing his sister was being choked to death, George D. Roderick, aged 17 years, to-day shot and probably fatally wounded his father while his mother stood by, horror stricken.

William Roderick, aged 57 years, the father, had quarrelled with his daughter, Eva, aged 24 years, because she refused to tell him whether or not she intended to marry a young man who had been calling on her.

He had grasped her by the throat when the boy, believing his sister's life was in danger, ran upstairs, secured a revolver, and, returning, shot his father twice. One bullet penetrated the base of the skull and the other lodged in the elder Roderick's shoulder. Carrying the smoking weapon in his hand, young Roderick dashed from the house and ran two squares to a friend's house, after which he surrendered himself to the police.

MENDELSSOHN HALL
113 West Fortieth Street, New York
Tuesday Afternoon, February 8th
at 3.30 precisely

A Song and Instrumental
RECITAL

SOLOISTS:
(By courtesy of the Metropolitan Opera Company)
Mme. ALMA GLUCK, Soprano
ANDRES P. De SEGUROLA, Basso

The Artists will be accompanied by Mr. Le Roy H. Moon on the
Hardman Autotone

THIS recital is another evidence of the high regard with which the Hardman Autotone, the Piano *all* can play by hand or perforated Music-Rolls, is held by the world's greatest artists when they consent to appear in public, accompanied only by the Hardman Player-piano. Owing to the prominence of the artists taking part in this Recital, the application for seats have been so numerous that we are compelled to announce that it is impossible to issue any more tickets.

We will, however, be glad to receive applications for tickets for the next Recital of this series, at which several noted artists have consented to appear.

All Tickets are Complimentary.

Address applications for tickets to Hardman, Peck & Co., Lock Box No. 42, Station O, New York City.

Hardman, Peck & Co. Established 1842

ONE CHURCH BURNED, FIRE IN TWO OTHERS

Firemen's Hands Were Frozen to the Nozzle When Williamsburg Edifice Was Consumed.

BENEDICTION AMID SMOKE

Plainfield Pastor Dismissed Congregation as the Floor Belched It Forth—One Blaze Kept Secret.

With the water freezing almost as soon as it left the nozzles of their hose, the firemen who were called out to fight a blaze which eventually destroyed the Calvary Episcopal Church, a frame structure, at Ralph Street and Bushwick Avenue, Williamsburg, had a hard time last night. But for sympathetic neighbors who brougt hot coffee in pails and buckets to the firemen many of the men would have been overcome.

As it was, the nozzlemen had to do their work in relays, as each man could remain only a short time at the end of a hose. Then his hands would be frozen to the nozzle and he would have to give up his place. The fire gave the men a stubborn fight, and it was several hours before it was conquered finally. Then the church had been destroyed, but the flames had been prevented from spreading to the residences which adjoin the church property on both sides.

The fire is supposed to have started from an overheated stove in the basement. The evening services were over and the pastor, the Rev. James Williams, had gone to his home, at 781 Quincy Street, when the fire was discovered by some one in the street. The minister hurried to the church to save the communion service, but he could not enter the place. At his request the firemen made efforts to save this service, but they too were unsuccessful, and it with everything else in the church was destroyed.

The damage was estimated at about $30,000.

While services were being held in the Second Dutch Reformed Church in Jersey City yesterday morning fire was discovered in the basement. It was extinguished without causing trouble or without the congregation's knowing that there was a fire. There were 400 persons at the service, which the pastor, the Rev. Dr. Emil A. Meury was holding.

Mrs. Lena Huber, a sister of Dr. Meury, entered the church through a basement door and discovered that the Sunday schoolroom was partly filled with smoke. She sent William Alsted to sound the fire alarm and called the pastor and A. F. Leicht, the church architect, into the basement.

The firemen made an inspection and concluded that the furnace was smoking. They went away, but were called back a second time when flames were discovered in a room in which was the organ blower, an electrical machine.

The firemen tore away part of a wall and found two small wooden joists afire. They put out the blaze. The joists had been left inside a wall by mistake, and were placed there as a support for a galvanized 18-inch pipe used to carry off excess heat from the furnace. The heated pipe, coming in contact with the joists, caused the fire.

The fire started directly beneath a large pipe organ which cost $6,800. The church was recently built, and cost more than $70,000.

Special to The New York Times.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Feb. 6.—Through the presence of mind of an usher in the Crescent Avenue Presbyterian Church this morning a panic was avoided among the 500 worshippers.

An overheated furnace caused the woodwork in the floor in the main body of the church to belch out volumes of smoke just after the services had begun.

The Fire Department, summoned by telephone, was soon on the scene, and by the advice of Chief T. O. Doane the congregation was dismissed by the pastor, the Rev. Dr. John S. Seelle, with a benediction and retired in good order.

The firemen made short work of the incipient blaze, and the damage was trifling. This is the third time fire has visited the church.

CLAIMS VICTORY FOR MADRIZ.

Nicaraguan Commander Reports Heavy Casualties Among Insurgents.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Feb. 6.—Reports of a Government victory at Santo Tomas continue to be received here. According to official dispatches from Gen. Vasquez, every sixth man among the insurgents was either killed or wounded. Among those in the casualty list on the Government side are Capt. Parinilli, killed, and Col. Miguel and Capt. Navarro, wounded. Navarro was formerly Governor of Managua Penitentiary, and it was he who executed Zelaya's orders for the flogging, shooting, and torturing of political prisoners.

Gen. Mena was in command of the insurgents at the battle. Toward the close of the fight he was reinforced by Col. Zeledon with 300 men, and this prevented the insurgents from being cut off entirely.

Gen. Vasquez says that he is still pursuing the enemy. He attributes the victory to a well-executed ambuscade.

The report that Nicaragua and Honduras are preparing a revolution against Guatemala is pure invention, doubtless for the purpose of discrediting the Madriz Government.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The way to Managua is now open to the revolutionists in Nicaragua, according to a cable received to-day by Señor Castrillo, representative here of the Estrada Government. The message says there are no obstacles to oppose the advance of the insurgent army into the capital.

MADRIZ BARS SIOUX CHIEF.

Suspicious of Plan to Remove 8,000 Indians to Nicaragua.

BOSTON, Feb. 6.—Because President Madriz feared that the projected removal of 8,000 members of the Sioux Tribe of Indians from their reservation in South Dakota to Nicaragua was a ruse to recruit the insurgent army under Gen. Estrada, the plans of Chief Little Bison of the Sioux Tribe have received a setback. Little Bison, who went to Nicaragua to prepare the way for the coming of his people, arrived here to-day on the steamer Esparta from Port Limon, Costa Rica. He was accompanied by his wife, a white woman.

Little Bison said he reached Costa Rica when the Nicaraguan revolution was at its most critical stage, the election of Dr. Madriz taking place about that time. The new President was suspicious of the Indian chief's intentions, and appealed to the Costa Rican Government to prevent his entry into Nicaragua. He was then subjected to constant surveillance.

He managed, however, to elude his watchers at Guapilo, Costa Rica, about thirty miles from the Nicaraguan border, and slipped into Bluefields on Jan. 27. There he had a conference with Gen. Estrada, who said he favored the coming of the Indians.

Little Bison with his wife left to-night for New York, where he will confer with F. S. Dellenbaugh, President of the American Geographical Society, and then will return to his people.

Goldwin Smith Holds His Own.

TORONTO, Ontario, Feb. 6.—The condition of Prof. Goldwin Smith, who fell at his home, The Grange, here last Saturday, and broke his hip, was unchanged to-night. Attending physicians say that owing to his advanced age he has small chance of recovery.

Urges War on French Lay Schools.

BREST, France, Feb. 6.—Archbishop Duparc in his Lenten letter advises the faithful to continue the war against the lay schools and invokes the blessings of God on the forthcoming elections.

TO MULCT PARIS RAILROADS.

Suits Will Be Brought Against Them for Flood Damage.

PARIS, Feb. 6.—An important question has been raised regarding the pecuniary responsibility of the public utility companies for flood damages. In the case of the Orleans and Western Railroads and the Metropolitan Subway, experts agree that the tunnels constructed below the level of the Seine, which were converted into raging torrents during the flood, were the direct cause of the inundation of cellars or houses which otherwise would have escaped.

M. Barthélemy, Professor of Municipal Law at the Sorbonne, and several other eminent lawyers say that individuals who have thus suffered are undoubtedly entitled to indemnification. The fact that the companies received municipal or Government concessions, they claim, in no wise relieves them of the risk involved in the execution of the concessions. It is probable, therefore, that thousands of claimants will enter suit against the companies.

The Western Railroad is now the property of the State. Such suits will be decided by the Council of State, and the principle involved is likely to attract wide interest beyond the borders of France.

CONCERT FOR PARIS FUND.

More Than $9,000 Obtained at Metropolitan Benefit.

The special concert given at the Metropolitan Opera House yesterday afternoon, in which most of the singers of the opera company took part, brought in $9,753, which will be sent to Paris to aid those who have suffered from the flood. To swell the door receipts, Max Hirsch made his reappearance on the stage where he has so often announced that, owing to the sudden indisposition of Herr So-and-So, Mr. Dippel has kindly consented to sing, and auctioned off a programme of the afternoon, on which all those who took part had signed their names. This programme was bought by Miss Gertrude Dudley Walker for $195.

The concert partook of the nature of a gigantic vaudeville performance. Three things stood out as memorable—Mr. Caruso's part in the quartet from "Rigoletto," which nearly caused the programme to come to a halt, so insistent was the demand for a repetition of this number, and the gowns worn by Geraldine Farrar and Jane Noria.

Miss Farrar appeared immediately following the intermission, with Mr. Scotti at her heels. With the aid of Alfred Hertz directing the orchestra, the two sang a duet from "Nozze di Figaro." But few noticed that. All interest was centred in the fact that the American singer was shrouded in Irish green, even to a tiny cap of the same color. The effect was astonishing.

Immediately after Miss Alda, Mme. Meitschik, and Messrs. Caruso and Amato sang the quartet from "Rigoletto." Next Mmes. Wickham and Gadski and Messrs. Slezak, Soomer, and Reiss, sang the quintet from "Rigoletto."

Then Miss Noria and her gown appeared. This robe was as indisputably French as Miss Farrar's "creation." It was, however, of different colors, yellow and brown, with a dash of furs and some ostrich plumes—the latter on the hat. Miss Noria, together with Messrs. Clement and Didur, sang the trio from "Faust."

Others who sang were Mmes. Delna, Alton, Sparkes, de Pasquali, Mattfeld, Flahaut, Mauborg, Hellane, and de Lievin, and Messrs. Bonci, Gilly, Jörn, Forsell, Goritz, Blass, Mühlmann, Bada, Campanari, Rossi, Devaux, Regis, Duttiloy, Bourgeois, Ananian, and Begué. The conductors were Messrs. Toscanini, Hertz, Podesti, and Tango. The entertainment ended with the French members of the company singing "La Marseillaise."

GIRL HURT TRYING TO ESCAPE

Sprains Her Ankle in Jumping from a Brooklyn Institution.

Grace Moser, an inmate of the Wayside Home for Girls, at 356 Bridge Street, Brooklyn, attempted to escape from that institution last night by jumping from a window in the second story to the yard of an adjoining building. She was alone in the sitting room of the home after supper. She sprained her ankle in the jump from the window and was unable to get up from the ground.

Miss C. E. Knowles, the Superintendent of the home, heard the young woman's cries and had her carried into the building. An ambulance from the Brooklyn Hospital was summoned and she was taken there. Ambulance Surgeon Garcelon found her suffering from hysteria and shock besides the injury to her ankle. She was charged by her parents with being incorrigible.

MAXINE ELLIOTT WILL EDUCATE A NEWSBOY

"Rusty" McGillian, Who Paid Court with Clean Evening Papers, Off to Military School.

HE TOOK A SMILE FOR PAY

And Wanted Nothing Else—He's Thirteen and the Address of His Parents Is Unknown.

"Rusty" McGillian, a newsboy, has forsaken Broadway and the activities of a business life to enter a military school in Minnesota, all through love for an actress. "Rusty," being always financially embarrassed, did not send the object of his regard flowers or jewels, but with persistent fidelity he saw to it that she had clean copies of the evening newspapers handed to her every night when she came to the stage door before the performance.

It began last season, when Maxine Elliott was playing at her own theatre in West Thirty-ninth Street. Every night when she arived at the theatre a well-mannered little fellow was waiting to open her carriage door and hand her neatly folded copies of the newspapers. He refused to take pay for them, and Miss Elliott, understanding the spirit of the boy's intentions, learned that he appreciated a smile and a "thank you" from her more than he did money.

One night he was missing, but in his place Miss Elliott found a stranger, even more ragged but fully as polite, as her constant cavalier. "'Rusty's' sick," was the information she got when she questioned the newcomer. She asked further questions, and found that her admirer had a cold, but had sent a substitute, unwilling that she should miss her evening papers. The substitute, by the way, did not object to receiving material reward for his offerings. But two or three days later Rusty was back at his post, still smiling and still polite.

This season, when Miss Elliott opened her engagement at Daly's Theatre, there was the same boy at the stage door with his bundle of papers and his same polite smile. Such continued courtesy touched her heart. She made inquiries about the boy and found that he was "Rusty," alias Aloysius McGillian, 13 years old, with a father in some place unknown to him, and with no mother since he was 3 years old.

He said he had an aunt in St. Paul, however, so Miss Elliott arranged to have him attend the Shattuck Military School at Faribault, Minn., and has put aside a fund for his support.

Yesterday, with a suit of new clothes and a supply of more clothes in an equally new trunk, he started for St. Paul. After seeing his aunt he will go to Faribault and begin his first regular, well-fed school days.

COULDN'T PAY TAXI, FINED.

Magistrate Recognizes Woman Prisoner as an Old Offender.

A woman who said she was Nellie Whalen of 241 West 115th Street was fined $5 for failure to pay a taxicab bill of $1.75 by Magistrate O'Connor in the Night Court last night. The Magistrate recognized her as a woman he had sent to Bellevue Hospital for examination last August, when she was arrested on a similar charge, and she admitted her identity.

Frank Connor, a driver for the New York Taxicab Company, said that the woman had taken his cab at Columbus Circle, and he had driven her to the Hotel Marlborough restaurant. When she came out she told him she had no money.

"That's right, Judge," said Miss Whalen, "I just had money enough to pay for a roll and a cup of coffee, and I tried to borrow my fare from the head waiter, but he wouldn't lend it to me."

"Didn't I send you to Bellevue last August for the same thing?" asked the court.

"Yes, Judge, and they kept me two days in the psychopathic ward," calmly admitted Miss Whalen.

As she was being led back to the prison she told the reporters that she had been arrested on Thursday for refusing to pay a hotel bill at the Herald Square Hotel and had been fined.

"I'm getting used to it," she sighed.

CZAR NOT IN GIZYCKI CASE.

His Name Said to Have Been Used Without Authority.

VIENNA, Feb. 6.—The Neues Wiener Tageblatt publishes a long story of the matrimonial troubles of Count and Countess Gizycki. The Countess was formerly Miss Eleanor Patterson of Chicago, daughter of R. W. Patterson.

The only new features of the story relates to the alleged intervention of the Emperor of Russia, who, according to the original reports, compelled the Count to hand over to the mother her daughter, whom he had concealed for a long time.

Recently, the paper says, the Count discovered that the Czar knew nothing about the case, and that he was extremely indignant at the misuse of his name and authority. His Majesty is said to have ordered a strict investigation of all the circumstances.

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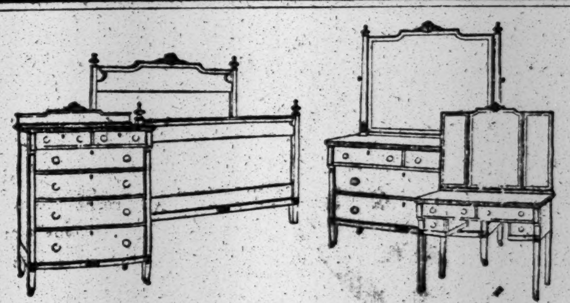

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NEGRO WOMEN JOIN IN SUFFRAGE FIGHT

Many Accept Mrs. Belmont's Invitation to Become Members of Her Organization.

MEET IN COLORED CHURCH

Mrs. Villard Tells the Congregation That This Struggle Is Like That of Her Father for Emancipation.

Mrs. Oliver H. P. Belmont, in a speech before colored men and women at the Mount Olivet Baptist Church, in West Fifty-third Street, yesterday afternoon, extended an invitation to all negroes in the city who are interested in the woman's suffrage movement to join the Political Equality Association, of which she is President. At the close of her speech half of the 200 or more women present signified their intention of jointing her association.

The gathering was called at the instance of the Negro Women's Business League of New York and was the first colored meeting in the cause of woman's suffrage to be held in the city. Besides Mrs. Belmont, the speakers were Mrs. Ella Hawley Crossett, President of the New York State Woman Suffrage Association; Mrs. Henry Villard, daughter of William Lloyd Garrison; Mrs. M. C. Lawton, and Mrs. F. R. Keyser, President of the New York State Federation of Colored Women's Clubs. Miss I. L. Moorman, President of the Negro Women's Business League, presided.

The Rev. M. W. Gilbert, pastor of the church, found himself in a dilemma, when, in opening the meeting, he called for a song by the church choir and found that the choir had not arrived. Mrs. Belmont and the other women with her on the platform saved the situation by offering to sing with Miss Moorman. They sang "Jesus, Lover of My Soul," to the accompaniment of a piano.

In introducing Mrs. Belmont, Miss Moorman told the audience that New York women owed much to her for her efforts to bring about the right to vote.

"When Mrs. Belmont spoke to me about having the colored women enter the suffrage movement," said Miss Moorman, "I asked her if she really thought colored women would be allowed to vote if the ballot privilege was conferred on them or if the right would be denied them, as it is to the colored men of the South. She assured me that if it were made the law that women might vote, the right would not be denied them. The Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments, she said, would be carried into effect. With this assurance I told her I felt that the colored women would be glad of the opportunity of joining the movement."

Mrs. Belmont read her speech. In it she said:

> Why have you asked me to come to you to-day, and why am I here? Because already, perhaps, even without knowing it, you feel that bond of human equality which alone the woman suffrage movement can create, and I, one of its exponents, come because I know that unless this cause means freedom and equal rights to all women, of every race, of every creed, rich or poor, its doctrines are worthless, and it must fail in its achievements.
>
> Washington, with his army of patriots, fought for the liberty of all the people, and later the States enfranchised some classes of men, but forgot all the mothers of the race. Lincoln gave freedom to the negro people, and the Republican Party later enfranchised the negro man, but ignored both the white and colored mothers of this land.
>
> The woman suffrage movement has higher aims than any that even the greatest of these men ever attained, for it demands the emancipation and freedom of all human beings—women and men of every race, creed, and station. For sixty years it has asked for recognition, for equality, for justice for the women of this country—yet they are still slaves and this is the twentieth century!
>
> Our thinking population knows that the enfranchisement of women is at hand, and self-respecting women are waiting, eager to enlist with those who demand good government. We need only workers in the field, earnest, self-reliant men and women, who will take up their share of this burden, and by their numbers and efforts bring to the woman suffrage cause the great help it requires.
>
> As President of the Political Equality Association I extend to all present, both women and men, an earnest invitation to join my association. The amount of the annual dues is left to the discretion of each member. The smallest contribution is gratefully received.

Mrs. Villard spoke of the efforts of her father toward emancipation of the negroes, and said she had inherited his spirit of humanity. The women's suffrage movement, she declared, was really started by her father 'way back in the 60's when he helped the negro women to find pulpits from which they could speak against slavery.

"My father remarked, during the early days of the agitation against slavery," she said, "that there was still a mountain of prejudice to be overcome. It is the same with the woman's suffrage movement to-day. But the public is getting more aroused every day over this agitation.

"They talk of women's rights. I say that what we ask for are human rights! We want to have the same voice in the government of ourselves as the men have, and I fail to see that it is unreasonable to ask for it. Women have the right to have something to say about municipal housecleaning.

"If the ballot privilege is given to woman it will mean that the weak will be helped. The negro women ought to improve the opportunity that is offered to elevate themselves by joining this movement. Some day, we hope, the cause for which we are working will be realized. The more women who join the cause now the sooner will the effort succeed."

Mrs. Crossett told of the work of the New York State Woman Suffrage Association and said that the women are now working for one object, and that is to have the word "male" stricken from the State constitution. When that is accomplished, she said, women will have the right to vote. A bill to eliminate the word which stands in the way of that suffrage has been prepared, she said, and is in the hands of the legislators.

WOMAN UPSETS POLITICIANS.

Mrs. Ricker's Candidacy for Governorship Smashes New Hampshire Calculations.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, N. H., Feb. 6.—By her extraordinary announcement that she is a candidate for Governor, Mrs. Marilla M. Ricker, lawyer, leader in the suffrage movement, and a well-known disciple of Ingersoll, has smashed the cut-and-dried calculations of the Granite State machine leaders.

Wealthy in her own right, and just now sojourning in California, her telegram, brief, but filled with a volume of meaning, when made public last week in Dover, started a whirlwind of discussion in every hamlet, town, and city in New Hampshire, which just now is without record.

Mrs. Ricker, who is about 65 years old, announces herself as a candidate on a women's rights platform. For a number of years past she has paid her taxes under protest, which are filed away in the archives of the Collector's office.

In the cities of Nashua, Portsmouth, Manchester, and Dover, little else is being discussed among politicians other than Mrs. Ricker's novel announcement. The question is being repeatedly asked whether there is a chance that a woman can legally be elected as Governor.

TESTIMONIAL TO PEARY.

The first complete account in New York of the discovery of the North Pole will be given by Commander Robert E. Peary at the Metropolitan Opera House to-morrow evening. The lecture will be illustrated by pictures specially prepared for the event and the sledge and flag which the Commander took to the Pole will be exhibited on the stage. Governor Hughes will present the Commander with a national testimonial. Seats, from $1.00 and up, and boxes, $50.00 and upward, are on sale at the Opera House and leading ticket agencies.—Adv.

TRY TO EXCLUDE SANITARIUM.

Hopewell Township People Object to Bishop McFaul's Project.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 6.—The people of Hopewell Township, this county, object to Bishop McFaul's proposal to set up at Marshalls Corner a sanitarium for incipient cases of consumption. The Township Committee last night voted against its establishment, and the Bishop cannot proceed unless he is willing to run counter to the expressed wishes of the township.

The Bishop to-day caused Dr. G. N. J. Sommer, his physician, to give out a statement to the effect that the institution would work no hardship to the township, that the price of property would not be depreciated, and that there was no sense in the people asking that the sanitorium be built one and a half miles from the proposed location. Dr. Sommer declared that such an institution should be in closely settled communities, and instanced the hospital set up by Henry Phipps at 238 Pine Street, Philadelphia.

The farmers and residents of the township are not convinced, and threaten to apply to the Court of Chancery if the Bishop makes further efforts to build.

REPORT ON B. R. T. LINES.

A Deficit for the Brooklyn Heights—Surplus for the Nassau.

The Public Service Commission has given out synopses prepared by Dr. A. F. Weber, chief statistician, of the reports of two of the constituent companies of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit system for the year ended June 30, 1909.

One is the Brooklyn Heights Railroad Company. This road collected cash fares amounting to $6,701,850. There were 7,321,888 passengers carried at 2½ cents, 2,856,702 at 3 cents, and 128,592,040 at 5 cents. Revenues from other sources than fares brought the total up to $6,889,962.59. The total cost of operation was $4,484,624. After deducting taxes, interest on all kinds of indebtedness, and all other expenses, there was a total deficit for the year of $130,883.

The other company is the Nassau Electric Railroad Company. It shows revenue from fares of $3,784,309 and a net corporate income of $182,881. Dividends of $130,000 were paid, and the surplus at the end of the year was $137,393.

Among the miscellaneous credits to surplus account, mentioned in the notes on the Brooklyn Heights Company, was an item of $269, "profits on caps sold."

WEDDING GUESTS IN A PANIC.

Five wedding parties in Hudson Street, Hackensack, were intensely excited this afternoon when a spirited team of horses ran away with a coach. The report that one of the bridal couples was in the coach added to the anxiety, but when the bridal couples were rounded up safe there was general rejoicing.

The team was owned by W. B. Ricardo. The driver had left it alone for a minute while he warmed himself. The horses ran all the way to Oradell, a distance of six miles. Three Polish and two Italian couples composed the wedding parties.

Soldiers and Sailors in Need of Books.

The Army and Navy Young Men's Christian Association at 124 East Twenty-eighth Street has received urgent appeals from Alaska, the Philippines, and the Secretary with the battleship fleet at Guantanamo Bay for magazines, (old or new,) illustrated papers, books of travel, history, biography, or fiction. Several small libraries have already been sent to Alaska, and the men have dubbed them "insanity preventives." An appeal is made to the public to send more.

WATCH CASE TRUST THREATENS JOBBERS

Keystone Co. Orders Those Dealing with It to Handle Only Its Own Goods.

COMBINE SELLS LOW ABROAD

France Buys American Movements at Half the Price Asked Here—Evidence of Combine to Attorney General.

The watch trade throughout the country has been stirred in the last few weeks by the action of the Keystone Watch Case Company, sometimes known as the "Watch Case Trust," in ordering jobbers to handle Keystone goods exclusively. Efforts are now being made to get the Federal authorities to bring action against what is known in the trade as the "Watch Combine," with which it is generally reported the Watch Case Trust works in harmony.

The first suit directed against the so-called Watch Case Trust was begun a few days ago in Cincinnati by the Dueber Watch Case Manufacturing Company of Canton, Ohio, the damages claimed being $375,000. A suit will be started here soon by several of the retail watch dealers, who consider they have been treated badly not only by both the Keystone Company, but also by the Waltham and Elgin Watch Companies, which, it is generally believed have for a long time been working in harmony.

Trust methods in the watch trade are not confined by any means to the Keystone and its kindred concerns according to some of the local dealers. They say that Waltham and Elgin watches can be purchased abroad far cheaper than here, and that cut-rate dealers have for years been buying the bulk of their American watches in Europe. One of these men here, who is about to place evidence before the Attorney General of the existence of a watch combine, is Charles A. Keene.

"The real watch combine is composed of these concerns," he said yesterday: "The Waltham Watch Company of Waltham Mass., of which Ezra C. Fitch is President; the Elgin Watch Company of Elgin, Ill., of which Charles H. Hurlburd is President; the Keystone Watch Case Company, of which Theophilus Zurburg is President; the Crescent Watch Case Company of Newark, N. J.; the Philadelphia Watch Case Company of Riverside, N. J., and the Howard Watch Company of Waltham, Mass. The three last are controlled by the Keystone, and the three men I have mentioned control the watch business of the country.

"The combine asserts that there has been a break between the Keystone, the Waltham, and Elgin Companies, but such is not the case. They are operating in conjunction now, just as in former years. If they were not Mr. Zurburg could not get the works to fill his cases; for Mr. Zurburg controls 75 per cent. of the cases and Mr. Fitch and Mr. Hurlburd 75 per cent. of the works made in the United States. I am about to bring suit under the Sherman act against all three of the companies.

"Six years ago I began buying American watches abroad. I went about quietly in the London market and bought all the Waltham and Elgin watches I could. I had a jobber on the other side contract also for watches to be delivered at a certain time, and in the contract a penalty clause holding the watch companies responsible for the payment of $3 per watch if they didn't deliver on the date specified.

"I shipped the watches home and the Waltham and Elgin people refused to deliver the goods ordered through the jobbers. I sold those I had at a good profit, as a watch selling here for $8.25 was fetching in London only $4.75. On the watches the companies refused to deliver they had to pay the forfeits.

"After that I had a harder time abroad to get American-made watches. Three years ago the Elgin Company issued a circular letter to the jobbers in London holding them responsible for the destination of the watches. But the buying there and reshipment to this country went on to some extent just as it is doing now. At present in France I can get for $36 a Riverside movement watch made here which would sell here at a maximum price of $140 and a minimum of $70.

"Before the tariff was settled last year the watch combine issued its lists with higher prices. Fifteen days after the tariff schedules were made public the combine sent its price list to Canada at lower prices than before, but kept its prices up here.

"I have just learned of the existence of an agreement to control prices between the members of the combine. A copy of this is now in the hands of Mr. Wade Ellis, and it will be made use of in the near future."

The latest evidence of a Watch Case Trust, said Mr. Keene, came three weeks ago, when the Keystone Company ordered the jewelry jobbers to handle nothing but watch cases made either by the Keystone or the companies allied with it.

Four firms refused to continue handling Keystone goods—Louis Manheimer & Brothers and L. Ollendorf of this city, the Eisenstadt Manufacturing Company of St. Louis, and Pricival & Co. of Boston. More than 100 jobbing firms in this city are said to have agreed to the terms of the Keystone Company.

"Whether or not our wishes, as hereinafter stated, be complied with," said the Keystone Company's circular, "we shall from time to time exercise our right to select the jobbers to whom we shall sell our goods, and we shall, irrespective of any dealings, refuse to sell those jobbers who in our opinion handle our goods in a manner detrimental to our interest, or whose dealings with us are in any other way unsatisfactory.

"We desire that the jobbers to whom we sell our goods, bearing the following trade marks: Boss, Crescent, Planet, Crown, Silveroid, and Excelsior, shall not deal in any watch cases other than those manufactured by us."

TO FIGHT BIG DRUG STORES.

Small Retailers Here Plan a Co-operative and Protective Association.

To save the retail drug trade in the State of New York, as they say, from going to ruin through the increasing extension of the chain of cut-price stores owned by corporations, and to better the conditions for the drug clerk, 300 druggists registered in this city will hold a meeting on Friday for the purpose of forming the Druggists' Co-operative and Protective Association.

"At the present time," said C. Bernard, a druggist of 2,755 Broadway, one of the leaders in the movement, yesterday, "the competition of the big corporation-owned stores is so keen that the small druggist has had to go out of business. Drug clerks are worked so many hours, and are so poorly paid—about $20 per week at the best—that they are leaving the profession, and young men will not study and serve four years to become pharmacists.

"To make a living we want all druggists to agree to sell ten-cent patent medicines for the full face value and at not more than a 20 per cent. reduction on other more expensive patent medicines. The big stores can do it because they make all their own patent medicines."

FIRST AID FOR MOTORISTS.

Ambulance Instruction for Chauffeurs Will Be Given by the W. S. Y. M. C. A.

Every automobilist and chauffeur an expert in first aid to the injured is the aim of a course about to be undertaken by the West Side Young Men's Christian Association. Special attention will be given to the treatment of accidents that occur in connection with automobiling, such as broken wrists from "kick-backs," burns from gasoline ignition and explosions, suffocation from gas, and injuries resulting from collisions.

In view of the approach of Summer lectures and demonstrations in the method of reviving the drowning will also be given. Dr. Theron W. Kilmer will be in charge of the class.

Hunter Accidentally Kills Boy.

COLUMBUS, Ga., Feb. 6.—Emmet Cody, 8 years old, son of W. E. Cody, a liveryman, was accidentally shot and killed yesterday by Jesse Montgomery, aged 12 years, while hunting near this city. The top of the Cody boy's head was almost blown off.

Safety Razors, 50c to $5.00
Lather Brushes, 25c to $2.00
Razor Strops, 39c to $2.00

Everything for the Shaving Stand

HEGEMAN DRUG STORES

Dr. C. W. Saleeby's Book "The Will To Do" *free.*

Write for copy to-day.

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Stores and Factories take notice.

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The Washburn-Crosby Company's famous Gold Medal Flour has all the bread, biscuit, cake, and pastry-making qualities of the finest wheat concentrated in it. It bakes more to the pound than other flour, saves money as well as the extra work and worry occasioned by the use of flour of less uniform quality. That is why knowing housewives always demand it.

The **Sterling Piano** Co.'s

Annual *February Sale*

of Wareroom and Concert Used Pianos, Factory Samples, Return Rentals, Discontinued Styles and Exchanged Pianos

At Savings of $50 and $100

The exchanged instruments are in first class condition, and were exchanged solely because the musical superiorities of Pianos and Playerpianos of our own make appealed to their owners more strongly than other makes. Some of these Pianos are from our own factory, where they were used for sample purposes, and are practically new; many have been on exhibition in our Sterling Building salesroom, while others represent return rentals. As we never rent any but new Pianos, and as these have been out for short periods, you will find splendid opportunities of securing an almost new instrument at the price of a second hand one. The tremendous selling of the past two weeks has resulted in a large number of new

Sterling Pianos

finding new owners. As part payment therefor we accepted a large number of standard makes of second-hand Pianos which we include in the offerings for the coming week. These instruments have gone through the hands of our skilled workmen and are as good musically as they were the day they left the factory when new. The following represents a few examples of the exceptional values we are offering:

$400 Sohmer Upright

In splendid condition, exchanged for a Sterling Piano; when new cost $400; February Sale Price.......... **$250**

$700 Sterling Playerpiano

This is a discontinued style, but we wish to clear it out, so you get a $700 instrument for.......... **$525**

$450 Chickering Upright

Medium size, exchanged for a Sterling Playerpiano; when new cost $450; February Sale Price.......... **$140**

$400 Sterling Upright

Concert Grand, a discontinued style that formerly sold for $400; special February Sale Price.......... **$315**

$400 Bradbury Upright

Largest size, exchanged for a Sterling Playerpiano; when new this Piano cost $400; February Sale Price.......... **$195**

$325 Ernest Gabler Upright

Medium size, exchanged for a Sterling Piano; when new cost $325; February Sale Price.......... **$125**

Our Liberal Terms Suit Any Purse

If you do not care to pay cash, our liberal charge account system will meet any suggestion you may make as to terms. Any Piano or Playerpiano we sell is positively guaranteed.

Telephone 2092 Main for all Tuning, Repair or Moving Orders.

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Largest Exclusive Piano House in Greater New York

518-520 Fulton Street, Cor. Hanover Place, Brooklyn

Store Open Saturday Evenings Until 10 o'Clock.

Greenhut and Company Dry Goods

S. & H. Green Trading Stamps Free With Every Purchase

TWO Stamps with Each 10c. of Purchase Made Before Noon.

ONE Stamp with Each 10c. of Purchase Made After Noon.

Annual February Sale of Oriental Rugs and Carpets

The most notable event of its kind in the whole year, and a momentous buying opportunity for Hotel Proprietors, Managers of Clubs and Institutions, but most of all for the artistic Home Furnisher

Come as a bargain hunter or come as an Oriental Rug enthusiast, this February Sale will be a revelation. Come as both economist and artist and your satisfaction will be doubly keen. Sale prices will save you at least 25 per cent. and in many cases 35 per cent. on prevailing prices.

As to the Rugs themselves—the display is the largest we have ever made—importations were larger—the journeyings of our Orientalists were farther afield. There are scores of Rugs that show such rare individuality and such marvellous skill in weaving and designing—such masterpieces indeed that you are sorry that each one does not bear the master's name as a beautiful picture or a great poem does.

$57.50 *for Persian Muskabad Rugs*

Rated at $75 to $85 each

A combination of choice colorings in well-covered designs or medallion effects. Exceptional values of the highest order. Sizes 8 to 9 feet wide by 9 to 10 feet long.

$65.00 and $85.00 *for Kirmanshah Rugs*

Rated at $85.00 to $110.00.

One of the most interesting collections of all, excellent values, rich colorings and beautiful designs; average size 4.6 x 6.6.

$125.00 to $185.00 *for Persian Gorevan Carpets*

Rated at $150 to $225 each

High-class Persian weaves, in a choice collection of designs and colorings; suitable for library, dining room or living room. Sizes 9 to 11 feet wide and 12 to 15 feet long.

$225.00 to $575.00 *Royal Kirmanshah Carpets*

Rated at $325 to $650.00 each.

Persian weaves of the finest texture, in a choice collection of exquisite colorings and beautiful designs. Sizes average 9 to 10 feet wide and 13 to 15.6 feet long.

$12.50 for Moussoul Rugs Rated at $18.00 each.

$12.50 for Beloochistan Rugs Rated at $18 to $20 each.

Choice silky pieces, in deep blue and choice reds.

$17.50 for Shirvan Rugs Rated at $25 to $30.

$22.50 for Persian Hall Strips Rated at $27.50 to $35.00.

Fereghans, Cabastans and Daghestans.

$37.50 to $90.00* *for Kazak Rugs

Rated at $50 to $150.00 each.

A selection of very choice silky pieces. Sizes 4.6 to 6 feet wide and 7 to 12 feet long.

$52.50 to $150.00* *for Persian Rugs

Rated at $75 to $250 each.

Antique and modern Persian Rugs, in unusual or odd sizes, in a choice selection of excellent designs and colorings. Sizes 5 to 6 feet wide and 9 to 13 feet long.

Third Floor—Greenhut and Company.

Clearing our Lynx Pillow and Rug Muffs. Usually $47.50 to $67.50 at $39.50 to $49.50

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SEVERAL WELL KNOWN CONNOISSEURS,
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comprising Chinese Porcelains of the Khang-hsi, Yung-Cheng, Keen-Lung periods; Jades, Lacquers, Ivories, Snuff Bottles, Netsukes, Embroideries, old Matchlocks, Chinese Rugs, Temple Cabinets, Japanese Water Colors and Prints.

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Millions of satisfied customers the world over pronounce
Huyler's CANDY, COCOA AND CHOCOLATES
unequalled for Purity and Flavor.

EARNINGS POOR BASIS FOR FRANCHISE TAX

State Commissioners Point Out Difficulties as to Public Service Corporations.

EXAMPLES IN THIS CITY

Shown That Companies Would Have More to Pay if the Law Had Never Been Enacted.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 6.—In its annual report to the Legislature, which was made public to-day, the State Board of Tax Commissioners calls attention to difficulties in basing the special franchise tax on the net earnings of public service corporations, the method indicated by the Court of Appeals in its recent decisions involving the tax of the Jamaica Water Works Company. It says:

> The Special Franchise Tax law was a revenue measure intended for the benefit of the localities by increasing their revenues. If, however, the net earnings rule must be applied in disregard of general conditions, and if the rule must be applied from information contained in the records of these corporations, which is substantially all the information upon the subject of net earnings this board can obtain, it will largely wipe out the special franchise valuations in New York City in respect to street surface railroads, where these franchises are supposed to be and doubtless are of very substantial value.

Referring to the franchises held in Greater New York, the commission says:

> In New York City there is a well-regulated system and schedule of rates for the granting of these privileges, which, as a rule, represent a value very much higher than the valuations fixed by this board. In the case of street surface railroads in that city there is a provision of the railroad law, existent for many years, which precludes the granting of such franchise except upon condition of the payment of 3 per cent. of the gross earnings for the first five years of its existence, and 5 per cent. of such gross earnings thereafter, and corporations are apparently willing and anxious to accept these grants on that basis. Can it be said that these conditions—these sales prices—have no influence on the question of the value of these privileges, unless such value can be verified by the application of the net earnings rule?
>
> It may be instructive, by way of illustration, to point out the consequences which will result in a considerable number of instances by not giving some heed to the commercial value of these privileges, and which indirectly affect very many others. A street surface railroad in New York City has tangible property in the streets of the value of $1,000,000. The gross earnings of the company are $1,020,000, of which it pays to the city 5 per cent., or $51,000, pursuant to the mandate of the statute and the terms of its franchise. Now, assuming a tax rate of 2 per cent., that the Franchise Tax law had not been enacted, and that the tangible property in the streets was assessed locally, as required by law, at its full value, and we have this result: The city would receive in taxes on its tangible property, assessed by local assessors, $20,000 and the percentage of gross earnings paid pursuant to the statute and the terms of the franchise, $51,000, making a total of $71,000. Upon the other hand, we do have the Special Franchise Tax law, and it contains a provision which, as construed by the courts, allows the amount paid in percentages of gross earnings to be applied in payment of the taxes levied upon the special franchise assessment.
>
> Now, assuming that there are no net revenues left for capitalization under the application of the net earnings rule, and in consequence thereof the special franchise valuation is the equivalent of the value of the tangible property, or $1,000,000, then we have this resulting condition: The city receives $51,000, being the percentage of gross earnings required to be paid pursuant to the statute and the terms of the franchise, but it will receive nothing more in the way of taxes on the special franchise assessment, because the $20,000 levied as taxes on such assessment will be paid by the application of a sufficient part of the $51,000 for that purpose. Thus the city under such conditions would receive only $51,000 under the Special Franchise Tax law, whereas if such a law had not been enacted it would have received $20,000 more, or a total of $71,000.
>
> In order to make the city as well off under the Special Franchise Tax law as it would have been had no such law been enacted, a special franchise assessment would be in the amount of $3,550,000, being the tangible value of $1,000,000 plus $2,550,000 intangible value, which is the equivalent of the $51,000 capitalized at the assumed tax rate of 2 per cent. This case does not present a fictitious situation, particularly as respects the street railroad situation in New York City.

After calling attention to the fact that local assessors have no uniform method of taxing corporation property, the report urges consideration of the question as to whether the time has not come when all the property of public service corporations should be assessed by the State Board, the same as is now being done with that part of corporation property which is located in streets and public places. It would seem but a natural step forward, the board observes, to similarly place the duty of assessing the property of these corporations wherever located. There is a wide discrepancy in the assessment of corporation property among the cities of the State, and even among the villages. Almost without exception this class of assessment is made on a low basis, and the corporations escape with the payment of much less tax than their holdings of property warrant. This condition is by no means limited to sections up the State. In New York City, for instance, the Consolidated Gas Company, although declaring in its sworn statements to the State Board that it owns $35,221,361.22 of property outside the streets, is assessed by the local board only $12,762,500.

To do away with the confusion often caused by present methods the commission recommends that real property assessments be made against the property itself, and not against individuals. The board says that by this method the chances of property escaping its just share of tax burdens would be minimized.

The board calls attention to the fact that the aggregate assessments of all personal property within the State in the year 1908 amounted to $548,765,843, which was $71,502,215 less than the aggregate for the preceding year. In 1870 personal property assessments amounted to 22 per cent. of the aggregate assessments of real and personal property, while in the year 1908 they represented only 5.6 per cent. of the total. The board advises the division of personal property into appropriate classes, and the taxing of it at a fixed rate, according to its class. If such a method is adopted the board believes it will be possible to place upon personal property a larger percentage of the expenses of Government than that class of property now bears.

The report also brings out that during the year ended July 1, 1909, the total revenues under the mortgage tax law amounted to $3,755,649.99, an increase of $355,651.77 over the preceding year. In the counties comprising Greater New York $2,937,650.45 was collected, and $817,999.54 in the other counties of the State. The cost of collection was only 1.53 per cent. of the taxes collected.

Books you've been looking for, though out of print, are found by using the Book Exchange of The New York Times Saturday Review. Advertising rate, 25 cents per agate line.—Adv.

CHINAMEN RAID A LAUNDRY.

Fifteen Inside Say Four Intruders Tried to Rob Them.

Following an alleged hold-up of fifteen Chinamen in the laundry of Ah Foon, at 4 James Street, shortly after 10 o'clock last night, four Chinamen, after a hot pursuit, were arrested on the charge of felonious assault. A loaded revolver was found on one Chinaman.

Ah Foon told the police that this man, as the leader of the four, covered him with a revolver and demanded $100. Ah Foon declared he had no such sum, whereupon, he says, his life was then threatened. Suddenly Ah Foon's friends rushed upon the intruders and the four turned and fled. Some of Ah Foon's friends followed them.

Patrolmen Ghirggri and Nunnery of the Oak Street Station were at James Street and Park Row when the Chinamen passed on the run. Ghirggri rapped for assistance, and took up the pursuit, followed by Nunnery and three patrolmen from the Elizabeth Street Station, who heard the call.

Patrolman Jones, on duty in the Bowery, also heard the police signal, and a moment later grabbed a Chinaman running by him. He was identified by Ah Foon as the leader.

Shortly after this capture Policemen Murphy, Hauck, and Finnigan, all of the Elizabeth Street Station, gathered in three other Chinamen.

The Chinaman accused of having the revolver said he was Leon Lung of 11 Doyers Street. The other prisoners said they were Dong Ho of 31 Pell Street, Jung Jo of 22 Pell Street, and Tom Yuan of 12 Pell Street. They were held at the Oak Street Station.

SAVES ACCUSED WIFE FROM BANISHMENT

Charlie Mathews, the Blacksmith, on Guard with a Shotgun, and Asbury Park Lets Her Stay.

EDITOR WHITE SCARED AWAY

Feathers and Warm Tar Were Waiting for Epworth Leaguer and Choirsinger and He Decided to Leave Town.

Special to The New York Times.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Feb. 6.—This town hasn't been so excited before in the memory of the oldest inhabitant. There were meetings to-night in the First Methodist Church and in the quarters of Pioneer Hose Company, one about as well attended as the other, and the sole topic of conversation at them was the expulsion from town on Friday of Charles B. White and Mrs. Mary Mathews, wife of Charlie Mathews, the blacksmith.

Mrs. Mathews is back to-night and with her husband at their home, 210 Main Street. Pioneer Hose discussed her return in the face of the town's order that she must never come back, but Si Perkins said, and everybody agreed with him, that it wasn't up to the Hose Company to take official cognizance of Mrs. Mathews's presence among them. And, besides, Charlie Mathews has threatened to shoot any one who tries to make his wife leave town again.

The church people are mostly stirred up because Charlie White used to be Vice President of the Epworth League, and until he left town his bass was the mainstay of the church choir. Besides he was the editor of The Seacoast News and a prominent citizen. It will be hard to fill his place in the church.

At the meetings everybody decided just to let the whole matter drop, but they couldn't do it—everything happened so quickly.

Of course the whole town had been discussing White's actions for six weeks or more, but when he sold out his business and got a job as a printer in Bristol, Penn., four weeks ago, the affair was thought to be at an end. But he kept coming back to visit his wife, who put up with Walter Benner's family in La Reine Avenue after Chalie left, and people got talking again.

Friday he wired that he was coming on for a visit, and the news got around town. Nobody knows just who started it, but when White got off the train there were about 300 men and a lot of women and children waiting to meet him. He tried to go to his wife, but they told him to get out of town at once if he wanted to escape a coat of tar and feathers. There was a pot of tar boiling just outside, but Charlie escaped that because he took the advice of the crowd and started for the station.

He hadn't got very far when somebody threw an egg at him. It was the signal for a fusillade, and he was covered with the material out of eggs of uncertain age when he finally dodged into the railroad station and bought a ticket for Trenton Junction. The crowd came right into the station. To escape them White finally ran out and jumped on a trolley car going to North Asbury Park.

He got off there and went into Al Woolley's drug store, where he telephoned to Mrs. Bimbler of Bradley Beach and asked her to get his wife, Ida, on the telephone. White told Woolley he wanted his wife to meet him at the North Asbury Park station and go to Bristol with him, but Mrs. Bimbler wouldn't get her, and finally Charlie had to set off alone, because somebody told him that the crowd was coming back. He hasn't been seen since, and as Mrs. White, who spent Friday night at the parsonage, left town early yesterday, it is supposed that she joined Charlie in Bristol.

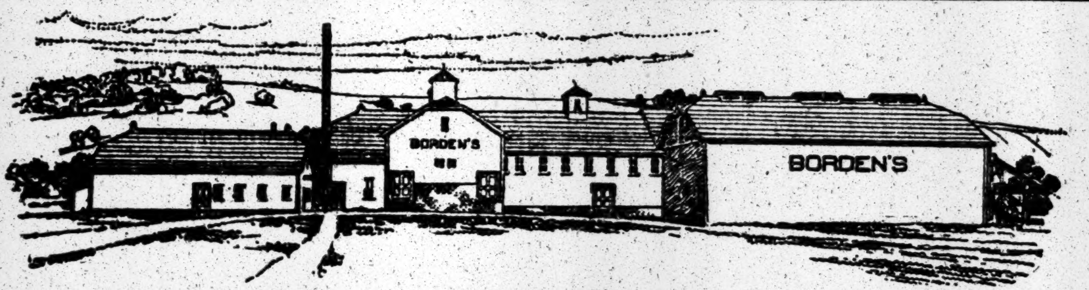
But the people weren't coming for White. After they saw him off they started for Mrs. Mathews's home. Charlie came to the door and pleaded with the crowd to let his wife stay there. He said he'd forgiven her, and it wasn't anybody else's business. The crowd was "het up," however, and finally Mrs. Mathews, who's only 19 and easily frightened, came out and said she'd go. The crowd escorted her to the station and put her on a northbound train.

Mrs. Mathews probably got off at North Asbury Park and came home on a trolley car. At any rate, Charlie said tonight that his wife was home, and declared he was ready to shoot, if necessary, to keep her from further insult.

Charlie's threat to shoot has done more to make people drop the matter than all the meetings did.

Bankers Oppose Postal Bank.

The American Bankers' Association has sent out half a million appeals to banks, insurance companies, loan societies, building and loan associations, to every Chamber of Commerce and every Board of Trade in the country, to oppose the proposed establishment of a postal savings bank in the United States.



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As the piano player revolutionized the piano industry, so will the Tel-Electric revolutionize the player industry.

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It is the most exquisitely responsive player, with complete musical expression under perfect control of the performer. ANYONE can play it. The price compares favorably with that of old style players.

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"It is capable of the finest technical expression—and is, in fact, the best investment I ever made in any musical instrument. It far surpasses them all in delicacy of touch and control of tempo."

"It has not only given me perfect satisfaction—running, without any trouble—but I regard the artistic manner in which it is capable of rendering music as really marvelous. It is without exception the finest piano-player on the market."

"I have at last found an attachment (player) that produces without effort the choicest selections—with expression equal to the leading artists. We play our piano in the music room from the library—a feature accomplished by no other instrument."

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List of Lost and Found advertisements, see Page 15.

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We reserve the right to limit quantities

Sugar	Hams	Bacon	Tea
Havemeyer & Elder's standard refined granulated sugar, 25 lb muslin bags. This sale, **$1.28**	The Floral Brand finest selected sugar cured hams, smoked and cured by the Armour P'k'g Co., average weight 8 to 12 lbs., per lb., **15c**	The Floral Brand sugar cured boneless breakfast bacon smoked and cured by Armour Packing Co., in strips averaging 4 to 5 lbs., per lb. **18c**	Kitchen Tea (English Breakfast) this is good value at the price, 5 lbs. for 70c. Per lb., **15c**

Miscellaneous

Nut Meat—Pecan Nut Meat, per lb.......68c
Walnut Meat—Shelled Walnuts, per lb.......49c
Almonds—Shelled Valencia Almonds, per lb.......38c
Prunes—Finest Oregon Prunes, 40-50 size, 5 lbs.......43c
Cherries—Cherries in Maraschino, large bottles, **71c**; medium bottles, **41c**; small bottles.......21c
Raisins—Thompson's Del Monte Brand seedless Raisins, 3 packages for.......25c
Syrup—Old Homestead Brand Vermont Syrup, gallon, **$1**; ½ gallon, **55c**; ¼ gallon.......35c
Lobsters—Glacier Brand fresh packed Lobster, in tall cans, each.19c
Cherries—Golden Gate Brand California White Cherries, No. 3 size cans, per doz., **$3.25**; per can.28c
Peaches—Golden Gate Brand California Lemon Cling Peaches, No. 3 size cans, doz., **$3.25**; per can.28c
Salad Oil—Providence Brand Salad Oil, from pressed cottonseed; 5-gallon cans, **$4.25**; **1 gallon, 95c**; ½ gallon.......55c
Salmon—Coleman Flag Brand rich red Alaska Salmon, per dozen, **$1.75**; per can.......15c
Sardines—Maxim Brand Imported boneless Sardines, packed in olive oil; per dozen, **$2.90**; per can.25c
String Beans—Conewago Brand stringless Beans, No. 2 cans; per dozen, **$1.45**; per can.......13c
Figs—Fancy Turkish Layer Figs, per lb.......12c
Asparagus—Bear Brand, large white stalks, No. 2½ cans; per dozen, **$2.65**; per can.......23c
Pretzels—Hand made Pretzels, per lb.......10c
Molasses—Woman's Club Brand, New Orleans, No. 10 cans, **63c**; No. 5 cans, **33c**; No. 2½ cans.17c
Mushrooms—Fancy Dried Mushrooms, per lb.......70c
Lentils—German Lentils, 5 lbs for.......19c
Lima Beans—Pocomoke Brand, No. 2 cans, small, tender quality; per can.......11c
Potato Chips—Fresh baked Potato Chips; per package.......12c
Oil—Wesson's Cooking Oil, for frying, etc.; per can.......23c
Salt—The Shaker Brand non-caking Table Salt; 3 packages for...25c
Coffee—The O. K. Blend, an excellent drinking coffee; 4 lbs. for **$1**; per lb.......28c
Tea—Fancy Formosa Oolong, Ceylon, Young Hyson, English Breakfast, basket or pan-fired Japan, Gunpowder or Mixed; regularly 70c per lb., this sale.......62c
Baking Powder—The Surety Brand. Pure cream of tartar Baking Powder, 5-lb. cans, **$1.35**; 1-lb. cans, **29c**; ½-lb. cans.......15c

Laundry Supplies

Soap—The Floral Borax; 10 cakes for.......37c
Soap—Swift's Wool Brand Soap; 10 cakes for.......37c
Soap—Elwood Brand; case of 60 cakes, **$2.65**; each.......4½c
Candles—Household adamantine Candles, in packages of 12 short ones or 6 long ones; per package.......10c
Polish—Magic Brass Polish; per tin 15c
Blue—The O'Neill-Adams ultramarine Ball Blue, 1-lb. package, 19c; ½ lb., 10c; ¼ lb.......6c
Ammonia—O'Neill-Adams Brand cloudy Ammonia; quart, **18c**; pint, 10c
Soap Chips—20-Mule-Team Borax Co.'s chips; per package.....9c
Wax—Handle Wax, the most convenient; per dozen.......10c
Stove Polish—X-Ray Brand powdered Stove Polish; 2 packages for..5c
Gold Dust—Fairbanks' Gold Dust Washing Powder; per package.18c
Lye—Babbitt's concentrated Lye; per tin.......8c
Bon Ami—The popular soap polish, per cake.......8c

Cocoa	Mackerel	Peas	Corn
Walter Baker's Breakfast Cocoa, ¼ lb. tins, **17c**	This season's catch, plump Irish mackerel No. 2 size fish, 10 lb. kits, 95c; 5 lb. kits, **55c**	Lee Canning Co.'s sifted sweet-wrinkled peas, No. 2 size can, per dozen, 99c; per can. **9c**	The Onarga Brand Country Gentleman Corn, No. 2 size cans, per doz., 99c; per can, **9c**

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The sceptic who reads this lightly may think it an exaggeration. But the overcoats themselves—the refined gray worsteds, deep blue beavers, and choice colorings in the long full-sweep models, which sold all season at very much higher figures—

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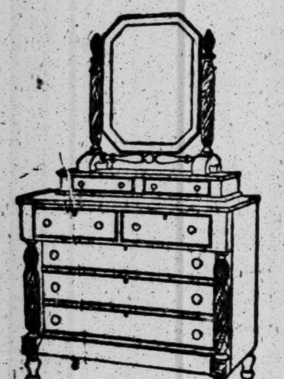

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A Rare Lincoln Engraving

I am going to close out the remaining copies I have in stock of John A. O'Neill's bust engraving of Lincoln at $1 each; the size of the plate is 9x12 inches, engraving on India proof paper, size 19x26 inches; this is one of the best likenesses of Lincoln published. W. W. Flynn, 971 Trinity Av., New York.

JURY IN FORD TRIAL FAILS TO AGREE

Attorney of Woman Charged with Blackmailing Warriner Threatens Legislative Investigation.

HOPES TO BLOCK NEW TRIAL

Prosecutor Expects to Press Matter to Conclusion, He Says—Or He May Drop It.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Feb. 6.—The jury in the case of Mrs. Jeanette Stewart-Ford, charged with blackmailing Charles L. Warriner, the convicted defaulting local Treasurer of the Big Four Railroad, was unable to reach an agreement and at 1 o'clock this afternoon was discharged by Judge Swing. The jury went out yesterday at 1 o'clock and had been in almost constant session. Just how many ballots were taken was not said, but when they returned they reported that eight stood for acquittal and four were for conviction.

Two of the jurymen said that a majority of their colleagues refused to give any credit to the testimony of Warriner, asserting that a man who had confessed to embezzling for twenty-five years would not hesitate to perjure himself against a woman who he believed had been the cause of his exposure.

Upon the announcement of the disagreement Mrs. Ford half rose to her feet, and then sank back to her chair in a complete collapse. Her maid and a doctor were summoned, and they soon revived her and took her home in a carriage. She later said that she had hoped for an acquittal.

Prosecutor Hunt announced to-night that he expected to bring the woman to trial again within the next three weeks. At the same time he intimated that he might abandon the case.

Mrs. Ford's attorney, William Thorndyke, says that if the Prosecutor does bring his client to trial again on the same charge he will go to Columbus and lay before the Ohio General Assembly certain facts now in his possession which will bring the whole affair into the limelight of a legislative investigation.

"I think I have enough information," said Mr. Thorndyke, "to cause the General Assembly to turn its lights toward Cincinnati and the Big Four offices, and I am positive that they will be surprised if they go deep enough in that. If the Prosecutor wishes we will try the case again, and I think I am on the right track when I say that if another jury is called we will acquit Mrs. Ford.

"I do not want to be taken as one who sees a way out of the difficulty in saying this about the legislative investigation, but if there are any grounds we will demand that they send members here who will inquire fully into the books and accounts of the Big Four."

Pending her trial Mrs. Ford was released under $2,500 bail, furnished by a bonding company. This bond will have to be renewed to-morrow, but no difficulty is expected in this respect.

Dr. Lasker and Schlechter Draw.

BERLIN, Feb. 6.—Dr. E. Lasker and Carl Schlechter, contenders for the world's chess championship, played the eighth game of their match in this city yesterday and to-day. Schlechter, who has won the only game that has reached a decisive result thus far, had the black pieces, and he bent his energies toward making sure of a draw. In this he was completely successful, the champion being baffled at every point. Finally another drawn game was recorded. Up to date Schlechter has won one game, and there have been seven draws, making a total score in favor of Schlechter of 4½ points to 3½. Two more games remain to be played.

Gustav H. Koehler, New Jersey State champion, won the first prize from a field of thirty-two players in a rapid transit knockout tournament held at the rooms of the Rice Chess Club yesterday afternoon. Koehler, after winning from J. Brown, H. Zuckerholz, J. Bernstein, and drawing with I. Tonenwurzel, defeated L. Rosen, winner of the previous tournament, in the final round. Second prize was awarded to Rosen, while J. Bernstein captured the third prize and A. Marder the fourth. Louis Hein was the timekeeper.

Weinberg Wins in a Walk.

The local cross-country walkers were not to be headed off yesterday by the cold and strong winds that prevailed in the Bronx, and in response to the call there was a good delegation on hand to start the weekly walk of the Morris Evening High School Athletic Club, which was over a course of six and one-half miles.

The pedestrians faced the winds for a greater part of the distance and a few were compelled to withdraw, but the number that finished all made good time. N. Osk, who captured first honors last week, had to be content with third place yesterday. L. Weinberg of the Mott Havens being the winner, with L. Cohen of the Eighth Regiment second. Order of finish:

L. Weinberg, Mott Haven A. C.; L. Cohen, Eighth Regiment; N. Osk, Morris Evening H. S.; F. Kaiser, unattached; L. Smith, Eighth Regiment; K. Hearns, Morris Evening H. S.; H. Rust, Mott Haven A. C.; A. Labadorf, Morris Evening H. S.; F. Plaseyk, Morris Evening H. S.; F. Gross, Morris Evening H. S.

Lee Leads Morningside Run.

Jimmy Lee, the former National A. A. U. long distance champion, again acting as pacemaker in the second weekly cross-country run of the Morningside A. C., lowered the mark of the initial run by 3 minutes and 42 seconds. E. Kelly of the Morningside Club led the chase for the first two miles, followed closely by Lee, who at this point showed a sprint that put him in the lead. Order of finish:

C. Beatty, Mohawk A. C.; W. Slakely, unattached; P. Coulter, Mohegan A. C.; A. Davidson, Mercury A. C.; J. Manning, Harlem Evening High; J. Ahearn, Morningside A. C.; H. Donahue, Morningside A. C.; R. Slavin, Lakewood A. C.; C. Rankin, Mercury A. C.; H. Norman, Morningside A. C.; E. Kelly, Morningside A. C.; G. Strong, Liberty A. C.; F. Hannan, Morningside A. C.; H. Murphy, unattached; A. Gallo, unattached; T. McClain, Morningside A. C.; H. Davis, Morningside A. C.; J. Massa, Mohawk A. C., and J. McGuinan, unattached.

BLACK OPALS IMITATED.

The Fad for the Real Gems Has Led to Use of a Coloring Process.

Black opals, colored artificially, have appeared in the Maiden Lane district in the last week. The use of natural black opals in jewelry has been the special fad of the present season, so the influx of the imitation has awakened discussion among dealers.

Real black opals are all said to come from a small patch of land at Lightning Ridge in New South Wales, and the increasing demand of the last year has more than doubled the price. Fine specimens sell for more than $100 a carat, and some of them cost as much as diamonds of the same size. Inferior opals in gray, yellow, or brown may be obtained for a few cents a carat, so there is a large profit to be made in coloring them black.

One of the authorities of the wholesale gem district said yesterday that apparently an old trick was being revived. About twenty years ago he first saw opals that had been colored artificially. The stones were sold then as rare gems, because no black opals were then being mined in any part of the world. People paid high prices, but the fraud was soon uncovered, for the black gems invariably broke into chips and splinters without any apparent cause.

The dealers say that the field in New South Wales is likely to be exhausted at any time, as it is small in extent. It is owned by the Government, which opens it to all miners on the payment of a small fee, and about 700 men are now working in the volcanic rock, finding occasional pieces of medium or poor grades of opal, while a fine black gem is regarded as a rare prize.

The black opals get their name from the basic, or body, color. They are black when seen at certain angles, but the slightest change in the angle produces a flashing, variegated mass of colors. The dealers say that the stones now most in demand have red, blue, green, or purple as the principal colors on the black background.

Hans Holmer Sets Pace.

During the extreme cold and strong winds yesterday twenty athletes took part in the regular weekly invitation cross-country run of the Mohegan A. C. over a five and one-quarter-mile course in the Bronx. Hans Holmer, the Canadian Marathoner, who is getting in shape for the fifteen-mile race which takes place in Madison Square Garden, acted as pacemaker and was first home, covering the course in 29 minutes and 15 seconds. The scantily dressed runners left the clubhouse with the wind at their backs on a fast pace, led by J. O'Brien, the field being well bunched for the first four miles. O'Brien, Holmer, and W. Burke then drew away, and this trio alternated in the lead for the next mile.

Rounding the corner at Pelham Bay Road and Southern Boulevard, the flat-footed Hans jumped to the front and started a strong sprint, which O'Brien and Burke were unable to hold. Holmer went on easily to the finish, breasting the tape fully 500 yards ahead of O'Brien. The remainder of the field struggled in at short intervals, with J. Sexton of the Aquinas Lyceum the tail-ender. The order of finish:

J. O'Brien, Mohegan A. C., 30:00; W. Burke, Mott Haven A. C., 30:10; O. Nelson, Mohegan A. C., 30:55; J. Williams, West Side A. C., 30:56; C. Murphy, Mohegan A. C., 30:58; A. Gent, Mohegan A. C., 31:30; A. Rodd, unattached, 31:45; R. Smith, Mohegan A. C., 32:05; A. Holmer, Mohegan A. C., 32:10; J. Schaeffer, Aquinas Lyceum, 33:45; V. Benjamin, Una Club, 35:35; E. Olsen, unattached, 35:38; J. Lydon, Mohegan A. C., 35:45; A. Dein, Mott Haven A. C., 36:20; J. Sheehan, National A. C., 36:35, and J. Sexton, Aquinas Lyceum, 36:55.

Backer First in "Cross Country."

H. C. Backer of the Morris Evening High School captured first honors of the club's cross country run yesterday over a four and one-half mile course, which was two miles shorter than the regular course. Owing to the stiff winds the competitors decided to cut down the distance. At the start the pack was led by G. Fitzgibbons of the Irish-American A. C., M. Taub of the Pastimes, and Backer, who ran abreast to the four-mile mark far in advance of the remainder of the field, alternating in the lead.

Rounding the four-mile mark Backer showed a good stride, and going to the front ran first for the last half mile, crossing the tape with a good margin. Order of finish:

	M.S.
H. C. Backer, Morris Evening H. S.	27:30
G. Fitzgibbons, Irish-American A. C.	27:33
M. Taub, Pastime A. C.	27:55
A. Erndin, Morris Evening H. S.	29:00
T. Vath, Morris Evening H. S.	30:00
S. Aggen, Morris Evening H. S.	30:30
W. Georghan, Morris Evening H. S.	30:45
I. Levy, Harlem Evening H. S.	31:05
J. Waltrous, Morris Evening H. S.	32:15
S. Rosenbaum, unattached	32:18
J. Williams, unattached	32:35
A. Cavanaugh, unattached	32:38
R. Elmore, unattached	32:43
B. Kelly, Sherman A. C.	33:00
M. Wright, Sherman A. C.	33:32

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ICY WINDS FAIL TO STOP HARRIERS

McCullough of the Glencoe A. C. Wins in Stirring Finish with Bradley.

EASY VICTORY FOR CONROY

Mott Haven Runner Has Little Difficulty in Beating Small Field—Long Island and Bronx Packs Out.

It was a well-earned victory that F. McCullough of the Glencoe A. C. won yesterday in the weekly cross-country run of his club over a three and a half mile course. With only a quarter of a mile left to go, McCullough came through strong and took first position from Bradley of the Glorina A. C., who had been at the head of the pack for a considerable distance. The latter tried hard to hold the Glencoe runner and it was a pretty struggle almost to the finish. Nearing the line, Bradley weakened suddenly and McCullough romped in with a comfortable margin to his credit. During the early stages of the race the lead was constantly shifting, first one athlete making the pace for a short stretch, and then another succeeding him in the position.

The cold weather, combined with a strong wind, had a deterring effect on the athletes and as a result there was not the large field that usually marks the running of the weekly event. Forty athletes started, and of this number thirty-five went over the full distance.

In the morning there was a members' run, which was won by J. Reilly, who had a handicap of three minutes. J. S. Harris was second. The summary:

INVITATION RUN.

Name and Club.	Time. M. S.
F. McCullough, Glencoe A. C.	20:23
P. Bradley, Glorina A. C.	20:31
Tom Hogan, Holy Cross Lyceum	21:05
H. H. Hellewell, Paterson A. C.	21:07
C. Ressinico, Irish-American A. C.	21:27
H. Monnell, Sherman A. C.	21:31
J. McGinnis, Chelsea A. C.	21:32
F. Carney, Holy Cross Lyceum	21:40
T. Nealy, Holy Cross Lyceum	21:45
A. Dwyer, Tioga A. C.	21:47
W. Burke, Union Settlement	22:03
W. Logan, Dominican Lyceum	22:04
S. D. Richman, Glencoe A. C.	22:12
G. Kramer, Sherman A. C.	22:13
M. Fallace, Chelsea A. C.	22:17
M. Gaudini, Irish-American A. C.	22:30
G. Cuno, St. George A. C.	22:40
R. Ebneth, Dominican Lyceum	22:48
P. Smith, Glencoe A. C.	23:22
W. Carroll, unattached	23:23
V. Hand, unattached	23:33
T. F. Corley, unattached	23:50
E. Rielly, St. Malachi A. C.	24:20
M. Donohue, Glencoe A. C.	24:21
G. Johnson, unattached	24:23
F. Early, E. R. C. No. 20	24:24
P. Disinza, U. S. I.	24:25
R. Brady, Glencoe A. C.	24:29
J. Hirsh, Monterey A. C.	24:30
J. Bell, Glencoe A. C.	24:47
J. Hotz, unattached	24:49
G. Linton, unattached	24:50
S. Bischoff, unattached	24:51
H. Janson, Horseshoe A. C.	24:52
M. Cameron, Y. M. C. A.	24:53

MEMBERS' RUN.

Name.	Hdcp. M. S.	Time. M. S.
J. Reilly	3:00	22:45
T. S. Harris	1:15	21:18
H. Goddard	1:30	21:55
S. D. Richman	1:30	22:08
L. Stultz	2:00	22:43
J. Hewes	3:30	23:15
J. Stokes	2:00	22:50
F. S. McCullough	Scratch	20:58
F. Schmerl	3:30	24:55
J. Coucannon	3:30	25:00
P. Zuiberg	3:30	25:01
J. Mack	3:30	25:02

There was only a small field of starters in the weekly invitation cross-country run of the Mott Haven Athletic Club yesterday, sixteen men going over the course. Andrew Conroy of the Mott Haven A. C. was first in the event, scoring an easy victory over J. Taub of the Pastime A. C., who was in second position. D. Kirkwood came in third, a considerable distance back of Taub. The summary:

A. Conroy, Mott Haven A. C.; J. Taub, Pastime A. C.; D. Kirkwood, Mott Haven A. C.; A. Sarati, Xavier A. A.; J. Aaron, Xavier A. A.; M. Schmidt, Mott Haven A. C.; F. McNamara, Mott Haven A. C.; J. Blackett, Mott Haven A. C.; J. Brosee, Mott Haven A. C.; A. Benffatto, U. S. I.; E. Smith, Mott Haven A. C.; J. Wood, Mott Haven A. C.; R. Gould, West End A. C.; M. Borck, West End A. C.; R. Cannahan, Morris Evening H. S.

Joe Bedell of the Xavier A. A. was first in the cross-country race of the Hillside A. C., 114 Manhattan Street, yesterday. Twenty-five athletes competed and after the race they were entertained at dinner by the Hillside Club, T. Craig of the Mohawk A. C. finished second to Bedell. The summary:

Joe Bedell, Xavier A. A.; T. Craig, Mohawk A. C.; S. Kennard, Xavier A. A.; P. Alexander, Mohawk A. C.; S. Donofriel, St. Michael's Lyceum; J. Logan, Mohawk A. C.; R. J. Brown, St. Michael's Lyceum; W. Taggart, Mohawk A. C.; J. Robson, Xavier A. A.; W. J. Wilson, Xavier A. A.; Joe Brown, Xavier A. A.; C. Read, Hillside A. A.; J. Maloy, Mohawk A. C.; William Gunning, Hillside A. A.; E. Rons, Xavier A. A.; F. De Dios, St. Michael's Lyceum; D. Murphy, Riverside A. C.

Fast Canadian in Big Race.

One of the most prominent among the starters in the fifteen-mile race which will be held at Madison Square Garden next Monday night is Percy Sellen of Canada, who holds the American record for this distance of 1 hour, 22 minutes, and 56 seconds. Last Fall Sellen defeated St. Yves at this distance, and immediately started out for Shrubb's scalp. The opportunity had not presented itself until the proposed race was mentioned, and Sellen was invited to enter. He is training hard for the event and feels confident that he can make his former record look tame.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Storm warnings are displayed on the Atlantic coast from Hatteras to Eastport. At Mount Weather Sunday morning the meterograph attached to the kite at an elevation of 6,700 feet, recorded a temperature of 28 degrees below zero; at the same time the temperature at the observatory was 14 degrees above zero. Decidedly colder weather prevailed Sunday in practically all districts east of the Mississippi River and in the West Gulf States. The temperature was below zero in the lake region, Northern New York and Vermont, and frost formed as far south as Jupiter, Fla. This cold weather had its origin the early part of last week in Alaska and the adjacent Canadian territory, when on Wednesday and Thursday the temperature was lower than 60 degrees below zero in that region.

In the New England and Middle Atlantic States the weather will be fair and continued cold Monday, followed by increasing cloudiness and warmer Tuesday with probably snow in the Middle Atlantic States late Tuesday or Tuesday night.

The winds along the New England coast will be high northwest, diminishing by Monday night; Middle Atlantic coast high northwest, diminishing and becoming northeast. South Atlantic coast moderate to brisk north, becoming northeast.

Steamers departing Monday for European ports will have brisk and high north winds and generally fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND TUESDAY.

New England—Fair and continued cold Monday, Tuesday fair with rising temperature; high northwest winds diminishing.

Eastern New York, Eastern Pennsylvania, and New Jersey—Fair and continued colder Monday; Tuesday, increasing cloudiness and warmer high north winds diminishing.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1909.	1910.		1909.	1910.
3 A. M.	48	19	4 P. M.	47	12
6 A. M.	45	16	6 P. M.	44	8
9 A. M.	52	15	9 P. M.	39	5
12 M.	54	15	11 P. M.	37	4

This thermometer is 108 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 11; for the corresponding date last year it was 46; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 15; at 8 P. M. it was 6. Maximum temperature, 23 degrees at 12:20 A. M.; minimum, 4 degrees at 10 P. M. Humidity, 57 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 49 per cent at 8 P. M.

PEARY'S FULL STORY TO BE TOLD.

Under the Presidency of Governor Hughes, Commander Robert E. Peary will lecture at the Metropolitan Opera House to-morrow evening on the discovery of the North Pole, illustrating his remarks with pictures prepared for the event. This will be the first complete account in New York of Commander Peary's great achievement. The sledge and flag which he took to the Pole will be exhibited and five of the Commander's comrades will pay tributes to his leadership. Governor Hughes, who presides, will present Peary with a national testimonial. Seats, $1.00 upward, and boxes, $50.00 upward, are on sale at the Opera House and chief ticket agencies.—Adv.

STUART SCOTT IS HIGH GUN.

Larchmont Shooters Make Good Scores Despite Adverse Conditions.

Under the most trying conditions, the shooters of the Larchmont Yacht Club faced the traps yesterday in their regular week-end shoot. Stuart Scott won the high-gun prize and two events. E. A. Wilson carried off the honors in the fifth and sixth events, F. G. Pelham in the third, J. G. Patterson the monthly cup leg, and E. L. C. Robins the leg on the double prize, making his third leg and giving him the trophy. The scores:

First Event—10 Birds, Scratch, Unknown Angles.—S. Scott, 10; F. Pelham, 9; J. G. Batterson, 5; T. J. O'Donahue, 5; E. A. Wilson, 8; R. L. Spotts, 8; W. B. Short, 9. Winner, S. Scott.

Second Event—15 Birds, Scratch, Unknown Angles.—S. Scott, 10; F. Pelham, 10; J. G. Batterson, 11; T. J. O'Donahue, 9; E. A. Wilson, 9; R. L. Spotts, 11; W. B. Short, 9. Tie between Batterson and Spotts. Shoot-off won by Bakerson.

Third Event—25 Birds, Handicap, Unknown Angles.—S. Scott, 23; T. Pelham, 23; J. G. Bakerson, 22; T. J. O'Donahue, 18; E. A. Wilson, 23; R. L. Spotts, 21; W. B. Short, 21. Tie between Scott, Pelham, and Wilson. Shoot-off won by Pelham.

Fourth Event—25 Birds, Handicap, Unknown Angles, for Leg, February Cup.—F. Pelham, 22; E. A. Wilson, 22; J. G. Batterson, 24; R. L. Spotts, 17; S. Scott, 21; W. B. Short, 15. Winner, J. G. Batterson.

Fifth Event; 25 Birds; Handicap; Unknown Angles.—F. Pelham, 18; E. A. Wilson, 24; J. G. Batterson, 17; R. L. Spotts, 17; S. Scott, 20; W. B. Short, 15; K. R. Hooker, 16; J. Ross Collins, 19; A. B. Alley, 21. Winner, E. A. Wilson.

Sixth Event; 25 Birds; Handicap; Unknown Angles.—F. Pelham, 18; E. A. Wilson, 22; J. G. Batterson, 13; R. S. Spotts, 21; S. Scott, 19; W. B. Short, 16; E. L. C. Robins, 17; K. R. Hooker, 18; J. Ross Collins, 14; A. B. Alley, 17. Winner, E. A. Wilson.

Seventh Event; 10 Doubles; Scratch; Unknown Angles.—S. Scott, 9; F. Pelham, 4; E. L. C. Robins, 14; E. A. Wilson, 5; J. G. Batterson, 0; R. L. Spotts, 11. Winner, E. L. C. Robins.

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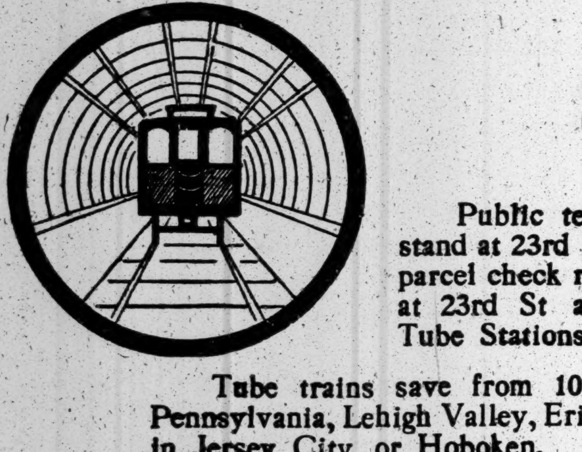

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Something extra at all prices.

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MARDI GRAS AUTO RACE MEET ENDED

Yesterday's Programme Disappointing, Owing to Small Number of Competitors.

OLDFIELD BEATS DE PALMA

Latter Loses Tire in Fourth Mile of Ten-Mile Race and Withdraws from the Contest.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 6.—The second Mardi Gras automobile meet at New Orleans was concluded this afternoon at the Fair Grounds race track. About 3,000 persons witnessed the contests and were disappointed in the programme. There were but four races instead of the six scheduled, and one of these was an uninteresting drive between amateurs.

Barney Oldfield defeated Ralph De Palma in what was scheduled to be the chief event of the meet. The contest was to have been a ten-mile match. In the fourth mile De Palma burst a tire and was forced out. Up to that time he and Oldfield had been running neck and neck, and the race promised to be a close one. De Palma used a Fiat and Oldfield a Benz car. Summaries:

Five Miles, Klaw & Erlanger Trophy for Amateurs.—Fred Shaw, Knox, first; C. S. Bragg, Fiat, second; Jack Darcy, Stoddard-Dayton, third. Time—6:05. Handicaps—Shaw, 15 seconds; Bragg, scratch; Darcy, 45 seconds.

Ten Miles, Special World's Championship Match.—Oldfield, Benz, first; De Palma, Fiat, withdrew. Time—9:36.

Five Miles, Gentilly Trophy for New Orleans Championship.—Won by M. Pierwin, Thomas car, on a forfeit for lack of starters.

Ten Miles, Free-for-All.—Kirscher, Darracq, first; Ooldfield, Knox, second; De Palma, Fiat, third. Time—9:32. Handicaps—Kirscher, 15 seconds; Oldfield, 32 seconds; De Palma, scratch.

Ten Miles, Special Handicap Event.—Oldfield, Knox, first; De Palma, Fiat, second. Time—9:47. Handicap—Oldfield, 28 seconds.

MILITARY HOCKEY LEAGUE.

Such an Organization Will Probably Be Formed by Next Season.

There is the prospect that another hockey league will make its appearance in this city next year, which will be known as the Military Hockey League. There was some talk the early part of this season that such an organization would be formed, but the fact that no dates could be secured at St. Nicholas Rink put an end to the idea for this Winter. It is now confidently predicted that by next Fall the organization will be in full force. A meeting looking toward this end will be held at St. Nicholas Rink the latter part of this week.

The military organizations which will be embraced in the new league are Squadron C of Brooklyn, Squadron A of Manhattan, First Battalion, Naval Reserves; Seventh Regiment, and First Battery Field Artillery.

These organizations number among their members many who are proficient at the Canadian game, and it is anticipated that the league will find a big following among the hockey enthusiasts.

SHEPPARD'S TRIAL FEB. 19.

Case Will Be Heard at Seventy-First Regiment Armory.

At a meeting of the Athletic Committee of the Military Athletic League yesterday afternoon at the Seventy-first Regiment Armory it was decided to hold the trial of Melvin W. Sheppard, who was suspended recently for alleged violations of the M. A. L. rules at Philadelphia on the afternoon of Feb. 19, at the Seventy-first Regiment Armory. The papers in the case are now being prepared in Philadelphia, and Sheppard will be served with a notice of the trial either to-day or to-morrow, so that he may have the required ten days' notice. The trial will be open to the representatives of the newspapers, but the public will not be admitted.

At the meeting yesterday the M. A. L. committee proposed a change in the constitution which would bring the surrounding cities in closer touch with the National body than is now the case.

"Killing" on Charlie Hargrave.

JUAREZ, Mexico, Feb. 6.—Charlie Hargrave, reported to be owned by James Butler of New York, was the medium of a big killing at Terrazas Park to-day. He opened at 5 to 1 in the betting, but was steadily pounded to 3 to 1. He won by twelve lengths. The Bedwell entry finished outside the money. The track was in bad shape, the rain of last night making it heavy.

Three Turkish Wrestlers Coming.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 6.—Three champion Turkish wrestlers, Ali Ahmed, Izzet, and Halil Hodja, have started from here to make a tour of America.

COFFROTH LOSES TWO HOURS.

Racing from London to San Francisco, Reaches Omaha Behind Time.

OMAHA, Feb. 6.—James Coffroth, who made a two-thousand-dollar bet with Eugene Corri in London that he could travel from the English capital to San Francisco in ten days has arrived here two hours late.

When Coffroth landed in New York on Friday on the Mauretania he had an excess of four hours over the time which the train schedules said were necessary for him to get from coast to coast. He smilingly said then that four hours were all he wanted and that he had no fears about arriving in San Francisco on time.

However, he has lost two of those precious four hours now, and, while he completed en route arrangements for two big fights in connection, he says, with the Johnson-Jeffries battle of July 4, he was willing to admit that at the moment his chances of winning out were not so bright as they had been.

Friends of Coffroth here believe, though, that even if he had lost all the four hours' leeway that had once been his he would still pull into the California city right on the stroke of the hour he had set for himself. Certainly none of his acquaintances here believe for a moment that he will not win his wager, hazardous though his chances to do so may now appear.

FIGHTS OF THE WEEK.

Two Good Bouts To-Night—Willie Mango Fights for Brother Thursday.

Joseph Wagner, the Italian bantam weight of this city, and "Patsy" Brannigan of Pittsburg will be the star performers in a ten-round contest at the Olympic Athletic Club, West 125th Street, to-night.

"Young" O'Leary, the east side bantam weight, and "Frankie" Burns of Jersey City will box in a ten-round contest at the Bedford Athletic Club to-night.

Charles Sieger, the "iron man" of Hoboken, and "Mike" Glover of Boston have been matched to box ten rounds at Brown's Athletic Association, West Twenty-third Street, to-morrow night.

"Kid" Murphy of New Haven and "Jimmie" Sullivan of the Hamilton A. C. of this city have been matched for a ten-round contest at the Long Acre Athletic Association on Thursday night. Joe Hyland defeated "Frankie" Mango at this club recently, and Frankie's big brother, Willie, will try to even [illegible] the score when he goes against Hyland [illegible] a ten-rounder in the semi-final event.

CLAN McDONALDS LEAD.

Beat Brooklyns in Amateur Association Football League Match.

Keen rivalry marked the New York Amateur Association Football League championship match between the Brooklyn Football Club and the Clan McDonalds at McDonald Field, in Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon, when a fast game was contested in spite of the high wind which prevailed throughout the day. The Clan McDonalds finally emerged winners of the match by the score of 1 goal to 0, the result of a "penalty," and retained their position at the head of the series with a margin of three points. The line-up:

Clan McDonalds.	Position.	Brooklyns.
Wilson	Goal	Armstrong
Easson	Right back	York
J. Ross	Left back	Kirby
Hulme	Right half	Maclennan
Hart	Centre half	Opperman
Hoyle	Left half	Winpenny
D. Ross	Outside right	Caldicott
Hastie	Inside right	Williams
Glen	Centre forward	O'Halloran
Lythgoe	Inside left	Coward
Hampson	Outside left	McNeil

Referee—C. Creighton; linesmen—H. Ross and W. Hull; goal—T. Hoyle, Clan McDonalds; time—halves of 45 minutes.

At Van Cortlandt Park the Camerons won a hard fought championship game from the Bronx United eleven by the score of 1 goal to 0. Neither side was able to score in the first period of play, but after the restart and playing against the wind the Camerons tallied the point that decided the game in their favor. The line-up:

Camerons.	Position.	Bronx United.
Maddox	Goal	Murphy
Guthrie	Right back	Harper
J. Isaac	Left back	Martin
Joss	Right half	Hassell
Buddie	Centre half	Black
Hastings	Left half	Forest
Wilson	Outside right	Williams
Eayley	Inside right	Shand
Marshall	Centre	Merser
Scott	Inside left	McPherson
Bissett	Outside left	Hudson

Referee—H. Williams; linesmen—E. Shaw and D. Graham; goal—P. Marshall, Camerons; time—halves of 35 minutes.

On Saturday the Camerons defeated the Boys' Club at Maspeth, L. I., by the score of 4 goals to 2.

The Arcadia Thistles improved their standing in the Amateur League series by defeating the Astoria Independents on the grounds of the latter by the score of 2 goals to 1 yesterday afternoon. The line-up:

Astoria	Position.	Arcadia Thistles.
Weeks	Goal	McAlpine
Drinkwater	Right back	Russell
Mitchell	Left back	Craig
Smith	Right half	Crawford
Wood	Centre half	Lyons
Griffiths	Left half	Chalmers
Becker	Outside right	Grant
Reeve	Inside right	Gibb
Andrews	Centre	McGee
Sellers	Inside left	Craig
Boylan	Outside left	Lee

Referee—J. Sinclair, Camerons; linesmen—J. Smith and H. Brown; goals—Grant and Lee, Arcadia Thistles; Wood, Astoria Independents; time—halves of 35 minutes.

At Loughlin Oval, in Brooklyn, the Critchleys defeated the Clan MacKenzie eleven by the score of 2 goals to 0. The losers played with only eight men. T. Dewar and R. Cooke scored the goals for the Critchleys.

FOOTBALL PIVOT IS FORWARD PASS

Ramifications of Play Occupy Most of Rule Committee's Discussion.

TACKLES ALWAYS IN DANGER

Onside Kick, Too, Comes In for Much Criticism—Seven Men on Scrimmage Line Generally Demanded.

Probably none of the many proposed changes to the football code received half so much attention at the meeting of the Intercollegiate Football Rules Committee, which ended Saturday afternoon, as those relative to the forward pass. Not even the neutral zone and the on-side kick, fecund and frequent causes of dispute as to their safety, were so thoroughly debated and so minutely worked over as the existing forward pass.

Certainly the belief has become general among football experts that in this play—or, rather, in its permissibility, since it does not have to be actually employed to be dangerous—lie the real reasons for almost all the grave menaces to life and limb in the sport. Because there is no limit as to time or place when a team on the attack may essay a forward pass, the defense is kept constantly open and on the lookout for it, even if the pass is never made.

Instead of the old style of defensive play when there were only the primary and secondary lines—with a tertiary line of one player thirty or forty yards back to stop that runner, who might get clear of all the forward and the secondary line—the defense is now split into four lines, with the third and fourth so far removed from the first that they cannot possibly be of assistance to it. As a result the former system of defensive halves helping the tackles is gone, and the tackles—always the most vulnerable point of attack—have now been made chopping blocks and mere steps in the "down-the-field" smashes.

It has been generally recognized by the rule-makers and players that the first step in football reform must be along the lines of changing this condition at the tackle position. Of fourteen plans known to have been offered at the Rules Committee meeting, every one of them offered as the solution of the existing intolerable tackle situation the abolishment of the forward pass and the onside kick. By no other means could those who had tried to work out a scheme of easing up on the tackles accomplish their purpose. And as most of the serious injuries incurred during the Fall of 1909 were among the tackles or the players who carried the ball at the tackles, it will be seen that it is highly necessary that first consideration be given to this subject.

By permitting a forward pass back of the line of scrimmage to any player back of the line at the time the ball is put in play, would still allow for all varieties of that spectacular play which is demanded and the players a safe and consistent attack. If, at the same time, the onside kick were abolished, the secondary defense could once more come up into its old position relative to the forward, and thereby provide the needed assistance to the tackles. The attack would thereby really have been strengthened and the defense made proportionately stronger.

Practically every member of the committee is agreed that there should be seven of the attacking side men on the line of scrimmage. Some doubt exists as to whether these forwards should be permitted to interchange with the backs in order to carry the ball, and a poll of the committee showed about a half-and-half vote on this phase of the subject. Many of the members are agreed that if the distance to be gained in three tries is lessened to seven or six yards there will be far more open play than ever before, and that the number of end runs will be at least trebled.

In the three groups of suggestions favored by the committee was one very pregnant proposed change, No. 5 in Group B. It provides that "no runner on the offense shall receive any help until he has reached the line of scrimmage." If this rule be embodied in the code the present tandem will have been wiped out. And this suggestion met the approval of more than 50 per cent. of the committee.

Another suggestion much liked was to create a neutral zone between the catcher of a kick and opposing tacklers until the catcher had recovered or fumbled the punt, thereby saving him from the vicious tackles that were such marked features of last season's play, and which left him no chance to preserve his mechanical balance in falling, a thing highly necessary if injury is to be avoided. The only difference of opinion on this score was as to the width of this neutral zone—whether it should be three or five yards.

All in all, the meting of the committee has done much to clear the air and focus attention on the best of the proposed changes to the code. It has shown the public—scholastic, collegiate, and general—that the Rules Committee is working with only one end in view—the making of football as safe as any team game, in which there is deliberate physical contact, can be made.

COLUMBIA'S ROWING PLAN.

Graduate Wants Boat Clubs Similar to Those at Harvard.

A new plan to increase interest in rowing at Columbia University has been presented by a graduate in a recent letter to The Columbia Alumni News. He strongly advocates the forming of two boat clubs composed of those undergraduates who, while unable to make the 'Varsity crews, still would row if the means were afforded. The plan proposed is strongly similar to the Weld and Newell Clubs at Harvard. The letter was, in part, as follows:

> I think that two such rowing clubs would be of great benefit to the university. There is no more healthful sport than rowing, and every undergraduate would receive a measure of enjoyment from the days on the river that would be hard to estimate. Rowing would be within the reach of all, and although in the past the Rowing Club has made efforts to extend the privileges of the boathouse to all of its members, these efforts have been unsuccessful through what has seemed to be lack of interest.

The scheme of organizing the club by drawing lots, as suggested by the writer of the communication, seems to be one which would make easier many of the problems that always arise in the formation of such clubs. His plan is as follows:

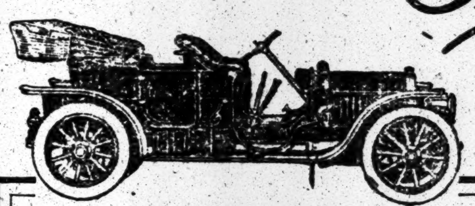
> Let the undergraduates now on the campus take steps to organize two clubs, and request the Rowing Club to turn over the Gould boathouse to them. And I would like to suggest a plan of organization that I think would prevent many of the evils that are likely to arise in the formation of the clubs. Let a committee be appointed by the Rowing Club, and let all applicants for membership present their applications to this committee. Then let the committee take all of the names that have been approved, place them in a hat, and proceed to form the two clubs, by putting the first name drawn in one club, the second in the other, and so on. After the clubs have been organized this same method of choosing the members by lot should be continued. Let the clubs appoint a Membership Committee composed of an equal number of men from each club to pass on all applicants. The applicants from each incoming freshman class should be passed on and then allotted to the clubs by the same method used in their formation. In this way the two clubs would be kept equal in numerical strength, and their strength in other respects would depend upon the will of the goddess chance, who, in the course of years is likely to make the clubs as nearly equal as possible in every way.

Since the announcement has come from Harvard that it was improbable that a dual race with Columbia would be held this year, although an offer had been received from New York, Columbia is left with only one preliminary race this Spring, that with Annapolis on May 7. Efforts are now being made by the Columbia management to obtain a race with Yale. As yet no answer has been received from the New Haven management. It has been suggested that a dual race between the Yale and Columbia 'Varsity eights on the Hudson on the day of the university Spring regatta in May would serve to arouse interest in rowing both at Columbia and Yale.

Fixtures for Amateur Golfers.

Word has been received to the effect that another opportunity will be afforded this year for amateur golfers of the East to gather at the famed Myopia links. This is because the course at Hamilton, Mass., has been selected as the one most suitable for the Lesley Cup matches, the dates being Sept. 30 and Oct. 1. On the two occasions the tri-city affairs were held hereabout the Metropolitan Golf Association chose the Garden City links, while last year the Pennsylvania Association provided the links of the Huntingdon Valley Country Club, generally regarded as the best in the Philadelphia district.

Brae Burn has been chosen by the Executive Committee of the Massachusetts Golf Association for the amateur championship meeting of the organization, which will be held June 15 to 18. The disposition of the open dates have been left to a committee consisting of G. Herbert Windeler, R. R. Freeman, and H. L. Ayer. The Essex County Club and the Wollaston Golf Club have both been mentioned as anxious to hold this attraction.



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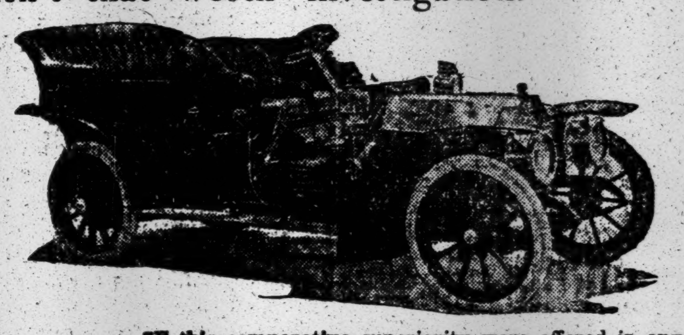

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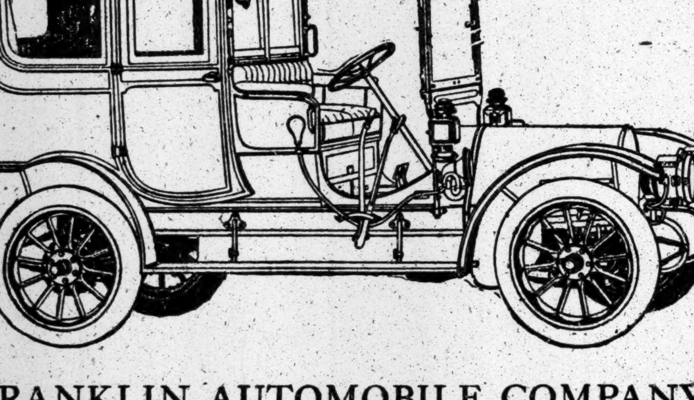

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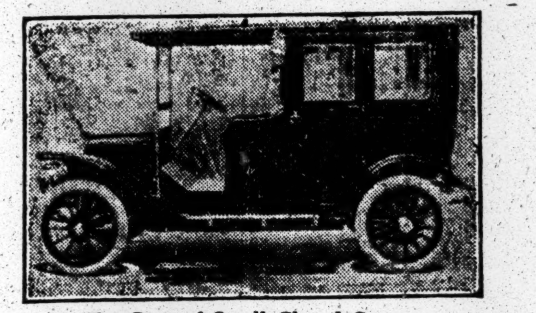

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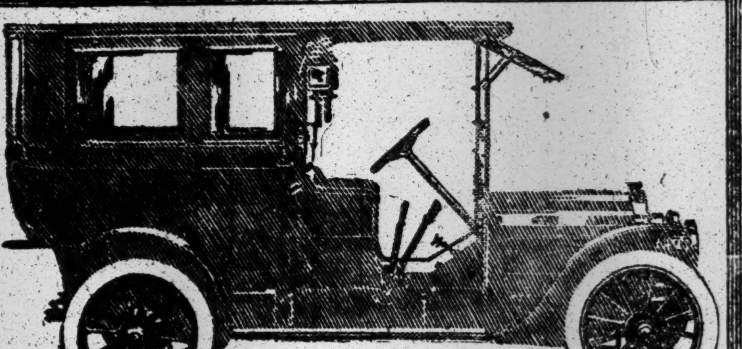

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NEW YORK, MONDAY, FEB. 7, 1910.

A MISSING RECORD.

It is more unfortunate than surprising that an important legislative record should be missing at the moment of the inquiry into the Conger-Allds charges.

The lost record is that of the Committee having in charge the bill for the failure of which it is alleged that money was demanded by and paid to Senator ALLDS. It is one of a series, and the numbers before and after are found. The one that has not been found in its proper place would probably show, in some detail, the history of the bill in Committee, the various motions made regarding it, the authors of these, the votes in the Committee. These details are precisely those that a thorough investigation would take up, and official statement of them is extremely important. The abstraction of the record at this particular time is necessarily gratifying to those only who do not wish the investigation to be thorough.

It is, however, a mistake to suppose that the absence of this specific record will necessarily hamper the Senate. That will depend entirely on the temper of the Senators themselves. In one sense the disappearance of the record has the significance of a refusal to answer a question that may incriminate a witness. The impression on the minds of jurors is not favorable, and in this instance the Senators are even more free to weigh the significance of such an incident than jurors would be. Again, the minute book now lost was that of the Committee on Internal Affairs, where the bill was detained until its fate passed into the hands of the Committee on Rules, of which Senator ALLDS, as majority leader of the Assembly, was an important and influential member. The substance of the charge against him is that he used his influence corruptly to smother the bill through the omission of the latter Committee to act upon it. After the incident of the missing minute book the Senate cannot refuse to go very carefully into the history of the bill in the Rules Committee and into all the circumstances of its final failure.

MR. SMITH'S ESSAYS ON SPECULATION.

Some months ago Mr. SMITH, the Commissioner of Corporations, made a report on speculation in cotton, and at intervals since then he has issued supplements to explain away the impression which was generally received that he was opposed to speculation. The most recent addendum was published Saturday, in the form of a report to President TAFT regarding proposals to legislate upon the subject. Mr. SMITH thinks that some of the business in futures is legitimate and beneficial, and that other business of the same class is "unquestionably evil." The difference between them is a "difference of intent, a state of mind." Necessarily "certain difficulties are obviously involved in applying practically such a distinction." He will have general sympathy in his desire "to eliminate the evil and retain the good," but since he does not "presume to say whether this can be done and how," after writing several reports about it, the subject remains where he found it. How much more thorough and convincing is the sweet simplicity of the bill pending before the New York Legislature making margin dealings a felony for buyer and seller and banker alike.

On only one subject has Mr. SMITH fixed convictions. After months of deliberation he repeats that "quotations produced under the fixed difference system—that of New York—frequently decrease the prices of cotton received by the farmer." Mr. SMITH's ingenuous friends have three remedies against taking too little for their cotton. One is to rig the market in the manner of the wicked gamblers in New York, another is to welch on their bets, and the third is to get the help of politicians to try to enact that their cotton shall sell for more than it is worth. That they are now "working" Congress needs no proof. The pending bills are supported by a lobby which is proud of its activities. They are the representatives of a body said to number 1,500,000 members, which before descending upon Washington is said by a sympathetic Southern newspaper to have "raised $3,500,000 and deposited the cash in a hundred Georgia banks, in order to aid the farmers to held their crops for the twenty-cent price they expect to get for it before next Summer."

What they did when the market went against them is described by another generally sympathetic Southern newspaper. They "refused to deliver," "breaking their contracts deliberately and flagrantly," and "firms which trusted in their contracts have been forced into bankruptcy."

Two wrongs do not make a right. It is no excuse for bad Exchange speculators that some farmer speculators are bad. The object of the recital is to show that bulls and bears are much alike, and that there is scant excuse for governmental intervention until a case is made out clearer than Commissioner SMITH's. It does not seem to us that the Commissioner's protégés need to be dry nursed by anybody. Neither do we like to read in a governmental report an essay under the Corporation Bureau's caption, "Psychological Influence of Abnormal Accounts." Regulation of rates by public utilities is leading the way to regulation of prices in general. But the regulation of the psychology of the markets is rather too large an order to trust even to the Bureau of Corporations.

AN INTERNATIONAL EPISODE.

In the nature of things the Pope of Rome must have the last word to say about callers at the Vatican. "They that stand high have many blasts to shake them." Folks cannot be permitted to drop in casually on the Sovereign Pontiff. Still it seems a pity that so distinguished a private citizen of the United States as Mr. FAIRBANKS of Indianapolis could not be received by the Pope just because he was going to be received officially by the American Methodists in Rome. As an American Methodist himself, of much zeal and renown, Mr. FAIRBANKS could not afford to neglect the branch of his sect in Rome. The Pope's reason, announced through a proxy, for refusing to receive Mr. FAIRBANKS, in spite of his high regard for him, is most interesting. The American Methodists in Rome are getting in converts from the Mother Church. This, we believe, is news. Anyhow the fact has not hitherto been published on such high authority.

According to the cable dispatches Mr. FAIRBANKS made his call on King VICTOR EMMANUEL early, and before the complication had developed. Doubtless, however, the King is not prejudiced against Methodists. By and large they are a deserving lot of people, the world over, and not more aggressive than members of other thriving denominations. Still the Pope is doubtless well advised. He is better qualified to judge of his duties and responsibilities than others are. As for the Methodists, they have reason to feel flattered. To be making converts to Methodism in historic Rome, in the very shadow of St. Peter's, is worth while. Mr. FAIRBANKS has our sympathy. He wanted to see the Pope and express to him his belief in the good citizenship of the American Catholics. Nevertheless, he may continue his Italian travels in good spirits and with a clear conscience.

FIRST AID TO GIVERS.

"First aid" to the rich and philanthropically disposed has been established by the Charity Organization Society under the formal name of Bureau of Advice and Information. The bureau was founded on the assumption that there are many men and women at large who want to give to charity and philanthropy but cannot quite see their way clear to standing on the street corners and pitching coin to all comers. They need information as to what are the best benevolent investments, as well as protection against hold-ups by the undeserving. The bureau is in charge of a special committee, of which WILLIAM J. MATHESON is Chairman, with LLOYD C. GRISCOM, recently elected Republican County Chairman; ROBERT S. BREWSTER, EDWARD S. HARKNESS, HENRY W. HARDON, PHILIP J. MCCOOK, FRANK TUCKER, and W. FRANK PERSONS as members.

Mr. MATHESON says that givers to charitable agencies are generally asked to give oftener than they can afford to give, and the time has come, with chances for the most benevolent to die poor appearing in every direction, when a selection of beneficiaries must be made with the greatest care if the money is to be wisely spent. It is to be supposed that any one who takes time to earn money to give away won't have much time left to study out the best means of disposing of his surplus, so the bureau is ready and willing to answer any question on the subject. It will tell, for instance, whether the actual work of an institution or charitable agency happens to be just what the applicant for financial support represents it to be, or how much money it spends a year, and what the results are. The philanthropist can learn whether the expenditure and the results seem to be properly related, and whether the same results are not obtained at less cost by some other agency.

The past records of practically all the charitable institutions in this city which depend on donations and endowments for support are on the tip of the bureau's tongue, so that the man laying up treasure in the safety vault of the future can learn whether the claims of past achievement can be verified. The bureau thinks the suspicion whether all these people who ask for gifts from rich men for charity are actually and genuinely interested in such charity sometimes well founded, and it is prepared to tell, confidentially, of course, whether this is the case with all advertised and alleged sponsors, trustees, and directors of agencies. The bureau is also prepared to inform prospective givers whether the work described as worthy of philanthropy is a candidate for private or for municipal or State control and support.

THE COLD SNAP.

The ground hog is vindicated. He came out of his hole at the specified time, saw his shadow, and retired to slumber six weeks more. If the cold snap that nipped the ears and noses of New York yesterday is not a bad weather breeder there is no such thing. The scientific weather sharps had been cautioning credulous persons against heeding the ground hog. They questioned his meteorological knowledge. But he knows more than they know. Yesterday morning's predictions mentioned "continued cold." The average temperature Saturday was 30 above zero. Last night the mercury dropped nearly to zero. The Weather Bureau says there is no storm in sight. But the Catskill region had a blizzard yesterday which broke the mountain weather records.

There is no sense in complaining of the cold. If it were not for the increased suffering of the poor and homeless, and the danger to the aged and the sick, it would put us all in a high state of glee. To be abroad last night was to be decidedly uncomfortable. The feathers of KEATS's immortal owl would have afforded him poor protection. The chill of that memorable St. Agnes's Eve would have been balmy in comparison with the icy blasts that swept across the Hudson. But it was what we are apt to call good, healthy weather. The germs were temporarily out of commission. If with the first signs of moderation we do not have an old-fashioned Winter storm the ordinary people, whose judgment of the weather is based in experience, are no better prophets than the meteorologists employed by the Government. Meanwhile, we tender our congratulations to the ground hog. His instinct is trustworthy.

INSPECTORS SHOULD EXPLAIN.

No previous case, perhaps, illustrated as strikingly as does that of the steamer Kentucky the efficiency of wireless telegraphy in preventing loss of life at sea. The nearest approach to it was that of the Republic, but then, as it turned out, everybody would have been saved, even if there had been no means of summoning assistance from many miles away. Almost unquestionably, however, all the men on the Kentucky would have been drowned if the vessel had not been equipped with the wireless apparatus, for she was sinking fast in conditions of storm and sea that probably made it impossible for the crew to make any extended voyage in their own boats, and the nearest shore, besides being hundreds of miles away, is one where landing is particularly difficult and dangerous in bad weather.

But interest in the fact and the method of the rescue should not divert attention from the circumstances which rendered rescue necessary. All the indications point to the conclusion that there was something seriously wrong with the steamer when she started on her long and hard voyage around the Horn, and that she had been patched up rather than repaired and made seaworthy, after her first escape from foundering, not many miles down the coast. That she had been bought for use in the Alaska trade is significant, in view of all that has been said about the quality of the vessels which are sent to the Pacific Coast after they are deemed out of date for these waters.

The Kentucky was not very old, having been built only thirteen years ago, but she had long since seen her best days. When a vessel twice begins to sink almost as soon as she leaves port there would seem to be some excuse for wondering if the Government inspection service is as rigid and competent as it is supposed to have been made as a result of the revelations following the burning of the Slocum.

Incidentally, it is to be hoped that the people in and out of Congress who were so much excited by the use of public vessels to find and, if necessary, save the Nourmahal, will notice that in this case, too, at least as many vessels of the same sort were hurried into action as soon as the news came that the Kentucky was in danger. The routine course was pursued in both instances, and no less promptly because the Kentucky was a very poor representative of the merchant vessel class and had no millionaires on board.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Women Are Peculiar. It must have made even the mildest of the suffragists, to say nothing of the suffragettes, grind their pretty teeth with rage when they read what arguments were advanced to prevent the New York City Federation of Women's Clubs from expressing an adverse opinion on the South Carolina law which permits a husband, no matter how bad his character, to give away "his" children to anybody he chooses, regardless of any objections or protests by the mother, and though her character may be as free from reproach as his is open to it.

Some of the women at the meeting, it seems, had reached the not altogether surprising opinion that this law is both vicious and imbecile, a disgrace to any human beings pretending to be even half way civilized, and an obvious survival from the barbarous days when wives and children were as much a man's property and as subject to his will or caprice as his horses and cows. And they wanted the Federated Clubs to say so by formal resolution. But opposition developed! One eloquent representative of the female sex rose in her place and vehemently pleaded for delay. "If you pass such a resolution," she said, "the women of South Carolina will not thank you." A second hinted that Northern women were going too far when they criticised and attempted to dictate to a sister State, and a third is quoted as saying: "Should we, only a body of women, try to decide a question of which we know nothing, when the men who have thought it all out have decided what is best?" All three of them were from South Carolina, and that one fact was decisive in their minds—they weren't going to have their State scolded by Northern women!

If the anti-suffragists are in need of more ammunition for use in their campaign we warmly commend this episode to their attention. They will never get anything that comes nearer to proving that women shouldn't vote or have anything to do with the making of laws than the fact that a few women could defend South Carolina's abominable statute regarding the disposition of children by fathers, and that a much larger number of women could let the few prevent them from giving instant and emphatic expression to their opinion of that law.

Explained, but Not Cleared Up. With most commendable promptness Commissioner BAKER has supplied the public with an explanation why he turned two mounted policemen into policemen on foot and transferred them from the Bronx to lower Manhattan. At first, like many of his predecessors in office, he haughtily refused to answer questions on the subject with anything more explicit than that his action was taken "for good and sufficient reasons," which is his particular variant of the more familiar—and equally impertinent—"for the good of the service." But he was soon convinced, by his own good sense or otherwise, that the matter was one of legitimate public interest. The men were transferred, he then said, because the mounted policemen of the Bronx are in revolt against an order to report to their stations by telephone once an hour while on duty, and he had to bring the rebels to submission by punishing two of them.

Now that is a better explanation than none, but unfortunately it leaves a whole lot of interesting and important questions unsettled. How did it happen, for instance, that the first, and as yet the only, men selected for punishment from among presumably numerous culprits were two who had just brought embarrassment on their immediate superiors by arresting three offenders who had long been immune from that inconvenience? And what a curious coincidence it was that the disappearance of the two policemen from the Bronx could be confidently and correctly prophesied by the men arrested and others, the moment the arrests were made.

That there was also something peculiar in the sudden zeal of the two policemen is also obvious, but the motive for that zeal does not detract at all from the propriety of what they did, and it might have been expected—in an ideal world—to earn for them some leniency in the matter of their "revolt." That it didn't do so is plain—so plain that—well, the Commissioner's explanation lacks just a little of being even one of the "good and sufficient reasons" which a somewhat impatient public is waiting for, and the sooner he trots out half a dozen or so of them the sooner will the very unpleasant incident be forgotten.

UPLIFT OF THE FARMER.

Suggests the Advantage of Having Every Man Cultivate His Own Garden.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A number of philanthropically inclined persons have recently expressed themselves as much interested concerning the "uplift" of the American farmer, and I am informed that commissions have been formed and undertaken to offer suggestions as to the proper method of accomplishing the desired result, probably to the disgust of the farmer, who has not publicly expressed much interest in the matter of his elevation.

This may be because no one, so far as I know, has made any authoritative definition of what is included in the term "farmer." But we beg to suggest that any person is a farmer who actually occupies any area of land, either as owner or lessee, and who personally cultivates such land for the purpose of producing such articles as he can derive therefrom, either directly or indirectly, whether the same be milk, honey, fruit, grain, vegetables, fowls, meats, or other articles in common use. If this general definition is in some measure correct, then the farm products constitute a material part of the articles used, and their purchase an important part of the cost of living.

Why would it not be be more desirable for our friends of the uplift movement to centre their efforts in promoting the cultivation of larger areas, in fact, to induce every person living at any place, except in an apartment building, to cultivate his own garden as the German does in Germany. As regular employment requires but eight hours a day, it leaves a man ample time to cultivate his garden to such an extent that he can raise the principal part of the food for himeslf and family. He would be a better man and citizen to devote his time to such affairs, and such cultivation would soon prove to be a pleasant and profitable exercise, adding much to his health, comfort, wealth, and happiness. EX-FARMER.

New York, Feb. 3, 1910.

The Sorbonne.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

You state, under the head of "Battle at Sorbonne," that "The Sorbonne was erected in 1629 by Richelieu for the theological Faculty of the University of Paris," and is "now devoted chiefly to the Faculties of literature, science, jurisprudence, and medicine." I think that this is too vague and incorrect a reference to one of the oldest extant universities. The true facts are these:

The Sorbonne at the present day is the name of the building which contains the Schools of Letters and Science of the University of Paris. Founded by (and named after) Robert de Sorbon, confessor to Louis IX., in 1253, the Sorbonne was originally intended to aid poor students in theology. It became one of the most famous schools in the world, and its "graduates" held such high standing that all the members of the Theological School took the title of Bachelor or Doctor of The Sorbonne—whether of that school or not. It has been several times rebuilt, always on the same site; the modern buildings (erected since the Revolution) surrounded on three sides the chapel of the Sorbonne, built in 1629 by Cardinal Richelieu. His family have still the right to hold weddings and burials there, though the chapel has never been wholly reconsecrated since the Revolution, when David—among other great artists of the period—rented part of it as an atelier.

The Law School on the opposite (eastern) side of the Rue St. Jacques and one block higher than the Sorbonne, was designed by Soufflot at the same time as and to correspond with the Pantheon.

The Medical School is two blocks west of the Sorbonne, in the famous building of the Rue de l'Ecole de Medecine, built under Louis XVI. MARJORIE MARY BUTLER.

South Hadley, Mass., Feb. 3, 1910.

Courteous Box Office Men.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Referring to F. H. Johnson's letter regarding "Rude Ticket Sellers," I beg to state that my experience has been quite the contrary. During the past few years I have bought tickets at many of the theatres and have always received the most courteous and considerate treatment. I have had no difficulty in exchanging tickets for another evening in case it became necessary to do so, and have even been allowed to enter and occupy a seat which I believed to be mine when on one or two occasions I had mislaid or lost my ticket. This was not because of any "pull" or because I was acquainted with the ticket sellers. When I hear others complain of the rudeness of ticket sellers, as I do occasionally, I always make a mental comment on the sort of treatment their manner may have called forth. A. NEWCOMB.

New York, Feb. 5, 1910.

GALLERY NOTES.

Works by Williams and Noble—Belmont Prints on Exhibition.

At the Macbeth Galleries until Feb. 16 two exhibitions are presenting vividly contrasting types of art for consideration by the public. F. Ballard Williams is represented both by his landscapes and by his figure subjects with landscape settings. The eighteen examples comprising the collection provide a sense of variety in subject and unity in point of view which calls for admiration. The individual pictures are, however, by no means equally interesting, the landscapes rather pushing to the wall the more ambitious figure compositions. The latter suggest that in trying to achieve a greater realism and modernity in his ladies of romance Mr. Williams has fallen into a habit of overemphasis upon their presence in the picture. They are so human, so big, so insistent in their beauty that they monopolize the interest of the picture, and, handsome as they are, they are insignificant in comparison with the beauties of the landscapes surrounding them. No doubt we should have escaped this feeling of faint resentment that the figures should get between us and the landscape if the artist had not himself furnished us with a touchstone for his accomplishment in one picture in which he attains his highwater mark.

This picture, which he calls "On the Mountain," is also a landscape with figures, but the latter are flung like a handful of gleaming jewels in the foreground of a wonderful vista of hilltops, receding toward a far-distant horizon, their contours modeled with simplicity and grandeur in spite of the analytic method of representing the color gradations.

The figures in this instance are small and exist as accents in the majestic scene, not as the principal elements of the composition, and the dainty fervor of their gestures and the brilliancy of their coloring emphasizes the lofty charms of the landscape, the enchanting qualities of which the artist distilled from nature.

Decidedly, unless the human significance absorbs the painter, as was the case with Millet, or the figures and the landscape are painted equally in the spirit of dream as was the case with Watteau and, differently, with Giorgione, a painter who is possessed of the key to nature's most romantic charm does his best to let his landscapes play the leading part in his compositions. The picture gains by it on every side.

The Spanish paintings by F. Luis Mora in the outer gallery are strong in color and flooded for the most part with sunlight. "The Torero, 'El Inmediato'" is a well-drawn figure in the picturesque costume of the Spanish bullfighter, and the costume is painted with a lively sense of color values, the variegated patch of canvas telling as a unity across the gallery.

The gardens and courts of Granada, with their blue and green tiles, their gleaming marbles, their splashing fountains, their bright flowers, their languid visitors in drooping shawls, and their opulent sunshine, are not less interesting than the fiery Spanish dancers with their sympathetic audiences, each line a symbol of movement—altogether the collection is well worth visiting.

⁂

At the Ralston Gallery is a group of paintings by Thomas S. Noble, who died in 1907 at the age of 72, having begun his career as an artist, after his period of study under Couture, at just the time when war subjects and subjects inspired by incidents of slavery were prominent in American art.

One of the pictures on view is thus inspired. One shows John Brown blessing the negro child held up to him by its mother as he is coming out of prison. The soldier of the State Guard who attends him is in the Continental uniform, a characteristic bit of accuracy on the part of the artist, as that uniform was still worn by the State Guard at that time.

Other pictures show German types, "A Resident of Munich" and "Dachau Peasant." One in which a delightful dog is introduced is a portrait of a blind beggar of Paris; a subject called "Rebellion" shows a man in the motley of a harlequin coaxing a rebellious monkey behind the scenes of a circus to do his part in rehearsal, while a little girl looks on; an early canvas, "The Salem Martyr," has for its gloomy subject a young woman led to execution through the streets of the wicked little town, and the other canvases show an equal variety of subject. The technique is that which pupils more docile than Manet, who left Couture's studio the year Noble entered it, drew from Couture's instruction, but the later pictures show a sturdier conception of character than the feeble old Frenchman ever managed to grasp.

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Until the dates of sale, Thursday and Friday evenings, Feb. 10 and 11, the Anderson Art Galleries will have on exhibition the fine collection of sporting prints and original drawings gathered by the late Oliver H. P. Belmont. These include among many interesting items some of the beautiful little water-color drawings by Thomas Rowlandson, whose genius in this class of work has never been appreciated for its best qualities.

FOR RIKER'S ISLAND PRISON.

Commissioner Solomon Urges Need of It and Wants Dark Cells Abolished.

ALBANY, Feb. 6.—Vice President Henry Solomon of the State Prison Commission, who recently inspected the penitentiary on Blackwell's Island, recommends that sanitary isolation cells be built in lieu of dark punishment cells. "The dark cells," says the report, "are still used for punishment purposes, which is not only detrimental to the prisoners' general health, but more or less injures their eyesight. The Superintendent of State Prisons has realized that the change recommended by the Prison Commission was a good one, and has already in course of erection both at Auburn and Clinton Prisons isolated but light and sanitary punishment cells."

Commenting on the new prison to be built at Riker's Island, Commissioner Solomon says:

"I would like to say a word as to the great need of the new prison about to be built at Riker's Island, plans for which have been made and passed by this commission some time since, and it is high time that the necessary money be appropriated for same. It is remarkable that the State and city show so much apathy in regard to their duty to its wards, inasmuch as they do not provide for their needs until years after the demand has arrived, as is amply displayed in its prisons and lunatic asylums, which, in both instances, are overcrowded almost beyond the limit of sanitary care."

Commissioner Solomon says that in the shops of the Penitentiary the men are not fully employed because of "lack of orders, from which I infer that the various public departments are purchasing too many of the class of goods manufactured here in the open market. For instance, there have been no orders received from the Street Cleaning Department for a long time for horse rotary brooms, and the machine for manufacturing them lies idle. The department's attention should be called to this fact."

A Perplexing Question.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Can THE TIMES enlighten a perplexed reader?

With great formality a Senator in Albany relates a story of which a fellow-Senator is made the hero. Whereupon the Senate solemnly resolves itself into a court to investigate the story—possibly to ascertain if it is not large enough to disclose more than one hero.

Differing in detail, but in all essential qualities similar, a story is related in Washington by a Senator who modestly claims that he himself is the hero. And the Senate, in the person of its managing director, "shakes with laughter."

Now this is what perplexes me: Is the "business" of Congress so much a matter of course that formal reference to it is amusing, or is Aldrich deficient in a sense of humor? Or did Mr. Elkins and Mr. Aldrich think the Senate was in executive session?

New York, Feb. 5, 1910. E. B. MERRITT.

LACK OF A CITY PLAN.

Committee Says That Conflicts Between Departments Have Been Costly.

The Committee on Congestion of Population declared in a statement issued yesterday that the lack of a far-sighted "city plan" is proving costly to New York. Much city money is wasted, says the committee, because of the conflicting plans of different city departments regarding the same land sites. In 1905, for example, the city prepared elaborate maps and plans, which involved the discontinuance of various streets in Elmhurst. Then it was discovered that the city had already bought a costly school site on one of the streets which were to be discontinued, and the elaborate city map of the section had to be made again.

The new Coney Island Hospital is going to bring about the same kind of costly confusion, says the statement, by interfering with the extension of East Fourth and Fifth Streets, Brooklyn. The city's elaborate plans regarding Barnes Avenue, in the Bronx, would have to be greatly changed because of a number of buildings the city has unwittingly permitted to be erected within the street lines. The same mishap had befallen the city's plans regarding Bailey Avenue, in the Bronx. As a result the city's map of the section had to be changed and the opening proceedings amended.

The city started proceedings to take title to part of East Twenty-third Street, Brooklyn, two years ago, the statement continues. Immediately afterward a number of buildings were constructed in the way. To avoid buying the buildings the city had to give up its plans and amend the opening proceedings.

The Building Department and the Department of Public Works in Queens recently got into a costly tangle because each wanted to do a different thing in the same place, the report states. The Public Works Department some time ago started proceedings to acquire title to part of Fresh Pond Road. Shortly after the Building Department issued permits for the erection of buildings on the road. To prevent the erection of these buildings the Public Works Department had to buy parts of the street it did not need.

The city's lack of foresight in its land purchases has recently cost it over $1,000,000, the committee says, in connection with Bellevue Hospital alone. The city bought most of the Bellevue site ninety-nine years ago at less than $4,000 per acre. The hospital paid $244,000 four years ago for a small additional plot. Still more recently the hospital had to pay almost $1,500,000 for about one acre of land between Twenty-eighth and Twenty-ninth Streets. One piece of ground the hospital needed cost the city almost $500,000, and involved the tearing down of an expensive factory.

MAKE THE MAN FIT THE JOB.

President Maclaurin's Plea to the Alumni of "Tech."

The annual dinner of the Technology Club of New York was held on Saturday evening at the Hotel Knickerbocker. This club is made up of the alumni of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, there being over a thousand alumni in New York and its immediate neighborhood. The principal speaker was President Maclaurin, who went to Boston in June last, from Columbia University.

"All serious men recognize that our democracy to-day is exposed to many grave dangers," said President Maclaurin. "One of these is due to the current notion, founded on a false theory of democracy, that one man is as good as another, and therefore, that it doesn't matter very much who gets a job with the proviso, perhaps, that he be reasonably honest. Of course this is a monstrous doctrine and is not much improved in its more cynical form that any man can fill the post that he is clever enough to get. More might have been said for that in the good old simple days. But to-day the world is far too complex and we must demand not only intelligence but trained intelligence.

"He should remember, too, that most of the complexity of modern life is due to the social and industrial revolution brought about by the applications of science, and that the business man who is not imbued with the scientific spirit is an anachronism. He was born in the seventeenth century and has not yet outlived it. He and real experts, men who really know their jobs, for we have suffered too long from blundering amateurs and must pull them out root and branch. Then we must keep in view the dangers that arise from the spirit of extravagance that is so much abroad. It may easily drive us on to the rocks. Most carefully must we keep a lookout for means of avoiding waste. I have little doubt that half the wealth of the next generation will come from new applications of science that will show us how to avoid waste in our industrial operations.

"But even without any new application of science there is much that might easily be avoided now, if only men were properly trained. I heard recently of a single instance. A "Tech" man was employed some time ago to administer a department in a great city. In a short time by the adoption of scientific methods he had given the city a better service and lessened the cost by a million dollars a year. Let us imagine that such a man is allowed by the politicians to continue this work for twenty years, multiplying the twenty millions of dollars thus saved by even a small fraction of the ten thousand men who are trained at the Boston Tech in a generation, and you may form some estimate in dollars and cents of the value to the community of such an institution."

BRIDGET EXPLAINS.

Mrs. Hannibal Griggs, where I had me last place,
Was an iligant person of style,
I'm not after sayin' I just liked her face,
But not havin' married her, angels of grace!
I got used to it after a while;
And I managed to stand it, till one marnin' she
Come into the kitchen, and says she to me:
"The dinner last night was a shame and disgrace,
The mate was cinder, the soup was just grase,
The coffee"—she stopped, for me eye she had caught.
Now, I'm patient and gintle, for so I was taught,
But whin I'm insulted by that kind of folk
I loses me temper, and thin it's no joke.
"Mrs. Hannibal Griggs," I remarked in a tone
An actress might invy, "your words they have shown
A sad lack of breedin', ye seem to ferget
It's me you're addressin', ye chape suffragette!
Don't ye dare to reply, or I might lose control
Of me temper, and thin may the saints help your soul!
The mate was a cinder, I heard ye observe,
The soup it was grase—ye have, sure, got your nerve!
And the coffee—was iver the like of this seen!
If I wasn't a lady, ye chape splathereen,
It's manners I'd tache ye—but, there, let it pass,
I don't expect breedin' from folks of your class.
But this I'll remark, and it's all I will say,
That if fifty dollars is all ye can pay,
Ye'd do well to be a bit modest, and not
Come insultin' your betters—I'll lave on the spot!"
That's all that I said, there was no nade for more,
For whin I swept out, like a queen, through the door,
Mrs. Hannibal Griggs was a grasespot, begorel

WILLIAM WALLACE WHITELOCK.

DR. STEEN A RECTOR FOR FORTY YEARS

Bishop Greer and Congregation of the Ascension Memorial Church Help Him Celebrate.

THE OLDEST MEMBER THERE

When the Clergyman First Went to the Forty-Third Street Church Times Square Was a Home Spot.

With the congratulations of Bishop Greer, of scores of his fellow-clergymen, and of every member of his own large congregation, the Rev. Dr. John Floyd Steen celebrated yesterday the fortieth anniversary of his rectorship at the Ascension Memorial Church, in West Forty-third Street.

The clergyman was born in this city sixty-eight years ago. Dr. Steen went to his present west side Episcopal parish on Feb. 1, 1870, when Times Square was wholly a residential section, when West Forty-second Street was known as "Doctors' Row," and when the Ascension Memorial Church itself was a small brick Gothic structure between Eighth and Ninth Avenues.

"There were only fifty in the congregation then," said Dr. Steen yesterday. "The church was a subsidiary of the Ascension Church in the Fifth Avenue section. There had been some dissension, and we had to re-establish the parish from a very small beginning. I was only 28 years old, and had been for several years assistant to Stephen Tyng, the young and inspired preacher whose oratory filled the big building of Holy Trinity, at Madison Avenue and Forty-second Street, every Sunday with the city's fashionable folk.

"My new parish, when I took it up, was small. But it was picturesque and in a way beautiful. Shade trees lined the curbs of what has now come to be the theatre district, and there were many fine old frame buildings, with old-fashioned columns. The church became independent and moved to the present building sixteen years ago, in Forty-third Street, between Seventh and Eighth Avenues. Jefferson Clarke, the lawyer, and the family of George A. Hearn, the dry goods merchant, helped me to raise $20,000 for the purpose."

In honor of its rector, the church at yesterday morning's service was crowded to the doors. A class of thirty communicants was confirmed by Bishop Greer. The Bishop, who also preached the sermon, took for his text the passage in St. Paul's second epistle to Timothy, ii., 8: "Remember Jesus Christ, raised from the dead!"

"Each man's memory," said Bishop Greer, "is a great factor in molding a man's manners and morals. It is a great spiritual storehouse, on which each man must of necessity draw for much of his moral and spiritual support. If our memories are full of good thoughts, good examples, and good deeds, they help to support us all through life.

"That is the great value of a Christian life. The mere going to church and the saying of prayers are only a means to an end. The vital thing is the living of a Christian life because of the store of sweet and gracious thoughts with which it fills the memory. What people want nowadays is a rule for their daily life. So many suggestions are being offered every day in books, magazines, and newspapers that it seems almost impossible to formulate a definite rule of daily life. But the real rule is St. Paul's. Jesus Christ is near, close, in me, in you, in every member of this congregation.

"Everybody in New York to-day is reaching out for something and never quite getting it. Something in each one of us is constantly searching, seeking. It is the soul in each one of us that is searching, searching all the time; and each soul, in its own way, is trying to find God Almighty."

Both before and after the service Dr. Steen held a reception in the church's entrance and in the vestry room. Mrs. George A. Hearn, Jefferson Clarke, and Stephen H. Tyng, Jr., supporters of the church, were present, as well as D. F. Renne, Dr. John Dewitt Nelson, David J. Gordon, Franklin B. Seidel, Richard W. Baker, and other of the church's Trustees and Vestry. Daniel Thom, 88 years of age, walked over from his home to the church. He was a member of the congregation before Dr. Steen took charge, and was greeted by the minister as "the oldest parishioner."

Dr. Steen was born at the corner of East Broadway and Clinton Street. His father was a master painter. He was graduated from the public schools and studied at the City College, the University of Pennsylvania, and the Philadelphia Divinity School. He has been longer in one church than any other clergyman in this city except two, the Rev. Thomas Henry Sill of St. Chrysostom's, and the Rev. Dr. William Werner of the Lutheran Church in East Nineteenth Street. The Rev. Dr. Robert S. MacArthur of Calvary Baptist Church will celebrate his fortieth anniversary next May.

COAL OPERATORS OPTIMISTIC.

Danger of General Suspension Not as Great as First Feared.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Feb. 6.—Pittsburg coal operators who are back from the wrangle with the miners at the Toledo conference viewed the situation optimistically to-day, and several declared with emphasis that the danger of a general suspension of coal mining on April 1, when the wage agreements expire, is not as great as might appear at first glance.

President M. H. Taylor of the Pittsburg Coal Company, a $64,000,000 corporation, who was a participant at the Toledo conference, said that he would deeply regret the failure of the conference if its action were to be final. "We want and need the miners' union in the coal trade, and its loss would be unfortunate to both sides."

President John H. Jones of the Pittsburg-Buffalo Company said he felt certain that if the conservative element supported President Lewis of the United Mine Workers, who he regards as a conservative, and the operators showed the same reasonable spirit, there would be an adjustment of the difficulty.

It is apparent from the views of the Pittsburg operators that they are taking no chances in relation to the expiration of the wage scale, and will get a clear insight into the situation before they determine upon the question of stocking coal in advance of a threatened suspension.

DENOUNCES FINAL EXAMS.

Cornell Students' Organ Declares System Is Unhealthy and Unfair.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Feb. 6.—A severe arraignment of the system of final examinations by which students' standards in the university is solely determined is made by The Cornell Sun in an article entitled "The Diabolical Idiocy of the Final Examinations." The Sun took for its text the case of Thomas Rice Rollo of Chicago, Ill., a senior, who left for his home to-day in broken health, after breaking down from cramming for his final examinations. Rollo was well known in student circles. The Sun says:

"There was enacted at the University Infirmary yesterday afternoon a scene which cannot but be construed as an argument of burning intensity against the system of final examinations—the departure from the infirmary and from Cornell of a man in the prime of youthful strength and vigor, his nerves shattered, injured perhaps for life, as the result of a three weeks' strain of preparation and trial of final examinations. It is not the first scene of this character, nor will it be the last until the unhealthy, unfair, and altogether unwholesome system of final examinations is done away with."

STRAUSS SADDENS MILKA TERNINA

So Great a Talent Turned to So Base a Use, She Says of the Exponent of Discord.

TURN TO GLUCK, SHE HOPES

Present Work of the Great Brunnhilde for Musical Art in New York—We May Not Hear Her Sing Again.

The old operagoer stood with bent head and lifted hat as a tall, commanding figure, clad in clinging black and gold, glided past him down the corridor of The New Theatre during an entr'acte of the first performance of "Fra Diavolo," and disappeared through a convenient doorway.

"There goes the noblest Brünnhilde of them all," he said. And, although several near him in the corridor had heard the remark and wished to catch a glimpse of Mme. Milka Ternina, she had vanished as completely as if the earth had swallowed her and was no more to be found, although it was evident that she was somewhere in the theatre.

This was no sudden eccentricity on the part of the great singer who delighted the New York public with her performances in the Wagner music dramas not so many years ago. It is characteristic of her that she should shun the public gaze and keep herself as far as possible away from public attention. Mme. Ternina, in fact, has been in New York all Winter. Few people except her friends and the students in her classes at the Institute of Musical Art have seen her, however, yet there is probably no artist in New York at present who attends so many performances of opera and concert as does Mme. Ternina.

It was announced last week that she would return for another year to the Institute of Musical Art, where she has been engaged to aid young American girls who wish to enter upon a career on the operatic stage. The institute, as is well known, is by no means self-supporting, and in the course of its season spends many thousand dollars more than it can possibly taken in from its students. Mme. Ternina is a luxury to the institute, but a luxury which it will maintain for another year at least.

To a TIMES reporter Mme. Ternina talked one day last week in her apartments at the Hotel Savoy.

"I had hoped to achieve more in my first year here than I have," she said. "But I find the conditions very hard. In the first place, it has been considered so long that the only proper place to learn to sing opera is in Europe that most students involuntarily turn their faces in that direction. There was formerly some reason for this. The Metropolitan Opera House was practically the only stable operatic institution in America, and the répertoire of that theatre was small. There was no chance for the student to hear the music necessary for an education.

"Of course all that has changed now. But there still remains the other obstacle, the fact that opera is not sung in English in New York—that there is no National school of opera. As a result the student is practically compelled to go to Europe to learn the languages in which he must sing. This obstacle, too, will vanish presently. I see the beginning of a time when opera will be sung in English in New York. More and more American singers are heard here, and it will soon be practicable to present a cast entirely of Americans.

"When that time comes a National school of opera will arise, and it will be possible for students to go directly from their schools to the opera house. This will be made the more possible by the fact that opera houses are springing up everywhere. There are at present two institutions devoted to opera in New York, a third which gives occasional performances. Boston has its opera house. So has Philadelphia. Chicago is to have its own singing theatre next year.

"As for the chance to hear music—at least operatic music—no city in Europe offers the broad opportunity which New York does at present, and the ensemble is much improved. In the old days of the Metropolitan, there were many fine artists, but the orchestra was often ragged; the chorus was usually a disgrace, sometimes there were good conductors and sometimes there were not; often the smaller parts were taken by totally inadequate singers. Those conditions no longer exist. The day has come when a good ensemble is insisted upon. I have never heard so fine a chorus in Europe as the one which sings at the Metropolitan at present, and the spirit of the performances there is very fine.

"I go to the opera frequently, whenever, in fact, works which I have not had the opportunity to hear in Europe are given. 'Orfeo' is seldom produced in Germany, and I have not heard it often. I went on Saturday afternoon and was completely carried away by the performance. Such art! Such taste! Toscanini is in a large measure responsible for this. He is a musician with a soul—a great musician. I have only heard one finer 'Tristan' performance than his, and that was Richter's. I have been to hear his 'Germania' also, and his 'Gioconda'; both very splendidly conducted. The Metropolitan will never be at a low ebb in its operatic performances while Mr. Toscanini is there. I have been told that he may go to the Boston Symphony Orchestra. I think that would be a great pity. The Boston Symphony can find another conductor, but where can the Metropolitan Opera House find another Toscanini?

"I have been to the Manhattan. I have heard 'Herodiade' and 'Sapho' there. I have never seen Miss Garden in anything but 'Sapho,' but I admired her acting in that. Of course she submerges her voice in that part. It is impossible to tell about her voice after hearing her in 'Sapho.' I have heard that her Marguerite is very fine, and I shall go when she sings 'Faust' again. I also wish to hear her 'Mélisande.' I have heard Debussy's lyric drama, but only in Germany.

"No, I do not care to hear 'Elektra.' Strauss saddens me. And he is killing the human voice. Why does he not put his singers in the orchestra pit and the instruments on the stage? It would be better. It seems a great waste to me, the superb talent of this man. No one has so much technical ability as he, and no one has put it to so base a use.

"Since Bach there has been no such great contrapuntalist, no one so well acquainted with the mathematics of the art. But he has seen fit to spend his time writing 'Salomes' and 'Elektras,' and in Germany this has had a most pernicious effect. It has set the younger composers to doing likewise. They turn out such strange compositions now that the public has grown accustomed to this sort of thing and shrieks for more. It wants still stronger food. It is hard to make a pure, noble piece of art succeed in face of a feeling of this sort.

"The success of 'Orfeo' in New York is encouraging. Perhaps New York will turn away from the modern drift of things back to the noble and beautiful music of Gluck. Why not revivals of the 'Iphigenie operas'? I am quite sure they would succeed here.

"And I shall try to find some young American girls who may be made into artists, good singers, at least. But it is hard. Some of them have not the time to devote to the other studies—piano, languages, musical history, and the like. Operatic singing, after all, is not a metier; it is an art, and it requires the most careful grounding. One must not go into it as one would go in for learning a trade."

"Will New York hear you sing again?" the reporter asked.

"I'm afraid not," answered the great Ternina. "I have worked very hard in my life, and my work has left its trace."

As the reporter rose to go Mme. Ternina also rose, disclosing her superb height, with its suggestion of past Brunnhildes and Isoldes. And she vanished through a doorway as quickly as she had at The New Theatre—like Floria Tosca, after the death of Scarpia.

SHUBERT DINES LEW FIELDS.

Gives a Farewell Supper for Him at the Cafe de l'Opera.

Lew Fields was the guest of honor at a supper party given by Lee Shubert at the Café de l'Opera on Saturday night. Mr. Fields ended his New York engagement in "Old Dutch" that night and today will start on a ten weeks' tour in this musical play.

About fifty guests were invited and all were present, including Forbes-Robertson, Judge James G. Gerard, Winthrop Ames, Fred C. Whitney, Max Steuer, Clifford Potter, Glen MacDonough, Victor Herbert, Sophus Michaels, Andrew Mack, John Corbin, Dr. Oscar Leiser, Arthur Voegtlin, R. H. Burnside, and several representatives of Shubert and Lew Fields enterprises.

The supper was served in the new Egyptian room on the fourth floor, which was put in use for the first time.

FOR THE ACTORS' FUND FAIR.

Women of the Stage to Meet to Plan Their Part in It.

A special meeting of women of the stage will be held at the Lyceum Theatre on Tuesday morning, Feb. 15, to discuss plans for their share in the Actors' Fund Fair. Mrs. Ida Catherine Nahm will be Chairman, and among those who will be present are Ethel Barrymore, Maxine Elliott, Julia Marlowe, Billie Burke, Dorothy Donnelly, Mary Shaw, Mildred Holland, Elsie Janis, Adele Ritchie, and Mrs. Etta Reed Payton. Mrs. Sol Smith, in spite of recent injuries and her 80 years, will not miss the meeting. At the last fair she was one of the most active among the workers on the floor.

Various women's clubs will also be represented. Mrs. Clarence H. Mackay of the Equal Franchise Society, Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, Mrs. William Tod Helmuth, and Mrs. Belle Di Rivera of the New York Federation of Women's Clubs, Mrs. Adelaide Wallerstein of the Mozart Club, Mrs. Frederick Nathan of the Consumers' League, and Mrs. A. M. Palmer of the Rainy Day Club have accepted invitations to sit on the platform.

Women members from all of the companies playing in town next week will be present, and the vaudeville theatres will send deputations. The meeting will be called at 11:30 o'clock.

DINNER TO RACHMANINOFF.

Russian Musical Conductor Entertained on the Eve of Sailing.

A farewell dinner was given last night in honor of Serge Rachmaninoff, the Russian musical conductor, at the home of Joseph Mandelkern, 20 East 120th Street. The guests included Prof. Henry L. Mason, Mr. and Mrs. Nahan Franko, Mr. and Mrs. R. Copley, and Dr. Beaver. Russian dishes were served.

Prof. Rachmaninoff sails to-morrow on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse to conduct the concert of the Imperial Philharmonic Society at St. Petersburg on Feb. 18, and a similar concert in Moscow on Feb. 23. He has composed three operas, including "Francesca da Rimini" and "Aleko." Since November, when he reached here, he has been touring the country with the Boston Symphony, the New York Philharmonic, and the New York Symphony orchestras.

Dances at the New Amsterdam.

After the performance of Le Grand Howland's opera, "Sarrona," at the New Amsterdam Theatre on Tuesday afternoon, Gertrude Van Axen, Irene Sanden, and Orchidee will be seen in a series of dances. Among the patrons for this performance will be Mmes. W. T. Colbron, Whitehall Keene, J. Hood Wright, Ben Ali Haggin, and Samuel Untermeyer, Miss Emma Thursby, Miss Mary Callender, Gen. Thomas L. James, and Messrs. Otto Kahn, Frederick Townsend Martin, Andreas Dippel, and Frank Conover.

"PLANT" WORKED TOO WELL.

Actress' Bid for Publicity Lands an Actor in Jail.

Those who are familiar with the ways of press agents believe the enterprising youth who represents Nance Gwynn, dancer, will be more careful in future how he invokes the law to further his plans for publicity. As a result of his ingenuity, Joseph Hosepian, an Armenian actor, was held in $500 bail yesterday for his good behavior for six months, with the workhouse as an alternative. The press agent spent yesterday in a hunt for a bondsman. Up to late last night he was still hunting, while one of the parties to his "plant" languished in jail.

On Saturday night the Gwynn woman ran up to Policemen Flath and Flynn and told them that the Armenian was in her flat with a revolver, threatening dreadful things. The policemen found him in the apartment at 142 West Forty-fourth Street, pacing up and down the hall with a pistol in his hand.

In the Night Court he was despondent. When the Magistrate asked him what it all meant, he said:

"I love this woman. I just wanted to see her. We were sweethearts, and when she spurned me for another, the blow broke my heart."

The defendant admitted that he had intended to kill himself, and the actress saw to it that the reporters learned all about a "playlet" she is about to produce.

The Magistrate's decision seemed to come as a startling surprise to every one connected with the case.

Yervant Sarvian, a rug merchant, of 508 West 145th Street, appeared before Magistrate O'Connor last night, and said that if Hespian, or Carew, were held in the court prison until to-day, he would give bail for him. The actor, he said, was an old friend of his, and he had been trying to get bail all day yesterday for him. Magistrate O'Connor directed that the actor be not sent to the workhouse with the other prisoners in the morning.

George H. Fisher.

George H. Fisher, one of the oldest lawyers in Brooklyn, died yesterday at Hotel St. George, at the age of 77 of pneumonia. He leaves a widow and two children. Mr. Fisher was born in Oswego, N. Y., and was graduated from Barnard College in 1852. He studied law in Syracuse University and was admitted to the bar in that city. Soon after the civil war he settled in Williamsburg and took up practice there.

He was a member of the Hanover, Union League, and University Clubs, a Director in the Broadway Savings Bank, the German Savings Bank, and the Manufacturers' National Bank of Brooklyn, and was a Trustee of the Eastern District Hospital.

Earlier in life Mr. Fisher was active in Republican politics in Brooklyn. He became a member of the Assembly and a member of the old Brooklyn Board of Education and Board of Aldermen.

Church Unlighted; Sexton Dead.

Charles Hein of 726 Park Avenue, Hoboken, the sexton of the German Evangelical Church in that city, was found dead in a pew of the church last night. There was no light in the church when the congregation began arriving. When the cause was sought the dead body of Mr. Hein was found. A doctor was called, and said that death was due to heart disease. Mr. Hein was 48 years old.

Cold, Hungry Sick

$5 can feed a mother and 4 hungry children one week.

$10 can pay the rent for a family about to be evicted.

$25 gives a warm dress or suit to 8 destitute school children.

$100 gives half a ton of coal to 30 families—warmth and cheer for eight weeks.

We will gladly write if desired just how your gift is used.

Please send just what you can NOW.
R. S. MINTURN, Treas., Room 210, No. 105 E. 22d St., United Charities Building, N. Y. ASSOCIATION FOR IMPROVING THE CONDITION OF THE POOR.
R. FULTON CUTTING, President.

FIRST PLAY AFLOAT ON THE MAURETANIA

"The Climax," with Marie Doro, to be Given by the Company on Its Way to London.

SHIP'S CARPENTER HELPS

And There'll Be No Critic There, Except the Editor of the Liner's Bulletin, and He's Warranted Kind.

Passengers who sail on the Cunarder Mauretania for Liverpool via Fishguard on Wednesday will witness the opening performance of Charles Frohman's Floating Theatre Company, which will be given on Friday night in the main dining saloon at 9 o'clock.

The stage will be rigged across the whole width of the dining saloon, which will seat 500 people easily. The play to be produced on this occasion is "The Climax," by Edward Locke, with Marie Doro in the leading rôle. Russ Whylat, Effingham Pinto, and Arthur Waram are other players. The orchestra of the Mauretania will provide the incidental music. Tickets will be on sale at the purser's office on Wednesday after the liner leaves her pier, together with specially designed programmes depicting Father Neptune and his Queen Titania surrounded by mermaids gazing at the strange scene.

For the past quarter of a century passengers crossing the Atlantic have heard ship's concerts, in which those who could not sing or act played the prominent parts, and those who could do something kept steadfastly away. But it was all a part of the fun.

Sometimes the song programme was varied with a mock trial or the acting of a small sketch generally written by some one on board. As a rule these productions were so mixed up and mismanaged that they were really funny. Caruso and Tetrazzini never sing at the ship's concert, but give generously to the Seamen's Fund. David Bispham always gives $25 instead of singing, but he runs up and down the scales on deck at different times.

Purser Graham, editor of The Cunard Daily Bulletin, will be the only dramatic critic at Friday night's performance, and he will deal gently with the players, especially if there is a stiff northeaster blowing and the liner is bucking a heavy head sea.

Capt. W. T. Turner, the commander of the Mauretania, is the honorary patron of all performances given in the saloon at sea, and he is also the censor. Mr. Frohman's business manager is going to the ship to-day to talk over the production with the Captain and the scenery and properties will be taken on board to-morrow morning. "The Climax" will be produced by the stage manager, who is going with the company to London to produce it in that city at the Globe Theatre on Feb. 23. The stage carpenter and the ship's carpenter will help, and it is felt that together they should be successful. The officers on the Mauretania are taking great interest in the event, and several of the passengers have written to Mr. Frohman's manager to ask if there will be any "walking on" actors required.

PITTSBURG ORCHESTRA FUND.

Famous Musical Organization to be Put on Firm Financial Basis.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Feb. 6.—After fifteen years of uncertain existence, the Pittsburg Orchestra, one of the five or six great orchestras of the country, is to be placed on a permanent basis, with an annual income of about $50,000.

On May 1 the orchestra will pass from control of the Art Society of Pittsburg, under whose direction it has been maintained, to a corporation of citizens, who by subscription will provide a permanent fund to insure the desired income. This fund is to be raised by a series of subscription memberships to which any one is eligible. Contributing memberships are $100 a year, $2,000 buys a life membership, and $5,000 makes one a founder. This plan is similar to that upon which the endowment of the Chicago Orchestra was accomplished.

Heretofore the Pittsburg Orchestra has been maintained by guarantors whose agreement had to be renewed every three years, and at the end of these periods there was always more or less of a hand-to-mouth struggle for financial sustenance. The orchestra now has sixty-eight men, but it will be increased another season to ninety men. Conductor Emil Paur will in all likelihood be asked to retain his leadership.

Miss Geraldine Morgan Gives Concert.

Miss Geraldine Morgan, violinist, gave the first of two chamber music concerts last evening in the Stuyvesant Theatre. The programme included Corelli's Concerto Grosso in D major, Brahms's quintet in G major, an air by Pergolesi, and songs by Schubert. Miss Morgan was assisted by Miss Leontine de Ahna, mezzo soprano; A. Coan, Samuel Grimson, Hans Letz, Miss Alice Ives Smith, and Lorenz F. Smith, violinists; H. Levy and H. Letz, violists; Paul Morgan, 'cellist, and Albert de Busscher, oboeist.

Sunday Concert at the Manhattn.

Busoni was the feature of last night's concert at the Manhattan Opera House. He played Weber's Concertstück for piano, with orchestra, which has already had one performance here this season by Mme. Carreno. The other soloists were Mmes. Grippon, Baron, and Carmen-Melis, and Messrs. Scott, Sammarco, Huberdeau, McCormack, and Crabbé.

Ticket Speculator Held for Assault.

Albert Brown of 62 West Eleventh Street, a theatre ticket speculator, was held in $300 bail for trial in Special Sessions by Magistrate Cornell in the Jefferson Market Court yesterday on a charge of assault. Brown was arrested in front of the Metropolitan Opera House on Saturday night on complaint of Edward Johnson, a negro carriage starter, who charged the speculator with striking him when he tried to drive him away from two women who had just alighted from a carriage, and who already had their tickets.

Beecham Orchestra Not to Come Here.

Word was received here yesterday that the Thomas Beecham Symphony Orchestra of London, which had been announced to make an American tour, beginning with a concert at the Metropolitan Opera House on March 27, would not come here for the present. The tour, if it has not been abandoned, has been indefinitely postponed. Mr. Beecham is chiefly interested at present in his opera company which is to produce "Elektra" and other works at Covent Garden this month.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Liebler & Co. have sold the German rights to "The Dawn of a To-morrow," and the play will soon be put on in Berlin.

The American playgoers have invited John Emerson, Percy Haswell, and Cora Maynard, leading actors and author of "The Watcher," to be guests at the annual dinner to be held at Hotel Astor next Sunday night. The subject for discussion will be "The Psychological Drama."

There was no curtailing of the programme of the Sunday concerts at the vaudeville theatres yesterday afternoon and evening on account of the recent decision of the Appellate Court regarding Sunday performances. There was no police supervision of the shows. Commissioner Baker said on Saturday that the Police Department had received no copy of the decision, and would take no action until advised by the Corporation Counsel.

George Henry Payne, Chairman of the Bronx General Committee of the Citizens' Union, will give a theatre party next Friday night at the Hackett Theatre, where John Mason is appearing in "None So Blind." The guests will include many prominent politicians of New York.

HAMMERSTEIN BOSTON OPERA

"Lakme" to be Sung There, but Will Be Heard Here First—"Salome" Again

Oscar Hammerstein's Manhattan Opera Company will begin its engagement in Boston on Monday evening, March 28, at the Boston Theatre, with a performance of "Elektra." Mmes. Mazarin, Doria, and Baron will be in the cast. Richard Strauss's music drama will be repeated at the Saturday matinée in the second week of the engagement.

On Tuesday evening, March 29, Mme. Tetrazzini will appear in "Lucia," with Messrs. McCormack and Polese. This opera will be repeated with the same cast on Saturday night of the second week.

Miss Mary Garden will sing twice on Wednesday, March 30. In the afternoon she will appear in "Le Jongleur de Notre Dame," with Messrs. Renaud and Huberdeau. In the evening she will sing "Griselidis" for the first time in Boston, with Messrs. Dufranne, Dalmorès, and Huberdeau.

On Thursday evening "La Navarraise" will be sung by Mme. Gerville-Réache and Messrs. Dalmorès, Dufranne, and Huberdeau. It will be followed by "The Daughter of the Regiment," with Mme. Tetrazzini and Messrs. McCormack and Gilibert. On Friday evening "Pelléas et Mélisande" will be given, with Miss Garden and Messrs. Dalmorès, Dufranne, and Vallier.

Mme. Tetrazzini will sing "La Traviata" at the Saturday matinée, with Messrs. McCormack and Polese. On Saturday evening Miss Garden and Messrs. Renaud and Devries will sing "Thaïs." On Monday night, April 4, Miss Garden will appear in "Faust" for the first time in Boston. Messrs. Dalmorès, Dufranne, and Vallier will be in the cast. On Tuesday evening, Mme. Tetrazzini will sing "Lakmé." In the cast will be Messrs. McCormack and Huberdeau.

The Wednesday matinée will be announced later. The Wednesday night bill will be "Rigoletto," with Mme. Tetrazzini and Messrs. McCormack, Renaud, and Gilibert. On Thursday evening "Louise" will be sung by Miss Garden and Messrs. Dalmorès and Dufranne. On Friday evening "Les Contes d'Hoffmann" will be the bill.

It will be observed that these bills include several operas not in the present répertoire of the Manhattan Opera House. "Lakmé," for example, has never been sung there. It is at present in rehearsal, and will be brought out shortly in Italian, with Mme. Tetrazzini in the title rôle. "Salome" and "Louise" are to be revived for Miss Garden within a few weeks, and "Pelléas et Mélisande" will follow.

It was announced last night at the Manhattan Opera House that a special performance of "Les Contes d'Hoffmann" will be sung there on the night of Washington's Birthday, with Mmes. Cavalieri and Trentini and Messrs. Renaud, Devries, Gilibert, and Crabbé.

GLAD TO BE OUT OF 'ELEKTRA'

But Mme. Gerville-Reache Has No Trouble with Hammerstein.

Mme. Gerville-Reache said yesterday that she had had no trouble with Mr. Hammerstein.

"I told Mr. Hammerstein several days ago that I would not sing in "Elektra" any longer, but I also told him that I would appear in the rôle in Philadelphia," she said. "I telephoned on Saturday to find out what train I was to take and found that Mme. Doria had been substituted in the rôle of Klytemnestra. That is all.

"There is no trouble of any sort. I am content to be rid of the part."

KIRKBY-LUNN RETURNS.

Sings at Concert of Volpe Symphony Orchestra at Carnegie.

One of the largest audiences which has ever greeted the Volpe Symphony Orchestra, gathered at Carnegie Hall for the concert of that organization yesterday afternoon. The size of the audience may have been caused in a measure by the soloist, Mme. Kirkby-Lunn, pleasurably remembered for her appearances at the Metropolitan Opera House, who returned to New York on this occasion. She was heard in "Armez-vous d'un Noble Courage" from "Iphigenie en Aulide," and Saint-Saëns's air, "La Fiancée du Timballer." Her voice is what it has been in the past, a beautiful organ, and she sang the airs in a mode calculated to give pleasure, if one could overlook some careless phrasing.

That the Volpe Orchestra is improving those who have consistantly attended these concerts this season can testify. The performance yesterday of Tschaikowsky's Serenade for strings, Opus 48, was a very good one. The programme also included a G major symphony of Haydn's, the overture to "Tannhäuser," and Berlioz's version of the Rakoczy March.

A BERLIOZ PROGRAMME.

The "Harold" Symphony and Other Works Played with Remarks.

The New York Symphony Orchestra yesterday afternoon gave a Berlioz programme at The New Theatre. The works chosen for this were the symphony "Harold in Italy," the overture to "Benvenuto Cellini," and the most popular numbers from "The Damnation of Faust"—the dances of the sylphs and the will-o'-the-wisps and the Rakoczy march, and the air and serenade of Mephistopheles, sung by Marcus Kellerman.

Mr. Damrosch made a little address before he began to play the symphony, in which he spoke of Berlioz as the greatest composer France has produced, recognized at his true worth last of all in his own country. Going into some detail as to his work, he claimed for him the invention of the "leading motive," which he used in several of his orchestra compositions, as illustrated in the "Harold" symphony. He also discussed his advancement in the art of orchestration, and declared that his intentions in the differentiation of orchestral tone were not properly appreciated in these days because of the use of too large concert halls, in which the effects of his orchestration lost much of their character and vividness.

He then referred to the origin of the "Harold" symphony, and the part Paganini had had in inducing Berlioz to write it. He spoke of Byron's conception of Childe Harold, in the first part of his poem as a distinct personage, merged later into the character of Byron himself, and drew a comparison between this and Berlioz's treatment of the subject in his symphony. Sitting at the piano, Mr. Damrosch then gave an analysis of the thematic structure of the work, playing the most important themes.

The orchestra was then called into action and the programme was played. The audience was not so large as it has been at most of the other Sunday concerts of the New York Philharmonic.

Duke Decorates Otto Goritz.

Otto Goritz, one of the German baritones of the Metropolitan Opera Company, has received a decoration from the Duke of Sachsen-Altenberg in recognition of his singing at the Hoftheater of that duchy.

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NEW THEATRE ACTORS TO BE SENT ON TOUR

Trip to Extend from Boston to Chicago Will Begin Toward the End of April.

NEW PLAYS IN PREPARATION

"The Witch," Maeterlinck's "Sister Beatrice," "Beethoven," and "A Winter's Tale" to Be Produced Soon.

Director Ames of The New Theatre announced yesterday the rest of the plans for the present season, including the names of the plays that are still to be presented. With the closing of the playhouse, about the last of April, the entire company will make a Spring tour that will open in Boston and close in Chicago and that will include Providence, Hartford, New Haven, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Pittsburg, St. Louis, and Kansas City in the order named.

The new additions to the répertoire of the theatre are "The Witch," that is to be produced next Monday evening, Feb. 14; Maurice Maeterlinck's "Sister Beatrice," together with the fourth act of Ibsen's "Brand"; "Beethoven," by Rene Frauchois, and Shakespeare's "A Winter's Tale." These plays will complete the twelve dramatic productions The New Theatre set out to make in its twenty-four weeks' season. The total number of productions, including ten lyric operas, will be twenty-two, an average of about one a week.

Maeterlinck's "Sister Beatrice" is a miracle play in three acts. It has been produced abroad, but has never been given professionally in this country. For The New Theatre's presentation the play has been transposed into blank verse, and will be given with musical accompaniment. Some elaborate scenic effects are needed to provide the mystic element of the piece.

Maeterlinck's play is based on a Dutch version of a mediaeval legend, the story of which is contained in John Davidson's ballad, "The Nun," and in Adelaide Anne Proctor's poem, "Legend Provence." Sister Beatrice is a nun, an inmate of a convent in the thirteenth century. For the love of a man she renounces her vows, and goes out into the world. The statue of the Virgin Mary descends from its pedestal, and takes up the duties of Sister Beatrice, for whom she is mistaken by the nuns. Years later the real Sister Beatrice, worn out by the sins of the world, returns to the convent to seek forgiveness, and the statue resumes its place on the pedestal. Sister Beatrice is declared a saint by the nuns, and the return of the statue is believed to be a miracle of her working.

The fourth act of "Brand," that is to accompany "Sister Beatrice," is the important act of the entire play, and is a complete episode in itself. It has been frequently performed abroad, even where the entire drama has been found too long for presentation.

The New Theatre's production of "A Winter's Tale" will be presented on a reproduction of Shakespeare's own stage, with such scenery as will illustrate the locale of the various scenes. No attempt will be made to give the play without scenery. There will be an inner stage, on which the scenery and properties will be placed, and an outer stage, or "apron," projecting into the audience, as did the stages of the Globe, Fortune, Hope, and other theatres of Shakespeare's day.

The casts for none of these plays except "The Witch" have been chosen. Mme. Bertha Kalich will, as has been announced, have the leading rôle in "The Witch," and Edith Wynne Matthison will play the name part in "Sister Beatrice."

When the company goes on tour in April the répertoire will consist of all of the modern plays produced and three or four of the classical productions. "Antony and Cleopatra" will not be in the répertoire. No play will be given more than twice in any city where the company stays one week, the idea being to present as many plays as possible in each city.

Immediately upon the closing of the season here work will begin on the new stage and auditorium on the roof of the theatre, which will probably be ready for use before the end of the Summer. Whatever changes are decided upon for the main auditorium will also be made then.

CASHMERE SHAWL LADY DEAD.

Miss Adelaide Tukey Was the Genealogical Expert for Brooklyn Heights.

The long-familiar figure of the "Little Old Lady of the Cashmere Shawl" is seen no more wending its way slowly through the quiet streets of Brooklyn Heights. She died in the Long Island College Hospital on Friday, after a brief illness. Yesterday afternoon, in Holy Trinity Protestant Episcopal Church, the funeral service was read for her, the Rev. Dr. John Howard Melish, the rector, officiating.

Miss Adelaide Tukey was the "Little Old Lady of the Cashmere Shawl." For many years she had filled a quaint place in the life of the heights, where she had lived so long that even the oldest residents could not recall the time of her coming. She was known to every one on the heights and was warmly welcomed in the homes of even the most exclusive families.

Miss Tukey was born in Salem, Mass., seventy-six years ago. Her father was a well-to-do merchant of that town. It is said that he met with business reverses which threw Miss Tukey on her own resources when she was a young woman. She had been highly educated, and she turned her mind to heraldry and genealogy, in the treatment of which she became an expert. She traced the lineages of many Brooklyn families, and for years had a little office in Fulton Street.

She was small of figure and habitually wore a fine cashmere shawl, which many persons sought to buy from her at a high price, but with which she would never part. She lived at 147 Hicks Street, where she rented a room.

Miss Tukey was a familiar figure in the rooms of the Long Island Historical Society, in Pierrepont Street, and at the Brooklyn Library, in Montague Street. So quaint and interestingly old-fashioned was she that a number of artists had persuaded her to sit for them, among them Joseph Boston, Miss Alice Searle, Margaret Fernie Eaton, and Eleanor Banister.

At one time Miss Tukey was active in a movement to establish a home for poor working girls in Brooklyn. At the funeral service yesterday afternoon many of the best-known residents of the Heights were present. The body was taken to Mount Auburn, Cambridge, Mass., for burial.

Simon Burns.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 6.—Simon Burns a widely known labor leader, died at the South Side Hospital here to-night from a malady with which he was stricken a week ago. The physicians said the exact nature of his illness had not been determined. He was 54 years old, and for several years had been President of the Window Glass Workers Local Assembly, No. 300, K. of L.

As a delegate to a number of National Conventions and as a member of the first Western wage conference Burns became well known in labor circles throughout the country.

Obituary Notes.

ALLEN RISK, proprietor of the Farnham House, Torrington, Conn., and the New Hartford House, New Hartford, Conn., died in Torrington Saturday of pneumonia. He was 50 years old.

FRANCES A. SCHARFF, widow of Christian H. Scharff and the niece of William H. Seward, Secretary of State under President Lincoln, died at the home of her brother, Dr. F. W. Seward, at Goshen, N. Y., yesterday. She was 74 years old.

Dr. ROLLIN B. GRAY, who formerly practiced in New York and Brooklyn, and a nephew of Dr. John F. Gray, one of the founders of the homeopathic school, is dead at the home of his daughter, Mrs. George H. Linsz, in East Orange, N. J. He was 69 years old. Dr. Gray was born in Buffalo. He went to Alfred College, near Hornell, N. Y., and studied medicine in New York.

The Rev. WILLIAM HILTON BUTTS, curate of Christ Episcopal Church of Corning, N. Y., who went to Gloversville to occupy the pulpit at Christ Church, was seized with acute indigestion soon after his arrival Saturday night and died before medical aid could be summoned. He was 40 years of age.

The Rev. Dr. George W. Lee, for thirty-four years pastor of the Vermont Avenue Baptist Church in Washington, one of the largest negro congregations in the United States, died in that city yesterday. He was a member of the National Baptist Convention.

Verdi's Requiem Mass at Metropolitan.

Verdi's "Requiem Mass" was sung last night at the Metropolitan Opera House by Mmes. Emmy Destinn and Louise Homer, and Messrs. Martin and Witherspoon, under the direction of Mr. Toscanini. The Metropolitan orchestra and chorus assisted. The audience was a large one.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

DAVISON.—Feb. 3, 208 West 147th St., to Mr. and Mrs. Gustav Davison, a daughter.

HERMAN.—Feb. 3, 12 West 119th St., to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Herman, a son.

SOBEL.—Feb. 3, 72 West 119th St., to Mr. and Mrs. F. Sobel, a daughter.

Married.

MARLING—SMULL.—On Saturday, Feb. 5, 1910, at the residence of the bride's mother, 31 West 76th St., by the Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires, Mary Ethel, daughter of the late J. B. Smull, to Charles Edward Marling.

MESIER—WALTER.—On Saturday, Feb. 5, 1910, at St. John's Church, Far Rockaway, New York, by the Right Rev. Frederick Burgess, D. D., Bishop of Long Island, Judith Teleki Walter, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Teleki Walter of Far Rockaway, to the Rev. Henry Mesier, Rector of St. John's Church, Kingston, New York.

GREENBERG—LEVINSON.—Jan. 30, Gussie Levinson to William Greenberg.

JACOBS—STRAUSS.—Jan. 31, Elma Strauss to S. E. Jacobs.

KOEMPEL—WALKER.—Feb. 5, Mabel N. Walker to Arno T. Koempel.

MACKEY—FOWLER.—Feb. 2, Lillian V. Fowler to John G. Mackey.

MANHEIMER—KOHN.—Jan. 31, Henrietta Kohn to Leopold Manheimer.

MINTON—BARNETT.—Jan. 30, Leah Barnett to George Minton.

RANDEL—ST. JOHN.—Feb. 5, Jessie P. St. John to Augustus H. Randel.

RICH—JACOBSON.—Jan. 30, Carrie Jacobson to Solomon Rich.

SCHWERIN—LESCHZINER.—Jan. 30, Ernestina Leschziner to L. S. Schwerin.

SHARPE—BILLINGS.—Feb. 3, Clara E. Billings to P. Taylor Sharpe.

THAYER—COSGROVE.—Feb. 1, Helen W. Cosgrove to Francis Thayer.

WEISS—DORF.—Feb. 5, Hilda Dorf to Frank G. Weiss.

New Jersey.

BYRNE—FALLON.—Feb. 3, Jersey City, Margaret Fallon to Edward F. Byrne.

FURMAN—CROWLY.—Feb. 2, Elinor R. Crowly to Charles E. Furman.

HENRY—SCRANTON.—Feb. 5, Orange, Margaret W. Scranton to Louis C. Henry.

New York State.

SPICKERS—HUTCHINS.—Jan. 29, Yonkers, Sophia R. Hutchins to Dr. William Spickers.

Died.

BOARDMAN.—At Garden City, Sunday, Feb. 6, of scarlet fever, Frances Andrea, aged 6 years, daughter of Andrew H. and Sarah Johnson Boardman. Funeral private, Feb. 7, at 4 P. M.

DEPEW.—In Peekskill, Feb. 4, 1910, Mrs. Della C. Depew, in the 79th year of her age. Funeral from the residence of her sister, Mrs. A. R. Acker, Smith St., Peekskill, Monday afternoon, at 1:30 o'clock. Carriages will meet train leaving Grand Central Station at 11:10 A. M. Please omit flowers.

DOHENY.—Suddenly, Feb. 3, at her residence, 37 Madison Av., Ella Doheny, Chaplain of the Young Women's Christian Association of the City of New York. Funeral services at the Presbyterian Church, University Place and 10th St., Monday morning, Feb. 7, at 10:30.

HAVILAND.—On Sunday, Feb. 6, at the home of her son, Morristown, N. J., Eliza S. Budd, widow of John G. Haviland, in her 82d year. Funeral services at the residence of S. M. Ireland, Rye, N. Y., Tuesday, Feb. 8, on the arrival of the 1:06 P. M. train from Grand Central Station. Carriages will meet train.

HIGGENS.—On Feb. 5, at "Beverly," Bard Av., S. I., John E. Grote Higgens, aged 54. Funeral service at Trinity Church, on Tuesday, at 12 o'clock. Interment at Trinity Cemetery.

HOWELLS.—On Sunday, Feb. 6, 1910, at his home, 117 Jamaica Av., Flushing, L. I., Frank S. Howells, son of the late Henry C. Howells, in the 45th year of his age. Funeral at convenience of the family. Please do not send flowers.

KING.—On Saturday, Feb. 5, 1910, Rosalie, widow of Edward J. King, in her 88th year. Funeral services at her late residence, 22 East 64th St., Tuesday, Feb. 8, at 9:30 A. M.

MASTERSON.—On Feb. 5, 1910, Ellen Elizabeth, (nee Wiley,) widow of P. J. Masterson, at her late residence, 862 Jennings St. Funeral Tuesday at 9:30 o'clock, thence to St. Augustin Church, 167th St. and Franklin Av. Interment Woodlawn.

OAKLEY.—At Newburg, N. Y., on Feb. 6, 1910, Elizabeth, daughter of Elizabeth and the late Van Allen Oakley. Funeral services will be held at 170 Grand St., Newburg, on Tuesday, Feb. 8, at 10:30 A. M.

SCHARFF.—At Goshen, N. Y., Feb. 6, Frances A., wife of the late Christian H. Scharff of Newark, N. J., aged 74. Funeral services at the residence of her brother, Dr. F. W. Seward, at Goshen, N. Y., on Wednesday, Feb. 9. Trains leave Jersey City (Erie Railroad) at 9:30 A. M.; returning, arrive in Jersey City at 4:04 P. M.

SEELY.—On Sunday, Feb. 6, 1910, John F., beloved husband of Margaret J. Seely, in his 67th year. Funeral services on Tuesday evening, Feb. 8, at 8 o'clock at his late residence, 2,441 7th Av., New York City. Interment Woodlawn.

THOMAS.—Seth E. Thomas of New York, in his 69th year, on Sunday, Feb. 6, 1910, at the Hotel Seville, New York City.

WELSH.—At Devon, Penn., Feb. 5, 1910, in the 36th year of his age, Julian Palmer Welsh, son of Osgood and Julia Shirley Welsh. Funeral in New York City at the Church of the Transfiguration, 1 East 29th St., at 4 o'clock in the afternoon of Monday, Feb. 7, 1910.

Harvard Club of the City of New York: Members wishing to attend the services are asked to be at the church ten minutes before the hour.
LANGDON P. MARVIN, Secretary.

WHALEN.—At her residence, 279 East Broadway, Esther A. Whalen, beloved wife of the late Michael H. Whalen. Funeral will be held Monday, Feb. 7, 1910, at 10 o'clock from St. Mary's Church, corner of Grand and Ridge Sts.

YOUNGS.—On Friday, Feb. 4, at the residence of her nephew, Garden City, Susan Maria, daughter of the late Daniel and Maria Youngs, in the 86th year of her age. Funeral from Christ Church, Oyster Bay, on Monday, February 7, at 2 P. M. Train leaves Long Island City 12:30.

BARRY.—Lena, 443 West 35th St., Feb. 5. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

BELLMORE.—Catherine, 137 West 100th St., Feb. 5. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.

BUTT.—Rebecca, 200 West 128th St., Feb. 4. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

CAHILL.—Joana, 346 East 18th St., Feb. 5. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

CASEL.—Cortland, 491 Columbus Av., Feb. 4. Funeral to-day, noon.

COHEN.—Mathilda, 2,373 7th Av., Feb. 3, aged 66. Funeral private.

COYLE.—Edward, 319 West 13th St., Feb. 4. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

CREAMER.—Mary A., 336 East 18th St., Feb. 4. Funeral service to-day.

DALY.—Anthony, 231 East 95th St., Feb. 5. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

GURSKA.—L., 438 Central Park West, Feb. 4. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

KOENIG.—Rosina M., 328 6th St., Feb. 4, aged 78.

KRAMER.—Mary F., 3 West 116th St., Feb. 5, aged 74. Funeral to-morrow, 1:30 P. M.

McGOLDRICK.—Catherine, 240 East 22d St., Feb. 5. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

MAGEE.—William, 37 Carmine St., Feb. 3. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

MAHONEY.—Ellen, 343 East 138th St., Feb. 3. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

MARX.—Babette, 225 West 140th St., Feb. 5. Funeral to-day, noon.

MURRAY.—Ellen, 652 East 16th St., Feb. 5. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

O'BRIEN.—Margaret, 138 West 62d St., Feb. 5. Funeral notice later.

SACKMAN.—Margaret, 1,438 Jessup Place, Bronx, Feb. 5, aged 84. Funeral to-day.

STEFFANI.—Annie V., 2,936 3d Av., Feb. 5. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

TAUBNER.—Rudolph, 126 West 139th St., Feb. 4. Funeral to-day, 3 P. M.

WHEELER.—Margaret A., 530 West 147th St., Feb. 5.

ZEVELY.—Elizabeth C., 403 West 115th St., Feb. 5. Funeral to-morrow.

Brooklyn.

ALLMAIER.—Julius, 66 Townsend Av., Feb. 4.

CURRAN.—John J., St. Peter's Hospital, Feb. 4, aged 50.

EMMERMAN.—Ann F., 356 74th St., Feb. 5. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

FLOOD.—Matthew, 359 Furman St., Feb. 5, aged 82.

FOLEY.—Thomas, 48 Diamond St., Feb. 5, aged 35. Funeral to-day.

GRUENWALD.—Mary, 682 Carroll St., Feb. 5, aged 70. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

JONES.—Elizabeth S., 336 McDonough St., Feb. 4, aged 88. Funeral private.

LUDLAM.—Sarah M., 32 Buckingham Road, Feb. 5. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

MAY.—George J., 942 Flatbush Av., Feb. 5, aged 67. Funeral service to-day.

MERRIGAN.—John J., 201 Driggs Av., Feb. 4, aged 34. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MOSSOP.—Lucinda, 1,091 Bushwick Av., Feb. 5. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

NEFF.—Anna, German Hospital, Feb. 4, aged 50. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

NORRIS.—Elizabeth J., 1,445 57th St., Feb. 3.

REARDON.—Thomas, 252 Warren St., Feb. 5. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

ROBERTS.—Anna A., 465 55th St., Feb. 5. Funeral to-day.

SAVAGE.—Ruth, 547 Chauncey St., Feb. 5, aged 23.

SCHUTTE.—Madeline C., 682 Carroll St., Feb. 4. Funeral service to-day.

SULLIVAN.—Ellen, 105 15th St., Feb. 5. Funeral notice later.

TWEED.—Mary J., 374 East 2d St., Feb. 5, aged 73. Funeral service to-day.

VILLMER.—Fred, 53 Clifton Place, Feb. 4, aged 42. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

WINGHAM.—Robert, 1,481 54th St., Feb. 4. Funeral service to-day.

WILHELM.—Annie, German Hospital, Feb. 4, aged 38.

Connecticut.

WALLACE.—Richard T., Turn of River, Feb. 4. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

Long Island.

KILMER.—Nelson, Nassau, Feb. 5.—Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

New Jersey.

DOESINGER.—Otto, Newark, Feb. 4, aged 38. Funeral to-day, 3 P. M.

GRAY.—Dr. Rollin B., East Orange, Feb. 5, aged 69.

HALL.—Charles T., Bloomfield, Feb. 5, aged 1. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

HENRY.—Jane, 1,304 Washington St., Hoboken, Feb. 4. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

KEYES.—James H., 302 Elm St., Newark, Feb. 5, aged 4 months. Funeral to-day.

REILLY.—Margaret, 135 Boyden St., Newark, Feb. 5. Funeral notice later.

RITTER.—Leopold J., 316 Hudson St., Hoboken, Feb. 5, aged 48. Funeral service to-day.

SCHUNK.—Jacob, Orange, Feb. 4, aged 82.

New York State.

PIERSON.—Carrie R., 48 College Av., Tarrytown, Feb. 5. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

SOHL.—Henry A., 40 South 9th Av., Mount Vernon, Feb. 5. Funeral private.

In Memoriam.

COWEN.—Louis, in memory of; died Feb. 7, 1900.

DELANEY.—Henry, mass Church of St. John the Evangelist, Feb. 12, 8 A. M.

DINGER.—Rose S., mass Church of St. Ignatius Loyola, Feb. 9, 9 A. M.

DONLON.—Mary F., mass St. Francis Xauvier's Church, Brooklyn, Feb. 9, 9 A. M.

GALLAGHER.—Hugh, mass St. Ambrose's Church, to-morrow, 8 A. M.

GIBLIN.—Charles J., mass St. Vincent Ferrer's Church, Feb. 10, 10 A. M.

GRABENHEIMER.—Sigmund, unveiling monument, Union Field Cemetery, Feb. 13, 2 P. M.

HARTWELL.—Newton W., in memory of; died Feb. 8, 1909.

HAYES.—Thomas G., mass Church of Most Holy Redeemer, Freeport, L. I., to-day, 8 A. M.

KREUZER.—Bernhard, unveiling monument, Mount Hope Cemetery, Feb. 20, 2:30 P. M.

SCHULHAFER.—Emily, unveiling monument, Union Fields Cemetery, Feb. 13, 3 P. M.

SIEBERT.—Amelia, in memory of; died Feb. 7, 1907.

WEINSTEIN.—Simon, unveiling monument, Washington Cemetery, Feb. 13, 2 P. M.

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THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

It would be possible, of course, to exaggerate the part played in the further unsettlement of the securities markets last week by speculative interests working for the fall of prices, but the statement that their market operations were mainly responsible for the declines which occurred can be made with perfect safety. Bearish operations of the kind mentioned could not have succeeded had it not been for the indisposition of powerful financial interests to accord aggressive support to stocks, and discussion of market conditions, wherever it went on during the week, therefore concerned itself very largely with the reasons for the adoption of this attitude of aloofness from the market on the part of those who are usually credited with the ability to stay, and even reverse, a fall in prices. The argument that financial Wall Street refrained from action because of its desire that the Administration should have an "object lesson" of the results of its policies as regards corporations may be at once dismissed. It implies a lack of intelligence among men who have by the exercise of that quality alone raised themselves to commanding positions in the financial and industrial worlds. It is true that here and there may be found self-appointed prophets who have welcomed the market disturbance as an opportunity to locate the cause with Mr. Taft and to predict even more serious effects, but to argue from purely specific cases an acceptance by all of Wall Street of such beliefs is most unfair. The difficulties which beset the Administration as a result of the existence of the Sherman law are well understood, and Mr. Taft's own attitude, well illustrated in his recent message to Congress, where, dealing with the law, he stated it as his opinion that the courts were construing its terms so conservatively as to remove any necessity for its amendment, is accepted without reserve as indicative of the President's good intentions. The right to differ with him is, of course, reserved. Attorney General Wickersham's disinclination to urge an extreme construction of the statute is displayed in the brief submitted by him in the case of the American Tobacco Company on appeal from the Circuit Court for the Southern District of New York to the Supreme Court; the passage is well worth reprinting here in full: "We do not maintain that restraint of commerce is denounced by the Sherman act unless it is direct and material, either in tendency or effect; and, of course, do not insist that every contract or arrangement which causes the elimination of a competitor in inter-State trade is necessarily unlawful. The statute was intended to foster, not destroy, business operations universally regarded as promotive of the public welfare. Accordingly we do not vouch and will not attempt to support the extreme construction of the act adopted by the Presiding Judge below, under which he declared, in substance, that it would be unlawful for any two individuals driving rival express wagons between villages in contiguous States to combine forces by forming a partnership, or otherwise, and operate a single line; or by contract 'to deprive the country of the services of any number of independent dealers, however small.'" Such assurances from the Administration of its own position received full credit among financial interests and wholly removed any occasion, could one be conceived to exist in any event, for the much-talked-of "object lesson."

The fact is that the position into which the Administration has been forced by the very terms of the Sherman law, and possibly by political exigencies which are unfortunately ever present in the conduct of government in this country, is only one of a number of factors which have worked together to discourage buying of securities in a large way for a month or more past. With no complications in the way of corporation investigation or litigation and with no judgments pending in such important suits as the American Tobacco and Standard Oil cases, it is the opinion of all distinterested observers of securities markets that there would still have occurred declines in prices nearly if not quite as severe as those which have taken place. Many issues had been forced to levels representing speculative impulse, pure and simple, and in due course such exaggeration is always corrected. There comes a time when the artificial percentage has been so obviously removed from prices that what is called "good buying," which includes not only purchases by the larger financial interests but also by the investor of moderate means everywhere, sets in. It is precisely because of the Washington situation and the American Tobacco and Standard Oil cases that purchases of the kind mentioned have been delayed in the present instance. Every one must realize that the great fall in prices has to a very large extent eliminated the artificial and that returning as many good stocks now do more income than the interest commanded by money while fundamental business conditions remain sound there is a great incentive to investment buying. Having assured himself of the favorableness of these factors, which under normal circumstances would control his action, the individual investor, whether possessed of small or of great means, is just now forced to take into account two other factors, that concerning the corporation question and that involved in the outcome of the two great cases before the Supreme Court, and uncertain of the issue in either matter he hesitates. Were it not for this uncertainty the grudging support accorded the market on every occasion of weakness for days past would have been replaced by confident and heavy buying of securities. In view of the fact that no decision in the Tobacco case can be looked for before three weeks at least, the Supreme Court having adjourned for a holiday for that length of time, and that the Administration's policy as to corporation affairs will presumably be largely dictated by the opinion handed down by the court in that case, it may be asked what will be the course of the securities markets in the meantime. It would be expecting too much, perhaps, to look for anything beyond buying intended to impart steadiness to the market in that interval, but the conviction must be coming home to investors everywhere that a great number of the highest class securities are selling as Wall Street might well term it, "ex the American Tobacco decision." That is, no matter what may be the verdict of this high tribunal, there are essential values in these stocks which cannot be destroyed and which have been actually underappraised in the general unsettlement of opinion. Thinking along this line was clearly reflected in the week-end recovery of the market. The desire on the part of business men the country over to conduct their affairs not only within the letter but also within the spirit of the law has never been more sincere than at this time, and it is to be devoutly hoped that the court of last resort will find it feasible to point out, in rendering its opinion on the leading cases now before it, a way in which this desire may be fulfilled.

So far as business is concerned, there is discernible some little hesitation, but no more than might reasonably be looked for in connection with the unusual severity of the Winter and the proper precautions which the position of affairs in Washington has required as regards future projects. There has been, perhaps not without a purpose when the course of the stock market is considered, much talk of a general decline in trade and of the countermanding of orders for railroad materials, a product which makes up so great a total of the entire business of the country. So far as can be learned no cancellation of orders upon anything like an important scale has occurred, although it is true that actual necessities rather than expectations are dictating purchases. The large order of the Baltime & Ohio for rails, placed last week, is evidence of the necessities in question. Some decreases in gross returns of the railroads have been noted, but these were almost exclusively with properties located in the West, including the Rock Island, the Great Northern, and the Burlington, and they reflected both the sheer inability of the roads involved to handle traffic in the heavy snowfalls of the month of December and the similar embargo involved in the strike of employes. In a general way vigorous trade was indicated by the wholly unprecedented volume of bank clearings for the month of January, including increases of 22 per cent. over the exchanges of last year and of over 2 per cent. over the clearings of January, 1906, a very active period.

Ease in money in money markets is stimulated, of course, by liquidation like that which went on in securities. A promising circumstance attending the easier money position is the evidence of a better demand for bonds. The failure of a bond house held in general esteem, and which was simply unfortunate in encountering an era in which investors were unwilling to share in promotion propects like that which caused the firm's downfall, was an isolated event and with the assurance of a freer market for bonds generally loses any significance it might otherwise have possessed. Abroad conditions underwent little change. The Bank of England forwarded a substantial amount of gold to Paris, but it is, of course, too early as yet to appraise the damage wrought by the flood of the Seine and the part of the financing required to make this damage good which other than the French money markets must bear. Ease is so general, however, as to minimize the importance of this aspect of the financial situation.

THE MARKETS OF EUROPE.

PARIS REGAINS CONFIDENCE.

Firmness Follows Hesitancy on the Bourse, Caused by the Inundation.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 6.—The week opened on the Bourse with a feeling of marked depression on account of the continuance of the inundation. By Wednesday, however, the renewal of confidence was manifest in a reaction against the lowering of prices. Bank funds have risen, notably Credit Mobilier, from 669 to 687.

The greatest activity was shown in properties like Metropolitan, which have suffered from the inundation, but to what extent is not yet fully known. Efforts to discount the repairs necessary to the various transportation lines have met with uncertain success. Firmness followed hesitancy, however, in most of these stocks.

The latter part of the week was marked by extreme quiet. Interest continued low, but there was great caution in the acceptance of guarantees for loans. Rio Tinto was active, though without any great change, closing at 1940. State funds of all descriptions showed slight variations, usually favorable.

BERLIN HAS LITTLE SCARE.

Public, However, Refuses to Be Frightened by Balkan Situation.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Feb. 6.—The appearance of the annual Balkan war scare on the political horizon tempered the optimistic inclination of the Boerse last week. Although the market refused to believe in the probability of war, there was considerable nervous selling.

The inclination in the direction of realization was supported by panicky indications from New York. The buying public, however, refused to be frightened and the result was a general strengthening toward the close of the week. The prompt acceptance of the new Bulgarian and Roumanian loans by an international syndicate also contributed toward allaying the market's fears of Balkan complications.

The week ended amid fairly restored confidence, in which the amicable tariff arrangement between Germany and the United States played a conspicuous rôle.

LOMBARD STREET DEPRESSED.

Everybody Waiting for Light on the Government's Financial Policy.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—Lombard Street is in the doldrums and there is very little sign as yet of the lifting of the depression. Everybody is waiting for something to turn up, for trade to pursue its upward swing, so hopefully predicted, and also for light on the Government's financial policy.

However, the depressing effect of the American fall in prices is wearing off with the recovery of that market, the general feeling being that the flurry due to speculation has been carried too far and that the inherent condition is excellent.

PIG IRON PRICES SHADE A LITTLE

Market Loses Ground During the Week Because of Oversupply.

STEEL PRODUCTS ALSO

In Sympathy with Basic Pig Iron, the Finished Staples Were Subjected to Some Price-Cutting.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 6.—Contrary to predictions made a week ago, the pig iron market in Pittsburg lost ground during the first week of February, instead of making up what had been lost. Sales of basic iron for second quarter were made at an equivalent to $16.75, valleys, while the $16.75 price was shaded on prompt and second quarter No. 2 foundry iron. There were reports of $16.50, furnace, for No. 2 iron.

Sales of foundry iron at the $16.75 price and a trifle lower aggregated about 5,000 tons. A steel interest at Canton, Ohio, took 6,000 tons of basic for second quarter at $17.65, delivered, a part of it from Northern Ohio furnaces, with a freight rate of 70 cents, the remainder from the valleys, where the delivered price netted the producer $16.75 at furnace. Furnace interests confess that the putting of a large number of merchant stacks on basic iron last Fall, during the slack consumption of foundry irons in this district, resulted in a considerable overproduction of basic. Fully 80,000 tons of basic are still held by middlemen in the Pittsburg district, but it is in strong hands and will not go on the market at present.

In sympathy with the pig iron market there has been an uncertainty in crude steel and some finished product prices during the week, though Steel Corporation officials assert that it is only transitory. Some resale Bessemer billets were dumped on the market, on which $27 and a shade less was realized, against the minimum of $27.50, Pittsburg mill, which has stood since last October. Prices on structural material were not well held, considerable price cutting being reported. Wire products also showed fluctuations from the established prices. The cutting in all these lines was by smaller makers. Premiums were asked, however, on prompt shipments of steel bars and other lines of merchant mill products. The West has stripped the Pittsburg district bare of merchant bars, great tonnages having been required for the automobile and agricultural implement manufacturers, which the Chicago mills were unable to furnish. On sheets and tin plate premiums continue to be the rule. Considerable new tin plate capacity is due in operation within a month, which will relieve this situation.

The sudden boom in the sheet steel trade and the continuance of the unprecedented demand on all lines of sheets has inspired new independent companies to enter the field. The present independent sheet steel capacity of the country is 230 mills, and, with new work planned or under contract, the independent sheet manufacturers will have available late in the present year a total of 277 mills, as against 184 mills now being operated by the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company.

Two independent tube companies in the Pittsburg district are ready to let contracts for pretentious extensions. The blast furnace capacity of the district also is being rapidly increased. Contrary to predictions late in the Fall, this new raw material capacity is becoming active before the new finished capacity plants are ready to use the output, which situation also has had its effect on the pig iron situation.

A virtual deadlock exists on prices in the cokefields. The Connellsville producers refuse to quote below the minimum of $2.50, Connellsville, on contract furnace coke for first half, while consumers are accusing the operators there of having sold coke to the Steel Corporation during January at $2.40, Connellsville, and lower, and are demanding like concessions. The only coke contracts closed during the week were on sliding scales based on the monthly average prices of pig iron.

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BOSTON COPPER GOSSIP.

News of Ore Discoveries from Many Sections.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Feb. 5.—The feature of the market for copper stocks this week has been the falling of North Butte to new low levels, due not only to continued bearish reports about the mine but to intimations that the company will not be included in the combination.

The Butte Central management is about to resume work on the Ophir Mine.

President Gross of East Butte estimated that company's output for January at 7,057 tons, with a recovery of 550,000 pounds of copper.

President Austin of Arizona Commercial has advices of a very rich strike on the 675-foot level of that mine. Assays of 56 per cent. copper are reported.

In a new section of the Vulture Mine a new ore body has been struck, which is believed to be very rich.

News from Bisbee is that the Courtland (Arizona) camp has not made good and is being abandoned.

Warrior is now shipping eighty tons daily of oxydized ore averaging 10 per cent. copper.

It is reported that Boston and Corbin has found the main Bertha vein on the 700-foot level, carrying 4½ per cent. copper and eight or ten ounces of silver.

Indications at depth in the Indiana Mine are that there are two lodes instead of one, and both very rich.

The Bohemia Mining Company has been formed, to operate in the Lake-Indiana district.

It is understood that Franklin is negotiating for additional land between the Franklin and the Hancock.

Interests identified with Mass Consolidated are understood to be making renewed offers for the Evergreen Bluff property, adjoining the former mine.

The improvement in the lower levels of Winona continues.

Conservative estimates place the sulphide ore in sight in Superior and Pittsburg's Ohio shaft at 100,000 tons. The average assay is 7 per cent.

Old Dominion produced 2,130,000 pounds of copper in January, a decrease of 1,538,000 pounds as compared with January, 1909.

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

SALES OF STOCKS IN THE WEEK ENDED FEB. 5. TOTAL WEEK'S SALES, 4,858,407 SHARES.

Range for Year 1909. High.	Range for Year 1909. Low.	Range for Year 1910. High.	Date.	Range for Year 1910. Low.	Date.	Closing Saturday, Feb. 5. Bid.	Closing Saturday, Feb. 5. Ask.	Week's Net Change	STOCKS.	Par Value.	Amount Capital Stock Outstanding.	Last Dividend Paid. Date.	Per Cent.	Period.	Range for Week Ended Feb. 5. First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Closing a Year Ago.	Sales Week Ended Feb. 5, '10.
16⅞	12¾	15	Jan. 3	11¼	Feb. 3	11¼	12½	— 1¼	**Allis-Chalmers Co.**	100	$19,820,000				13	13	11¼	12	14⅞	1,600
57½	38	54¾	Jan. 5	36	Feb. 3	38⅜	39¼	— 7	Allis-Chalmers Co. pf	100	16,150,000	Feb. 1, '04	1¾	..	43	43	36	39	46¾	2,500
96⅝	65	90⅜	Jan. 3	75⅝	Feb. 3	77⅜	77½	— 4⅛	Amalgamated Copper Co.	100	153,887,900	Nov. 29, '09	50c	Q	82	83¼	75⅝	77½	74⅝	220,950
50	33½	49	Jan. 10	42	Feb. 3	42	45	— 2½	American Agricultural Chem. Co.	100	19,061,400	..			44	44½	42	42	38	1,300
49⅜	20¼	47½	Jan. 10	33	Feb. 3	35¼	35½	— 1⅜	American Beet Sugar Co.	100	15,000,000	..			37⅝	37⅝	33	35¼	23⅝	9,725
15⅞	7½	13⅞	Jan. 3	10	Feb. 3	10⅞	11	— ⅞	American Can Co.	100	41,233,300	..			10⅞	11½	10	11	8⅞	7,450
86	71½	81½	Jan. 6	72	Feb. 3	74½	75	— 1	American Can Co. pf	100	41,233,300	Jan. 1, '10	1¾	Q	76⅞	76⅞	72	75	75	5,300
76¼	44⅛	72⅞	Jan. 3	58	Feb. 3	60¼	60⅝	— 4⅜	American Car & Foundry Co.	100	30,000,000	Jan. 1, '10	½	Q	62½	62½	58	60¼	50½	18,000
124¾	107½	119½	Jan. 7	116½	Jan. 18	115½	118	— 3	American Car & Foundry Co. pf	100	30,000,000	Jan. 1, '10	1¾	Q	118	118	117	117	111	350
79¾	42⅞	67½	Jan. 3	57¼	Feb. 3	59	59¼	..	American Cotton Oil Co.	100	20,237,100	Dec. 1, '09	2½	SA	61⅛	62¼	57¼	59	52¼	4,945
107¼	98	104	Jan. 4	101	Feb. 1	101½	107	..	American Cotton Oil Co. pf	100	10,198,600	Dec. 1, '09	3	SA	101	103	101	103	100	420
10	6¼	8¼	Jan. 5	6	Feb. 3	6⅜	6½	— ¼	American Hide & Leather Co.	100	11,274,100	..			6⅞	6⅞	6	6⅜	7⅛	962
51⅝	34	47⅞	Jan. 3	32	Feb. 3	35	36	— 3⅞	American Hide & Leather Co. pf	100	12,548,300	Aug. 15, '05	1	..	39¾	39¾	32	35½	40⅞	4,400
42¼	18⅞	26⅜	Jan. 4	20	Feb. 3	20⅛	21½	— 1	American Ice Securities Co.	100	19,042,500	July 20, '07	1¾	..	22⅝	22⅝	20	21	21	4,800
20	12	17⅞	Jan. 3	13⅝	Feb. 4	14⅛	14¾	— ½	American Linseed Co.	100	16,750,000				14⅜	15	13⅝	14¼	15⅛	1,710
47⅞	29	46⅞	Jan. 3	36⅝	Feb. 4	37½	38	— 2½	American Linseed Co. pf	100	16,750,000	Sept. 1, '00	1½	..	40½	40½	36⅞	37⅞	34	2,140
69¾	49	62⅞	Jan. 3	46½	Feb. 3	48⅞	49	— 3⅞	American Locomotive Co.	100	25,000,000	Aug. 26, '08	1¼	..	52¾	53	46½	49	56	13,800
122	109½	115	Jan. 7	111½	Feb. 4	111	113	— 1¼	American Locomotive Co. pf	100	25,000,000	Jan. 21, '10	1¾	Q	113⅛	113⅛	111¼	111¼	..	300
11½	6	7	Jan. 3	5⅝	Jan. 26	6¼	7	— ¼	American Malt Corp.	100	5,603,300	..			6⅞	6⅞	5⅝	6½	8⅝	500
59	38	41½	Jan. 8	33	Jan. 20	36⅞	38½	—10½	American Malt Corp. pf	100	8,651,000	Nov. 3, '09	2½	SA	36⅞	36⅞	36	36	52½	1,955
105¼	77⅞	104	Jan. 3	79⅝	Feb. 4	82	82⅛	— 2¾	Amer. Smelting & Refining Co.	100	50,000,000	Jan. 15, '10	1	Q	82¾	83	79⅝	82	85	182,500
116¾	101	112⅝	Jan. 3	105½	Feb. 3	106⅛	107	— 2	Amer. Smelting & Refining Co. pf	100	50,000,000	Jan. 2, '10	1¾	Q	109	109¼	105½	106⅞	102⅞	4,380
92	80	90⅞	Jan. 3	87	Feb. 3	87½	88	— 2	American Smelting Securities pf. B	100	30,000,000	Dec. 1, '09	1½	Q	89½	89½	87	87½	84½	1,660
105	95	96⅞	Feb. 3	95½	Jan. 13	95	100	+ ½	American Snuff Co. pf	100	12,000,000	Jan. 3, '10	1½	Q	96½	96½	95½	96	..	300
66⅛	34⅞	66	Jan. 10	54½	Feb. 4	57	59	— ½	American Steel Foundries	100	16,218,000				60⅜	60⅜	54½	57	36	3,800
136⅞	115⅞	123⅜	Jan. 12	118⅞	Jan. 25	120¼	121	— 3½	American Sugar Refining Co.	100	45,000,000	Jan. 3, '10	1¾	Q	121¼	122	119	120⅝	130⅞	5,350
131	118	122½	Jan. 3	120	Feb. 4	120	122	— 1½	American Sugar Refining Co. pf	100	45,000,000	Jan. 3, '10	1¾	Q	121	121	120	120	128	400
85	75	77	Feb. 5	77	Feb. 5	75	77	..	American Telegraph & Cable Co.	100	14,000,000	Dec. 1, '09	1½	Q	77	77	77	77	..	212
145⅛	125	141⅜	Jan. 3	134½	Feb. 3	136¼	136⅝	— 1⅛	Amer. Telephone & Telegraph Co.	100	257,187,300	Jan. 15, '10	2	Q	137¼	137⅞	134¼	136⅝	127⅝	15,060
104	90½	95¼	Jan. 3	91	Feb. 3	91	91½	— 2	American Tobacco Co. pf	100	78,689,100	Jan. 3, '10	1½	Q	92¼	92¼	91	91½	90½	2,700
40½	26	37⅞	Jan. 3	32	Feb. 3	32¼	34	— 4½	American Woolen Co.	100	29,501,000				36	36	32	32¼	28	2,200
107⅞	93⅜	103½	Jan. 3	99	Jan. 25	100½	101	— 1½	American Woolen Co. pf	100	40,000,000	Jan. 15, '10	1¾	Q	101½	101½	100½	100½	94½	980
54⅝	37⅝	54	Jan. 3	48¾	Feb. 3	49⅜	49⅝	— 2	Anaconda Copper Mining Co.	25	30,000,000	Jan. 10, '10	50c	Q	51⅝	52	48¾	49¼	45½	36,245
125⅝	97⅞	124⅛	Jan. 8	113	Feb. 3	115⅛	115⅝	— 1¼	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe	100	161,825,000	Dec. 1, '09	3	SA	117	117	113	115½	99¾	102,860
106⅝	100¼	104⅝	Jan. 10	102¼	Feb. 3	102⅝	103	— 1¼	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe pf	100	114,199,500	Feb. 1, '10	2½	SA	103⅛	103¼	102½	103	101⅞	2,135
143½	107½	137⅞	Jan. 5	125	Feb. 3	127	127½	— 1½	Atlantic Coast Line	100	47,552,400	Jan. 10, '10	3	SA	130	130	125	127	109½	2,300
122¼	103½	119½	Jan. 8	108¾	Feb. 3	110⅜	111	— 5⅜	**Baltimore & Ohio**	100	152,206,900	Sept. 1, '09	3	SA	116¼	116⅞	108⅝	110⅝	107⅝	25,000
96	91	94	Jan. 7	90	Feb. 4	90	92	— 4	Baltimore & Ohio pf	100	60,000,000	Sept. 1, '09	2	SA	94	94	90	90	93	600
5½	2⅞	3½	Jan. 5	3	Jan. 26	3	3½	..	Batopilas Mining	20	8,929,920	Dec. 31, '07	12½c	..	3¼	3¼	3	3	3¼	800
36¼	18⅞	34	Jan. 3	26½	Feb. 3	27	29	— 1⅝	Bethlehem Steel Corporation	100	14,862,000	..			30⅞	30⅞	26½	28⅛	25¾	2,100
69¾	47	65	Jan. 19	56	Feb. 3	55	57	— 1¾	Bethlehem Steel Corporation pf	100	14,908,000	Feb. 1, '07	¾	..	61½	61⅝	56	57	..	1,000
82¾	67	80¼	Jan. 3	69	Feb. 3	71¼	71⅝	— 1⅝	Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co.	100	45,000,000	Jan. 1, '10	1	Q	73½	73½	69	71⅛	71	22,235
161½	118	164⅝	Jan. 3	149	Feb. 4	149	152	— 2	Brooklyn Union Gas Co.	100	17,994,500	Oct. 1, '09	3	SA	152½	153	149	149	121¾	900
21⅛	13	18⅛	Jan. 3	14½	Feb. 3	13¼	14	— ½	Brunswick Terminal & Ry. Sec.	100	7,000,000	..			15	15	14½	14½	..	450
37	23⅞	33	Jan. 4	31	Feb. 5	30½	36	— 1⅛	Butterick Co.	100	14,555,700	..			32½	32½	31	31	31½	600
70¼	60½	70	Jan. 4	68¼	Feb. 3	65	68¼	— 1⅜	**Canada Southern**	100	15,000,000	Feb. 1, '10	1¼	SA	68¼	68¼	68¼	68¼	..	100
189⅝	165	182⅛	Jan. 3	177⅞	Jan. 14	179⅝	180	— ½	Canadian Pacific	100	149,998,900	Oct. 1, '09	$3½	SA	181	181	178⅝	179½	173¾	2,400
..	..	175	Jan. 22	174	Jan. 31	174	176	..	Canadian Pac. sub. cfs. 1st pd						174	174	174	174	..	200
51¾	25½	48⅜	Jan. 3	35¼	Feb. 3	38	38¼	— 3	Central Leather Co.	100	39,508,800	..			41	41½	35½	38	31	17,702
111	99¾	108⅞	Jan. 5	105½	Feb. 5	105½	106	— ⅝	Central Leather Co. pf	100	33,159,800	Dec. 31, '09	1¾	Q	106¾	106⅞	105½	105⅞	102¼	850
323½	215	312	Jan. 7	290	Feb. 3	290	300	— 7	Central Railroad of N. J.	100	27,436,800	Feb. 1, '10	2	Q	305	305	290	293	228½	820
91¼	55⅝	92	Jan. 3	78⅝	Feb. 3	81⅝	81¾	— 8⅜	Chesapeake & Ohio	100	62,793,700	Dec. 31, '09	1	Q	85½	85⅝	78⅝	81⅝	65⅜	121,950
74¾	57⅞	66¾	Jan. 3	54½	Feb. 4	56½	57	— 1½	Chicago & Alton	100	19,535,800	Aug. 16, '09	2	SA	59½	59½	54½	56½	62½	2,500
37⅞	31½	36⅞	Jan. 3	29½	Feb. 4	30	30¼	— ⅞	Chicago Great Western	100	20,896,100	..			31½	31½	29½	30¼	..	4,350
64¾	58⅝	61⅛	Jan. 10	55	Feb. 4	55⅝	57½	— 8⅜	Chicago Great Western pf	100	36,119,800	..			55	56	55	56	..	800
165¾	141	158⅜	Jan. 3	143	Feb. 3	147½	147⅝	— ⅞	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	100	116,348,200	Sept. 1, '09	3½	SA	148⅝	148⅞	145	147⅛	144⅝	50,100
181	158½	172¼	Jan. 3	164½	Feb. 3	165	166	— ⅜	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul pf	100	116,274,900	Sept. 1, '09	3½	SA	165½	165⅞	164½	165	164½	1,650
198½	173⅛	182½	Jan. 3	153⅞	Feb. 4	155	155½	— 2⅞	Chicago & Northwestern	100	99,618,500	Jan. 3, '10	3½	SA	157½	157½	153⅞	155½	177½	7,150
228	208	225	Jan. 4	206	Feb. 2	200	220	—19	Chicago & Northwestern pf	100	22,395,100	Jan. 3, '10	2	Q	206	206	206	206	..	100
..	..	16¼	Jan. 5	12⅞	Feb. 3	..	..	— ⅞	Chicago & Northwestern rights		..				14⅝	14⅞	12⅞	13⅝	..	15,761
167	148	150	Jan. 14	143	Jan. 19	150	152	+ 3½	Chicago, St. P., Minn. & Omaha	100	18,556,200	Aug. 20, '09	3½	SA	150	150	150	150	..	1,050
4½	2	4	Jan. 7	2	Jan. 31	..	..	— ½	Chicago Terminal Transfer	100	13,000,000	..			2	2	2	2	..	400
83¼	68	82⅜	Jan. 6	77	Jan. 20	79	80½	+ 2½	Cleve., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis	100	47,056,300	Mar. 2, '08	1	..	79	81¼	79	80	70	2,600
105	100	104	Jan. 15	100½	Feb. 4	99	108	— 3½	Cleve., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis pf	100	10,000,000	Jan. 20, '10	1¼	Q	103	103	100½	100½	..	300
53	29	50	Jan. 3	33⅝	Feb. 3	35½	35⅝	— 4⅝	Colorado Fuel & Iron	100	34,235,500	Apr. 15, '02	1½	..	39½	39⅝	33⅝	35⅛	39¼	21,320
68¼	51	62¼	Jan. 10	56	Jan. 14	57	57⅞	— ⅞	Colorado Southern	100	31,000,000	Dec. 31, '09	2	A	57⅞	58⅝	56	57⅝	64	5,625
86	76½	82¼	Jan. 8	80	Jan. 20	81	82	— ½	Colorado Southern 1st pf	100	8,500,000	Oct. 1, '09	2	SA	81⅝	81⅝	80	81	82½	1,700
84½	73¼	81	Jan. 6	79½	Feb. 3	80	81	— ½	Colorado Southern 2d pf	100	8,500,000	Oct. 1, '09	2	SA	80½	80⅝	79½	80	79⅜	1,327
91½	21⅝	92¼	Jan. 4	12½	Jan. 27	17¾	20	+ 4	Columbus & Hocking Coal & Iron	100	6,989,000	Mar. 1, '04	¼	..	13¼	20⅜	13½	18	25	5,365
165¼	114½	160⅝	Jan. 3	140¼	Jan. 25	143¼	143¾	— 1¾	Consolidated Gas Co.	100	99,809,000	Dec. 15, '09	1	Q	145¼	147½	141	143¼	117⅞	35,570
26½	16¼	23¼	Jan. 6	17½	Feb. 3	18	18¼	— 1⅛	Corn Products Refining Co.	100	49,756,500	..			19¼	19¾	17⅛	18½	18⅝	7,550
93½	73¼	86⅝	Jan. 3	81⅜	Feb. 5	81¼	83	— 1	Corn Products Refining Co. pf	100	29,797,600	Jan. 10, '10	1	Q	84½	84½	81⅛	81⅝	75	600
200	167¾	185	Jan. 3	168½	Feb. 3	172	174	— 3	**Delaware & Hudson**	100	42,501,000	Dec. 20, '09	2¼	Q	175⅞	175⅞	168½	172	176¼	2,220
54	37⅞	52	Jan. 3	37¾	Feb. 3	40	40⅛	— 2⅞	Denver & Rio Grande	100	38,000,000	..			42½	43	37⅝	40⅛	46¼	9,915
90	79½	84	Jan. 3	77	Feb. 3	79	80	— 2	Denver & Rio Grande pf	100	45,772,400	Jan. 15, '10	2½	SA	80¼	80¼	77	77½	85¾	2,630
71⅜	56	66	Jan. 22	61	Jan. 17	60	62½	— 1⅛	Detroit United Railway	100	12,500,000	Aug. 1, '07	1¼	..	62¾	62¾	61	61⅛	60½	720
41⅝	32½	36¾	Jan. 10	27	Feb. 3	29½	30¼	— 2⅞	Distillers' Securities Corporation	100	30,764,500	Jan. 31, '10	½	Q	32½	32¾	27	29⅛	37	6,100
21	14¼	18¾	Jan. 3	14	Feb. 3	14½	15½	— 1¼	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic	100	12,000,000	..			14⅞	14⅞	14	14	18	450
36½	28	34⅝	Jan. 4	24	Feb. 3	25	25½	— 3	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic pf	100	10,000,000	..			26¾	26¾	24	24	31	1,000
88	87½	86	Jan. 26	86	Jan. 26	85	87	..	Du Pont de N. Powder pf	100	13,692,900	Jan. 25, '10	1¼	Q	85¼	85¼	85¼	85¼	..	14
39	22⅝	34⅝	Jan. 5	26⅝	Feb. 3	27¾	27⅞	— 2	**Erie**	100	112,378,900	..			29⅝	29⅝	26⅝	27⅞	30⅝	15,820
56¾	36½	52½	Jan. 5	42⅝	Feb. 3	44½	44⅞	— 2	Erie 1st pf	100	47,892,400	Feb. 20, '07	2	..	47⅛	47⅛	42⅝	44⅝	45½	7,810
46	28½	41¾	Jan. 5	33⅞	Feb. 4	34½	35¼	— 1⅝	Erie 2d pf	100	16,000,000	Apr. 9, '07	2	..	35½	35½	33⅞	34⅞	35⅞	1,900
94	80	88	Jan. 3	79	Feb. 3	80	83	— 3½	**Federal Mining & Smelting pf**	100	12,000,000	Dec. 15, '09	1¾	Q	79	82½	79	80⅛	81	600
95	61	109¼	Feb. 1	94	Jan. 20	106	109	+ 9⅜	**General Chemical Co.**	100	7,410,300	Dec. 1, '09	1	Q	108	109¼	108	109¼	65	350
108	98½	105	Jan. 27	103	Jan. 4	104	105	+ ⅞	General Chemical Co. pf	100	12,500,000	Jan. 3, '10	1½	Q	105	105	104	104½	100½	1,241
172¾	150⅛	160⅞	Jan. 6	148⅜	Feb. 4	150⅞	152	— 2	General Electric Co.	100	65,179,600	Jan. 15, '10	2	Q	153	153⅛	148⅛	151	152½	4,700
157⅞	136⅝	143⅞	Jan. 3	130¾	Jan. 20	135½	136	— ⅜	Great Northern pf	100	209,950,400	Nov. 1, '09	1¾	Q	136½	136⅝	132	135¾	140⅜	30,181
88½	65⅛	80½	Jan. 4	67	Feb. 4	70¼	70½	— 4⅞	Great Northern cfs. for ore prop.			Sept. 15, '09	$1	..	74	74	67	70	70½	13,860
103	39	96	Jan. 31	88½	Jan. 20	..	95	— ½	**Havana Electric Ry.**	100	7,500,000	Nov. 13, '09	1	Q	96	96	94	94	39⅜	1,400
126	97	118⅞	Jan. 5	104	Feb. 4	104	..	— 2	Hocking Valley tr. rcts	100	3,214,800	Jan. 17, '10	2	SA	104	104	104	104	103	100
93	73⅛	88½	Feb. 1	81	Jan. 6	85	90	+ 4⅝	Homestake Mining	100	21,840,000	Nov. 26, '09	50c	..	88½	88½	88½	88½	..	144
162¼	137	147	Jan. 5	138⅜	Feb. 3	140½	140⅞	— 1⅜	**Illinois Central**	100	109,270,400	Sept. 1, '09	3½	SA	145	145	138⅜	139½	141	2,000
25⅞	11⅝	25¼	Jan. 11	18	Feb. 3	18⅞	19⅛	— 2⅞	Interborough-Metropolitan	100	93,262,100	..			21⅝	21⅝	18	19	15⅛	51,550
63⅝	36¾	62⅞	Jan. 12	47½	Feb. 3	49½	50	— 6⅜	Interborough-Metropolitan pf	100	45,740,000	July 1, '07	1¼	..	56	56	47½	49⅞	41⅞	39,300
118¾	62	125⅞	Jan. 10	86	Feb. 4	87	88	..	International Harvester	100	60,000,000	..			121	121¼	86	87	63⅞	2,000
128	109¼	129	Jan. 4	122	Feb. 3	122	124	— 2	International Harvester pf	100	60,000,000	Dec. 1, '09	1¾	Q	124	124	122	122	111⅞	424
19¼	9½	16	Jan. 3	12¼	Feb. 4	12¾	13	— 1¼	International Paper Co.	100	17,442,900	..			14	14	12¼	12½	11⅛	3,175
69¾	47¾	61½	Jan. 3	53½	Feb. 3	54	55	— 8	International Paper Co. pf	100	22,539,700	Jan. 15, '10	½	Q	55⅝	56	53½	54	56	1,750
54¼	33½	54⅝	Jan. 7	46	Feb. 3	47	47½	— 2⅜	International Steam Pump Co.	100	17,762,500	Apr. 1, '05	½	Q	49¼	49½	46	46⅞	38⅛	2,600
91¾	82½	90¾	Jan. 17	85⅝	Feb. 5	85	85½	— 1⅛	International Steam Pump Co. pf	100	11,350,000	Feb. 1, '10	1½	Q	85⅜	85⅜	85	85⅝	84⅝	200
36	26¾	30	Jan. 3	20	Feb. 4	20½	21	— 2⅞	Iowa Central	100	8,524,400	..			23⅝	24½	20	20⅝	30¼	3,870
62	48	54¼	Jan. 3	40	Feb. 4	40	41	— 3⅞	Iowa Central pf	100	5,673,300	May 1, '00	1½	..	45	45⅛	40	40⅛	56⅝	2,300
50¼	37	44¼	Jan. 3	34¼	Feb. 3	36⅝	36½	— 2¼	**Kansas City Southern**	100	30,000,000	..			38¼	38⅜	34¼	36⅜	42	6,750
75½	67⅞	71	Jan. 4	67	Jan. 25	68	68¾	— ⅝	Kansas City Southern pf	100	21,000,000	Jan. 15, '10	1	Q	68	68	67⅛	68⅛	72¼	1,000
11¾	5	9	Jan. 4	7½	Feb. 1	7	9	— 1½	Keokuk & Des Moines	100	2,600,400	..			7½	7½	7½	7½	6	100
113⅜	104	116½	Jan. 10	97⅛	Feb. 4	99½	99¾	— 6	**Laclede Gas Co.**	100	8,500,000	Dec. 15, '09	1¾	Q	105½	105¾	97⅛	99½	..	34,150
29½	19½	25¾	Jan. 5	20	Feb. 3	20	25	— ½	Lake Erie & Western	100	11,840,000	..			20¼	22	20	22	..	600
64⅛	48	62¾	Jan. 3	59¼	Feb. 3	59	60	— 1	Lake Erie & Western pf	100	11,840,000	Jan. 15, '08	1	..	60	60	59¼	59¼	..	600
71¼	59	69	Jan. 5	62	Feb. 3	62	68	— 1	Long Island	50	12,000,000	Nov., 1896	1	..	62	62	62	62	..	100
162½	121	159¾	Jan. 5	141¼	Feb. 3	144	145	— 1½	Louisville & Nashville	100	60,000,000	Aug. 10, '09	3	SA	146¼	147¼	141¼	144¼	123	11,660
95¼	70	91⅛	Jan. 5	85	Jan. 17	88	90	— 1¼	**Mackay Companies**	100	41,380,400	Jan. 3, '10	1¼	Q	89	89	86⅞	86⅞	71½	900
77⅝	69½	78¼	Jan. 10	76½	Feb. 3	75	76	— 1⅜	Mackay Companies pf	100	50,000,000	Jan. 3, '10	1	Q	77½	77⅝	76¼	76¼	71½	500
153½	137	138½	Jan. 3	135½	Feb. 4	134	135⅝	— 1½	Manhattan Elevated	100	60,000,000	Jan. 3, '10	1¾	Q	137	137	135½	135½	149	1,020
9	5⅝	7½	Jan. 5	6	Feb. 3	6	6⅝	— ⅛	Mercantile Marine	100	49,921,800	..			6½	6½	6	6¼	8¼	1,100
27⅝	18¼	24⅜	Jan. 5	18¼	Feb. 3	19⅜	19¾	— 1⅜	Mercantile Marine pf	100	51,731,000	..			21	21	18¼	19⅜	24¾	5,850
42	18	25	Jan. 14	19	Feb. 3	18	20	— 6	Metropolitan Street Railway	100	9,550,400	July 1, '07	1¾	..	20	20	19	19	..	200
65	51	53¾	Jan. 4	43	Feb. 4	40	45	— 2	Minneapolis & St. Louis	100	6,000,000	July 15, '04	2½	..	46	46¼	43	43⅞	55⅞	1,300
149½	132½	142⅞	Jan. 3	130¼	Jan. 19	134	135	— 1½	Minneapolis, St. P. & S. S. Marie	100	20,825,500	Oct. 16, '09	3	SA	136	136¼	132	134⅞	142⅞	2,150
164	147	154	Jan. 29	150	Jan. 20	152	154	— 2½	Minn., St. P. & S. S. Marie pf	100	10,412,200	Oct. 16, '09	3½	SA	151⅜	151⅜	151⅜	151⅜	154⅛	175
94	89	92¾	Jan. 3	91½	Feb. 4	91½	92	— ⅛	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	100	11,050,900	Oct. 1, '09	2	SA	91⅝	91⅝	91½	91½	..	350
50¼	35½	51⅛	Jan. 5	39¼	Feb. 3	41	41⅛	— 1⅜	Missouri, Kansas & Texas	100	63,300,300	..			43⅛	43⅛	39¼	41⅛	43	31,200
78¼	71	74⅝	Jan. 5	69½	Jan. 25	71	71¾	..	Missouri, Kansas & Texas pf	100	13,000,000	Nov. 10, '09	2	SA	71	71	71	71	75	400
77½	65	72⅝	Jan. 6	65¼	Feb. 3	68¾	69¼	— ½	Missouri Pacific	100	83,044,400	Jan. 30, '08	2½	..	69⅝	70⅛	65¼	69	72¼	15,907
120	96½	115	Jan. 5	101	Feb. 4	105½	109	— 4⅞	**National Biscuit Co.**	100	29,236,000	Jan. 15, '10	1¼	Q	109⅝	110	101	105⅛	103	800
130	118½	125	Jan. 17	123	Jan. 6	121	123	+ 1	National Biscuit Co. pf	100	24,804,500	Nov. 30, '09	1¾	Q	124	124	124	124	120¾	100
30¼	12⅝	28½	Jan. 3	20⅜	Feb. 3	21½	22½	— 2¼	Nat. Enameling & Stamping Co.	100	15,591,800	July 15, '05	1½	..	24	24	20⅜	21½	..	4,800
99½	82	96⅞	Jan. 18	90½	Feb. 5	90	94	— 4½	Nat. Enameling & Stamping Co. pf	100	8,546,600	Dec. 31, '09	1¾	Q	90½	90½	90½	90½	..	100
94	71¼	89⅝	Jan. 4	78	Feb. 3	79¼	79⅞	— 4⅞	National Lead Co.	100	20,730,000	Jan. 3, '10	1¼	Q	84⅛	84½	78	79⅝	77⅝	13,800
113¾	102¾	110½	Jan. 17	107	Jan. 20	108½	111	— 2	National Lead Co. pf	100	24,463,600	Dec. 15, '09	1¾	Q	108	108	108	108	109¼	410
64	44½	64	Jan. 3	60	Feb. 3	61	63	..	National Rys. of Mexico 1st pf	100	28,830,200	Aug. 10, '09	1	SA	63	63	60	61	..	1,600
26⅝	21	28⅝	Jan. 20	24⅜	Jan. 15	26	26⅛	— 1¾	Nat. Rys. of Mexico 2d pf	100	123,835,600	..			27½	27½	26	26¼	..	7,200
97¼	80	95½	Jan. 3	74⅞	Feb. 4	77	79	— 3	New York Air Brake	100	10,000,000	Oct. 22, '07	2	..	81	81½	74⅞	79	82¼	2,145
147¾	120½	125½	Jan. 3	114⅞	Feb. 3	116⅝	117¼	— 2⅛	New York Central	100	222,464,000	Jan. 15, '10	1¼	Q	119½	119⅞	114⅞	117	126⅞	46,600
69	48½	65½	Jan. 4	57⅞	Feb. 3	58	60	— 2	New York, Chi. & St. Louis	100	14,000,000	..			61	61	57⅞	59	53	1,010
95	76⅛	98	Jan. 19	96	Feb. 4	96	98	— 2	New York, Chi. & St. Louis 2d pf	100	11,000,000	Mar. 1, '09	5	A	96	96	96	96	..	100
47	30	*40¼	Jan. 3	*30	Feb. 4	30	40	..	New York Dock Co.	100	7,000,000	..			30	30	30	30	..	50
82⅞	73	83	Jan. 28	83	Jan. 28	82	84	..	New York Dock Co. pf	100	10,000,000	Oct. 15, '09	2	SA	83	83	83	83	75½	155
174¾	154	158¼	Feb. 4	154½	Jan. 19	158	158¼	+ ½	New York, New Haven & Hartford	100	100,000,000	Dec. 31, '09	2	Q	157	158¼	157	158	157¼	2,800
..	..	148¾	Jan. 5	145	Jan. 20	145⅝	146	— 1	N. Y., N. H. & H. sub. cfs. 1st pd		..				146½	147	145⅛	145⅝	..	1,800
55⅝	42¼	50	Jan. 5	43¼	Feb. 3	44¾	44⅞	+ ¼	New York, Ontario & Western	100	58,113,900	Aug. 9, '09	2	A	45	45⅛	43¼	44⅝	47⅜	11,000
102	84¼	101½	Jan. 4	95	Jan. 25	97⅞	98¼	+ ⅛	Norfolk & Western	100	66,000,000	Dec. 17, '09	2½	SA	98⅜	98⅝	95⅞	98	90½	9,420
92½	85⅞	90⅞	Jan. 22	88	Feb. 2	87½	90	— 2⅞	Norfolk & Western pf	100	23,000,000	..			88	88	88	88	..	160
87½	72	84	Jan. 3	75	Feb. 3	77	79	— 1⅛	North American	100	29,779,700	Jan. 3, '10	1¼	Q	77½	77⅞	75	77⅝	80⅞	5,500
38	23½	36¼	Jan. 17	35	Feb. 1	..	34½	— ⅛	Northern Ohio Tr. & L.	100	9,000,000	Dec. 15, '09	1½	Q	35	35	35	35	..	100
159½	133¼	145⅝	Jan. 3	131½	Jan. 19	135¼	136	— 1¾	Northern Pacific	100	247,905,300	Feb. 1, '10	1¾	Q	137¼	137½	132¼	135½	137½	36,048
116½	76	118¾	Jan. 12	110	Jan. 20	105	112	..	**Pacific Coast**	100	7,000,000	Feb. 1, '10	1½	Q	110	110	110	110	80	200
48½	29⅛	43¼	Jan. 4	28	Feb. 3	30¼	31	— 2¾	Pacific Mail	100	20,000,000	Dec. 1, '99	1	..	33¼	33¼	28	30¼	32½	9,850
64½	45¼	46¼	Jan. 4	33	Jan. 26	34¾	35¼	— ⅝	Pacific Telephone & Telegraph	100	18,000,000	..			37	37	33⅛	35¼	..	2,400
..	..	133¾	Jan. 7	129⅜	Jan. 20	..	..	+ ½	Pennsylvania R. R. sub. cfs., 1st pd		..				131½	131½	131½	131½	..	200
151¼	126⅛	137⅞	Jan. 3	130½	Feb. 4	131½	131⅝	— ⅝	Pennsylvania Railroad	50	395,269,200	Nov. 30, '09	3	SA	133⅜	134⅝	130½	131⅝	131¼	148,705
120	101½	116⅝	Jan. 3	105½	Feb. 3	108	108¼	— 1⅜	People's Gas, Chicago	100	35,000,000	Nov. 26, '09	1¾	Q	109⅞	110⅝	105½	108¼	109¾	13,660
28	23⅛	28	Jan. 10	18¼	Feb. 3	21	24	— 7¼	Peoria & Eastern	100	10,000,000	..			22	22	18¼	21	24¾	400
..	..	62½	Feb. 3	62	Feb. 4	61¼	65	..	Pere Marquette 1st pf	100	11,157,600	..			62½	62½	62	62	..	330
103½	99½	106½	Jan. 8	98½	Feb. 4	98½	102	— 1½	Philadelphia Co.	50	36,000,000	Nov. 1, '09	1½	Q	100	100	98½	98½	..	500
99⅞	86½	100½	Jan. 5	95½	Feb. 4	96½	97	— 1	Pitts., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis	100	27,464,100	Aug. 15, '09	2	SA	98¼	99⅜	95½	95⅝	90⅛	2,301
29⅜	10	27¾	Jan. 5	19	Jan. 19	20¼	20½	— 1⅜	Pittsburg Coal Co., N. J.	100	28,104,600	..			22½	22½	19⅝	20¼	12¼	6,300
87½	40	85	Jan. 3	68	Jan. 27	70½	72	— 4½	Pittsburg Coal Co., N. J., pf	100	27,071,800	Jan. 25, '10	1¼	..	76	76	69¼	70½	..	6,700
56	30½	51⅞	Jan. 3	37	Feb. 3	30½	40	— 4	Pressed Steel Car Co.	100	12,500,000	Aug. 24, '04	1	..	43½	43½	37	39½	41½	7,270
111¾	96	107½	Jan. 5	100½	Feb. 5	101½	103	— 2	Pressed Steel Car Co. pf	100	12,000,000	Nov. 24, '09	1¾	Q	102¼	102¼	100¼	102	103	749
200	169	199¾	Jan. 21	188¼	Jan. 12	197¼	198	+ 3¾	Pullman Company	100	100,000,000	Nov. 15, '09	2	Q	192	192	188½	197⅞	171	3,041
54½	32¼	51⅛	Jan. 3	37½	Feb. 4	39	39½	— 4	**Railway Steel Spring Co.**	100	13,500,000	Oct. 22, '08	1	..	43⅛	43⅛	37½	39	47	3,310
109	97⅞	107	Jan. 17	103¾	Feb. 3	101	103⅞	— 1⅛	Railway Steel Spring Co. pf	100	13,500,000	Dec. 20, '09	1¾	Q	105	105	103⅜	103⅜	100¾	200
173⅜	118	171½	Jan. 3	154	Jan. 27	160¼	160⅜	+ ⅞	Reading	50	70,000,000	Feb. 1, '10	3	SA	159⅜	161¼	155¼	160¾	130¼	765,400
96	89	93	Jan. 4	91	Jan. 26	91¼	92	+ 2	Reading 1st pf	50	28,000,000	Sept. 10, '09	2	SA	93	93	93	93	92	200
117½	90	110½	Jan. 3	99¾	Jan. 20	102½	103¼	— 1¼	Reading 2d pf	50	42,000,000	Nov. 10, '09	2	SA	104¼	104¼	100½	103¼	90⅛	1,300
49½	16⅝	45⅞	Jan. 3	34	Feb. 4	34⅞	35	— 2½	Republic Iron & Steel Co.	100	27,352,000	..			37⅛	37⅜	34	35	24½	14,640
110¼	67⅛	104¼	Jan. 3	99	Jan. 20	100	100½	+ ⅞	Republic Iron & Steel Co. pf	100	25,000,000	Jan. 1, '10	1¾	Q	100¾	100⅝	99	100⅛	85	4,745
81	20⅞	57¼	Jan. 3	38⅝	Jan. 20	44⅞	45	+ 3⅛	Rock Island Co.	100	90,189,100	..			42⅝	45⅛	39	44⅞	25	97,700
94¾	57⅞	91½	Jan. 3	81	Jan. 25	83½	84½	+ ½	Rock Island Co. pf	100	49,458,000	Nov. 1, '05	1	..	82½	84	81½	83½	63⅞	6,150
38½	30	30	Jan. 11	28	Feb. 3	28	35	— 2	Rutland pf	100	9,057,600	Jan. 15, '08	1½	..	30	30	28	28	..	200
21	15	19½	Jan. 25	19	Feb. 4	..	..	— ½	**St. Joseph & Grand Island**	100	4,600,000	..			19½	19½	19	19	..	800
60¼	49⅜	55	Jan. 14	55	Jan. 14	..	..	..	St. Joseph & Grand Island 1st pf	100	5,500,000	July 15, '02	2½	..	55	55	55	55	..	200
74	65¼	73	Jan. 6	68⅝	Feb. 3	68	71	— ⅞	St. Louis & San Francisco 1st pf	100	5,000,000	Feb. 1, '10	1	Q	69⅝	69⅝	68⅝	68⅝	..	500
60⅝	56	60	Jan. 5	46⅛	Feb. 3	48¼	49	— 3	St. Louis & San Francisco 2d pf	100	16,000,000	Dec. 1, '05	1	..	51	52	46⅛	49	40	11,330
70	62½	63	Feb. 3	63	Feb. 3	60	63	— 2	St. L. & S.F., C. & E.I. new st. cfs.	1000	18,462,000	Jan. 1, '10	2	SA	63	63	63	63	..	11
35⅝	20½	34½	Jan. 3	25¾	Feb. 3	26½	28¾	— 2¼	St. Louis Southwestern	100	16,356,200	..			29	29	25⅝	26½	23⅜	8,300
82⅜	47½	77½	Jan. 3	70	Feb. 3	71½	72	— 1	St. Louis Southwestern pf	100	19,893,700	Jan. 15, '10	2½	SA	71½	71½	70	71½	53½	1,400
94⅝	68	86½	Jan. 3	72⅞	Feb. 4	73½	74	— 8⅜	Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron Co.	100	10,000,000	Nov. 30, '09	1¼	Q	78	78	72	72⅞	79	3,600
120	107⅞	118⅜	Feb. 1	115	Jan. 19	117	118	+ 2	Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron Co. pf	100	6,700,000	Jan. 3, '10	1¾	Q	118⅝	118⅝	117	117	..	420
115	113	113	Jan. 12	112	Feb. 2	110	112	— 1	South Porto Rico Sugar pf	100	8,288,500	Jan. 3, '10	2	Q	112	112	112	112	..	100
139⅛	114⅝	138¼	Jan. 4	122½	Feb. 3	124¾	125	— 3¾	Southern Pacific	100	272,671,300	Jan. 2, '10	1½	Q	128⅛	129¼	122½	125	117½	158,000
34	22	33¾	Jan. 3	27	Feb. 3	28	28⅛	— 1⅜	Southern Railway extended	100	119,900,000	..			29¼	29¼	27	28⅛	25½	16,000
75½	60	75	Jan. 3	63¾	Feb. 3	65	66	— 2½	Southern Railway pf. extended	100	60,000,000	Oct. 17, '07	1½	..	67⅞	67⅞	63¾	65	62⅝	6,000
49	33½	40⅝	Jan. 8	30⅛	Feb. 4	31½	32	— 3	**Tennessee Copper**	25	5,000,000	Dec. 23, '09	$1.25	..	35¼	35¼	30⅛	32	39⅝	8,900
40¼	30	36¾	Jan. 3	28	Feb. 3	28¾	28⅞	— 2½	Texas Pacific	100	38,760,000	..			31⅞	31½	28	28¾	36⅜	2,600
93⅞	80½	89½	Jan. 10	86	Feb. 3	85¼	87	— 2	Texas Pacific Land Trust	100	5,756,200	..			87½	87½	86	86	..	400
42½	12¼	19½	Jan. 7	10	Feb. 2	11⅜	12	— 3¼	Third Avenue	100	16,000,000	July 30, '07	1½	..	15⅞	15⅝	10	11¾	40¼	25,700
15⅜	7	15¾	Jan. 12	10¼	Jan. 3	11	13	— 1⅛	Toledo Railways & Light Co.	100	13,875,000	May 1, '07	1	..	13⅛	13⅛	10¾	11⅛	12	500
54⅞	43	54⅞	Jan. 4	43⅞	Feb. 4	44½	45¼	+ ¾	Toledo, St. Louis & Western	100	10,000,000	..			44⅞	45	43⅞	44⅝	47¼	1,800
74¼	64¾	72¼	Jan. 4	62½	Feb. 4	64½	66½	— 2	Toledo, St. Louis & Western pf	100	10,000,000	Oct. 15, '09	2	SA	67	67	62½	65	68⅞	1,200
116¼	97	117½	Jan. 3	111	Jan. 25	112	113	— 1	Twin City Rapid Transit	100	20,100,000	Nov. 15, '09	1¼	Q	112½	112½	111	112	105	1,200
15⅜	9¼	13¼	Jan. 8	8⅞	Jan. 25	10	11	..	**Union Bag & Paper Co.**	100	16,000,000	..			11⅛	11¼	9⅞	10	11	1,000
81¼	66	73	Jan. 13	69	Feb. 1	66	75	..	Union Bag & Paper Co. pf	100	11,000,000	Jan. 15, '10	1	Q	69	70	69	70	69⅛	300
219	172½	204⅜	Jan. 3	181½	Feb. 3	183⅜	183⅞	— 4⅛	Union Pacific	100	216,540,000	Jan. 2, '10	2½	Q	187½	187⅞	181½	183⅜	176½	508,375
118½	94	103⅜	Jan. 7	96	Feb. 3	98	98¼	— 2	Union Pacific pf	100	99,569,300	Oct. 1, '09	2	SA	100	100	96	98	95¼	4,700
111	99	109½	Jan. 19	108½	Jan. 31	107	112	— ½	United Cigar Manufacturers pf	100	5,000,000	Dec. 1, '09	1¾	Q	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛	98	100
125½	115	122	Jan. 3	119	Jan. 26	118½	120	..	United Dry Goods	100	11,141,600	Feb. 1, '10	2	Q	119	119	119	119	..	215
114	109	113⅞	Jan. 3	110½	Feb. 3	110¼	111¼	— ¾	United Dry Goods pf	100	10,500,000	Dec. 1, '09	1¾	Q	112	112	110½	111	..	789
47	30	42¼	Jan. 3	33	Jan. 25	36½	37½	+ ½	United Railways Investment Co.	100	20,400,000	..			35	36¼	35	36¾	34	800
77	50¼	72⅝	Jan. 3	56½	Jan. 25	61¼	61¾	+ 1½	United Railways Investment Co. pf	100	16,000,000	Jan. 10, '07	2½	..	61	61⅛	57	61½	50¼	2,950
35¼	24⅝	32	Jan. 3	23	Feb. 3	25	29	— 3	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe & Foundry Co.	100	12,106,300	Dec. 1, '07	1	..	26	27	23	25	29⅝	2,195
87½	70	84	Jan. 10	75½	Feb. 3	77½	78	— 1	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe & F. Co. pf	100	12,106,300	June 1, '08	1¾	..	77½	78	75½	78	74⅝	1,495
110	82	145	Jan. 10	112	Jan. 4	125	130	..	United States Express Co.	100	10,000,000	Nov. 15, '09	3	SA	125	125	125	125	..	50
87	60	84¼	Jan. 4	74	Jan. 28	75	76	— ⅝	U. S. Realty & Improvement Co.	100	16,162,800	Feb. 1, '10	1¼	Q	76	76	74	75	67¼	3,000
17½	10	11	Jan. 14	8	Feb. 1	7	9½	— 2	U. S. Reduction & Refining Co.	100	5,918,800	Apr. 1, '03	1	..	8	8	8	8	..	150
57⅞	27	52½	Jan. 3	36¼	Feb. 3	38¼	38½	— 5¼	United States Rubber Co.	100	28,666,000	Apr. 30, '00	1	..	43⅛	43⅝	36¼	38⅛	31¼	11,455
..	..	⅛	Jan. 3	1-64	Jan. 31	..	..	—1-32	United States Rubber Co. rights		..				1-64	1-64	1-64	1-64	..	5,300
123½	98	116½	Jan. 10	108¼	Feb. 3	108½	109½	— 2	United States Rubber Co. 1st pf	100	36,263,000	Jan. 31, '10	2	Q	111	111¼	108¼	109	102	5,280
89½	67½	84	Jan. 8	77	Feb. 3	75	80	— 1¼	United States Rubber Co. 2d pf	100	9,065,000	Jan. 31, '10	1½	Q	80	80	77	77	69⅞	200
94⅞	41¼	91	Jan. 3	77⅞	Feb. 3	80	80½	— 4½	United States Steel Corporation	100	508,495,200	Dec. 30, '09	1	Q	83⅞	84¼	77¾	80	52⅛	1,307,524
131	107	125⅝	Jan. 3	119⅝	Feb. 3	120¼	120⅝	— 1⅜	United States Steel Corporation pf	100	360,314,100	Nov. 30, '09	1¾	Q	123½	123⅝	119⅞	120¼	113	15,532
67¼	39⅛	60½	Jan. 6	45	Feb. 3	48⅛	48½	— 4¼	Utah Copper	10	7,343,750	Dec. 31, '09	50c	Q	52⅞	52⅞	45	48½	44	22,900
..	..	⅝	Feb. 2	⅛	Jan. 29	..	..	— ⅛	Utah Copper rights		..				⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛	..	7,408
56⅝	40⅞	57⅞	Jan. 10	47	Feb. 3	49¼	49⅝	— 2	**Virginia-Carolina Chem. Co.**	100	27,984,400	Aug. 20, '09	3	..	52	52⅝	47	49⅞	46	21,600
128	114	129¼	Jan. 4	122	Jan. 25	115	124	+ 1	Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co. pf	100	18,000,000	Jan. 15, '10	2	Q	123	123	123	123	114	100
75⅝	57	73	Jan. 8	66	Jan. 26	62	66	..	Virginia Iron, Coal & Coke Co.	100	9,073,600	..			63	63⅛	63	63⅛	60	75
37⅜	6	20	Jan. 24	15	Feb. 4	12	20	— 5	Vulcan Detinning Co.	100	2,000,000	..			15	15	15	15	7	160
91⅝	45	81	Jan. 7	60	Feb. 4	61	65	—11¼	Vulcan Detinning Co. pf	100	1,500,000	Jan. 20, '10	1¾	Q	70¼	70¼	60	63	..	830

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Two Reds For a Green One
Will the Trust Cases Affect Values?
In This Week's Issue of The Financial World

Important articles in this issue are "THE RISING TIDE IN OPERATING COST," shown by recent Railroad Reports, "THE GRIP OF IRON," showing the significance of a certain item in the Bank Statement, "SIDE LIGHTS ON THE FISK & ROBINSON FAILURE," "THE WEEK IN BONDS," "THE OPEN MARKET," "THE GLOOMY COPPER SITUATION," "THE BRILLIANT EARNINGS RECORD OF AMERICAN LIGHT & TRACTION," and, finally, but as interesting as any of the foregoing articles, "OUR EXHAUSTIVE MARKET COMPASS."

The Financial World
Copy free on presentation of this notice to those not already having received specimen copy.
It Safeguards the Investor.
18 Broadway, New York.
At all subway stations, 10c a copy

Houston & Texas Central Consolidated Mortgage Bonds.

Notice of Bonds Drawn for Payment

The Houston & Texas Central Railroad Company, having in its possession cash proceeds from sales of lands covered by Trust Indenture between Frederic P. Olcott, The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company of New York, and the Southern Pacific Company, dated April 1, 1890, which are applicable to the purchase of the Houston & Texas Central Railroad Company's Consolidated Mortgage Bonds, secured by such indenture, to an amount sufficient at the price limited in said trust indenture to purchase and retire 150 of such bonds, and, it having been found that such bonds cannot be purchased at or below 110 per centum of the par value thereof and accrued interest thereon, there have been drawn by lot, under the provisions of such trust indenture, bonds secured thereby bearing the distinguishing numbers hereinafter stated to be paid for out of such proceeds of such land sales at the said rate of 110 per centum of the par value thereof and accrued interest thereon.

The distinguishing numbers of the bonds so drawn are as follows, viz.:

34 208 535 1099 1637 2069 2726 3379
45 237 544 1164 1643 2108 2798 3596
69 258 558 1177 1651 2128 2804 3612
70 287 641 1183 1706 2229 2816 3622
74 298 648 1186 1779 2250 2818 3635
79 322 645 1217 1783 2360 2954 3636
105 339 800 1227 1794 2362 2972 3651
114 360 814 1262 1853 2389 2974 3658
129 409 859 1264 1867 2427 2987 3663
143 419 870 1288 1869 2485 2995 3665
149 428 894 1377 1877 2518 3020 3666
153 457 902 1392 1882 2560 3035 3689
157 460 924 1429 1898 2629 3127 3744
158 461 940 1449 1918 2642 3156 3815
175 471 1043 1512 1936 2644 3325 3834
189 478 1055 1531 1938 2659 3337 3843
196 505 1056 1580 1942 2683 3339 3848
198 506 1066 1596 2045 2701 2373 3865
203 526 1091 1615 2050 2722
150

The bonds bearing such distinguishing numbers will be paid for at the rate above mentioned, viz.: 110 per centum and accrued interest, upon presentation thereof, with all unmatured coupons attached thereto, at the office of the Houston & Texas Central Railroad Company, 120 Broadway, New York City.

The bonds so drawn will cease to bear interest from and after sixty days' published notice of such drawing, viz.: From and after the 25th day of February, 1910.

Houston & Texas Central Railroad Company
By ROBERT S. LOVETT,
President.

New York, December 27, 1909.

WANTED
Mass. Lighting
New England Inv. & Sec's Pfd.
American Glue Com.
Niles-Bement-Pond Com.
Regal Shoe
Whitman & Barnes
Pope Manufacturing Com.
Pere Marquette Com.
American Investments Sec.
Stafford Mills
U. S. Finishing Pfd.
Champion International Co.
Douglas Shoe
Madison Co. Gas & Elec. 5s, 1932
R. I. Suburban 4s, 1950
Hudson River Water Power 5s, 1928
Hudson River Elec. Power 5s, 1931
Hudson River Elec. Power 5s, 1944
Peoria Water Works Cons. 4s, 1948
Kalispell Water & Elec. 5s, 1912
Burlington, Vt., Gas 5s, 1955
Lake County, Col., 4s, 1921
Indiana, Columbus & Eas. 5s, 1926

HOTCHKIN & CO
Investment Securities
53 STATE STREET, BOSTON.
Telephone 3448 Main
(3)

GENERAL CHEMICAL COMPANY.

Through a typographical error, the extra dividend notice of the General Chemical Co. published in The Times on Saturday read "10% on common stock" instead of "10% in common stock."

Harold L. Bennet R. A. Shebbeare
Harold L. Bennet & Co.
25 Broad St. New York
Telephone 1969 Broad
Amer. Power & Light
Cons. Car Heating
Great West. Sugar Pref.
Pacific Gas & Elec.
Western Power
Cen. Mex. Lt. & Power Guar. 6s
Income Increasing Investments.

[No. 9,569.]
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE AUDUBON NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK,

at New York City, in the State of New York, at the close of business Jan. 31, 1910:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$371,714.29
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		50,000.00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		444.44
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures		1,565.30
Due from National banks (not reserve agents)		34,575.61
Checks and other cash items		72.84
Exchanges for Clearing House		7,972.71
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents		150.14
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$3,108.00	
Legal-tender notes	54,142.00	57,250.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5% of circulation)		2,500.00
Total		$526,245.33

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$200,000.00
Surplus fund	50,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	373.14
National banknotes outstanding	48,790.00
Due to trust companies and savings banks	8,081.44
Individual deposits subject to check	215,516.76
Demand certificates of deposit	1,000.00
Certified checks	2,483.99
Total	$526,245.33

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

I, WILLIAM REIMERS, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

WILLIAM REIMERS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 4th day of February, 1910.

[Seal of Notary.] C. H. WILKENS,
Notary Public,
New York County, 225.

Correct—Attest:
JOHN F. OLTROGGE,
LOUIS ANNIN AMES, Directors.
J. B. LORGE,

TO THE HOLDERS OF CERTIFICATES OF Deposit of Seaboard Air Line Railway, Atlanta-Birmingham first mortgage four per cent. thirty-year gold bonds, due 1933, deposited under agreement dated the 2nd day of September, 1908, lodged with the Standard Trust Company of New York:

Take notice, that the committee appointed by said agreement has terminated the said agreement, and the bonds held by the committee will be delivered to the holders of the certificates of deposit and to the record holders of registered certificates in accordance with their respective interests, upon the surrender by the depositors of their certificates of deposit, at the Standard Trust Company, 25 Broad Street, New York City, in accordance with the provisions of the said agreement. Bonds delivered on surrender of receipts will have March, 1910, and subsequent coupons attached.

Under an arrangement made under date of January 27, 1910, with the Seaboard Air Line Railway, a copy of which is on file with the depositary, the expenses of the committee have been paid. The committee makes no charge for its services.

Dated February 7, 1910.

W. SALOMON,
PAUL MORTON,
B. S. GUINNESS,
F. J. LISMAN, Committee.
M. V. R. WEYANT, Secretary, 25 Broad St.

Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis & Chicago Ry. Co.

New York, Nov. 12, 1909.

The undersigned, Sinking Fund Commissioners under the C., I., St. L. & C. Consolidated Six Per Cent. Mortgage, hereby certify that we have this day made a drawing of bonds to be applied to Sinking Fund Account as of Nov. 1, 1909, in accordance with the provisions of the mortgage, and that bonds bearing numbers as follows, viz., 316, 634, 841, 1076, 1157, and 1210, have been drawn for such purpose, that interest on said bonds shall cease on and after the first day of May, 1910, and that the bonds will be taken up on that day at 105 per cent. and accrued interest at the office of J. P. Morgan & Co., New York.

W. C. BROWN,
W. A. WILDHACK,
W. P. BLISS,
Sinking Fund Commissioners.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY.

Six Per Cent. Sinking Fund Bonds,

DUE APRIL 1st, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company will pay at the office of the Company, No. 71 Broadway, New York City, on presentation, on and after this date, its Six Per Cent. Sinking Fund Bonds, due April 1st, 1910, AT PAR AND ACCRUED INTEREST TO DATE OF PAYMENT.

INTEREST on said Bonds will CEASE ON APRIL 1st, 1910.

E. L. SMITHERS, Assistant Treasurer.
New York, February 1st, 1910.

THE ATLAS PORTLAND CEMENT COMPANY.

In connection with the cancellation of bonds under the terms of the Sinking Fund Clause of its First Mortgage, dated March 1st, 1905, this Company will receive on or before noon February 15th, 1910, sealed offerings in writing on all or any part of $41,000.00 bonds, with March, 1910, coupon attached. Delivery to be made at the Company's Office, 30 Broad Street, New York City, on February 28th, 1910. Address the undersigned.

J. R. MAXWELL, JR., Treasurer.

For Bankers and Investment Houses. Gentleman with perfect knowledge to place bonds and investment securities in most of the financial centres of Europe, knowing how to create and handle finance bills, having been many times abroad for that purpose, disposing also of fine connections, writing and speaking several foreign languages, wishes to make connection with New York firm in that line; able to develop splendid business, inclusive long term loans; best references; personal interview. Offers R. A. A., Box 71 Times, Times Square.

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¶ Their use means small expense but wise precaution.

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¶ An inquiry will tell you more.

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TEMPLE BAR, 44 COURT ST
BROOKLYN

MANHATTAN TRVST COMPANY

Legal depositary for moneys paid into Court; authorized to act as Executor, Administrator, Trustee, Guardian, Receiver, and in all other fiduciary capacities.

Acts as Trustee for Individuals and Corporations, and as Transfer Agent and Registrar of Stocks and Bonds.

Receives deposits upon Certificates of Deposit, or subject to cheque, and allows interest on daily balances. Depositary for Legal Reserves of State Banks and also for moneys of the State and City of New York.

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CORNER NASSAV

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Brooklyn Trust Company

Guaranty Trust Co.
OF NEW YORK
28 Nassau Street, New York.
Fifth Avenue Branch, 514 Fifth Ave., N. Y.
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Capital $5,000,000
Surplus 18,000,000

6% GOLD BONDS
Secured by 400% net assets.
Endorsed by TRUSTEES,
both corporate and individual.
AN ASSURED INCOME FROM
AN ASSURED SECURITY.
NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS,
Estab. 1896. | 489 5th Ave., New York.

INVESTORS READ
The Wall Street Journal

DIVIDENDS.

GENERAL CHEMICAL COMPANY,
25 Broad Street, New York, Jan. 28, 1910.

The Directors have this day declared a dividend of One and One-quarter (1¼%) Per Cent. upon the Common stock, payable March 1, 1910, to stockholders of record at the close of business February 21, 1910.

The Directors also declared an extra dividend upon the Common stock of Ten (10%) Per Cent., payable after March 15, 1910, in the Common stock of the company at par to stockholders of record at close of business February 21, 1910. This action was taken in view of the fact that for the years 1904 and 1905, while the company earned its usual dividends, for prudential reasons no dividend was paid on the Common stock for those years.

JAMES L. MORGAN, Treasurer.

Pacific Gas and Electric Company, San Francisco, California.

A quarterly dividend of one and 50-100 dollars ($1.50) per share upon the preferred stock of this company covering the period commencing November 1st 1909, and ending January 31st, 1910, will be paid on February 15th, 1910, to Stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M., January 31st, 1910. The Transfer Books of the company will not be closed. Checks for the dividend will be mailed.

PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY.
D. H. FOOTE, Secretary.
San Francisco, California, January 31st, 1910.

DOLORES MINES COMPANY,
111 Broadway, New York, Dec. 28, 1909.

The Directors of the Dolores Mines Company to-day declared the usual quarterly dividend of Four and one-half per cent., payable on February 24th, 1910, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Febuary 14th, 1910. The Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from February 14th until after the payment of the dividend.

J. D. TOOKER, Secretary.

CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS RY. CO.
Grand Central Station, N. Y., Jan. 24, 1910.

The Board of Directors of this Company have declared a dividend of **Two Per Cent.** on the Common Capital Stock, payable at the office of Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co., New York, on March 1st, 1910, to stockholders of record at three o'clock P. M on Monday, Feb. 7th, 1910.

CHARLES F. COX, Treasurer.

U. S. CAST IRON PIPE & FOUNDRY CO.
New York, February 5th, 1910.

A dividend of 1¾% upon the outstanding Preferred Stock of this Company, payable March 1st, 1910, has been declared to stockholders of record February 19th, 1910. The Transfer Books will not close.

B. F. HAUGHTON, Secretary & Treasurer.

"THE SILVERSMITHS COMPANY."

A quarterly dividend of 1¼% upon the capital stock of this Company has this day been declared, payable February 15th, 1910, to stockholders on record at close of business on 10th inst.

ROBERT C. HOTSON, Treasurer.
New York, February 3d, 1910.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT PURsuant to resolution of the Board of Directors that it is advisable in their opinion to dissolve the JULIUS KLUGMAN CO.

A meeting of the Stockholders of the said Julius Klugman Co. will be held at the office of the Company, 84 University Place, Manhattan, N. Y. City, on the 2d day of March, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of voting upon the proposition that this corporation be forthwith dissolved and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, Jan 31, 1910.
LEOPOLD ALTMEYER, Secretary.

PACIFIC COAST COAL COMPANY,
Annual Meeting.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of PACIFIC COAST COAL COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, No. 10 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Monday, the 21st day of February, 1910, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated January 27th, 1910.
J. W. SMITH, Secretary.

Notice is hereby given that the Stock Transfer Books of The Central Colorado Power Company will be closed, for the purposes of the annual meeting, from February 10th, 1910, to March 10th, 1910, inclusive.

U. S. SOUTHERLAND, Assistant Secretary.
Dated New York, Feb. 5, 1910.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual stockholders' meeting of the I. B. Kleinert Rubber Company for the election of Directors will be held at the company's office, 725 Broadway, on Monday, February 21st, at 2 P. M. V. GUINZBURG, Secretary.

THESE quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request. Where bid and asked prices are identical two houses have been quoted, so that the bid price of the one equals or is higher than the asked price of the other.

Quotation List of Outside Securities

DIVIDEND and interest periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual; V—No information. *Sells dollars per share. †And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. §Amount authorized. ††Sells flat. ¶Special. xEx dividend.

STREET RAILWAY AND ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend.			Quotation Feb. 5, 1910.	
		Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cit. R.&L.	$10,761,165	1½	S	Jan. 1, 10	62	64
Do preferred	5,806,177	1½	Q	Jan. 1, 10	97	98
Albany So. 5s...	1,250,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	96	99
Am. Pow. & Lt.	5,000,000	V	V	V	35	36
Do 6% cum. pf	2,500,000	V	V	V	80½	81½
Ariz. Power ...	3,000,000	V	V	V	26	28
Do preferred	750,000	V	V	V	45	50
Do 1st 6s, '33	1,650,000	3	S	Nov, 1909	87½	93
Atl. Av. 5s, '31	2,241,000	2	S	Oct. 1, 09	98	101
A. & S. E. RR. 1st & ref.5s,'42	1,425,000	2½	S	Oct. 1, 09	100	102
Augusta R&E 5s	1,000,000	V	V	V	100	101
Aur., El. & Chi.	3,100,000	¾	Q	Jan 10, 10	47½	48
Do preferred	3,100,000	1½	Q	Jan 10, 10	90	92
Do 1st 5s, '41	3,000,000	2½	S	Oct 15, 09	99¾	100½
Do 1st rf 5s,'46	1,300,000	2½	S	Jan, 1910	91¾	93½
Balt. Co. Water & Elec. 5s, '46	823,000	2½	S	Nov 1. 09	97½	100
Bangor R. & E. 1st con. 5s,'35.	1,851,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	103	..
Binghamt'n Ry. 1st con. 5s,'31	1,000,000	V	V	V	..	101½
Birmingham R. & E. Co. 5s...	957,000	2½	S	Jan, 1910	103	106
Birmingham R., L.& P. Co.4½s	8,720,000	2¼	S	Oct. 1, 09	90½	92
Do 6s........	1,300,000	3	S	Nov, 1909	102	106
Bleecker St.&F. Ferry stock..	900,000	¾	S	July, 1909	20	30
Do 1st 4s,1950	700,000	V	V	V	65	70
B'way& 7th Av.	2,100,000	2½	V	Oct 11, 09	140	..
Do 2d 5s,1914	500,000	2½	S	July 1, 09	99	101
B'way Surface guar.1st 5s,'24	1,500,000	2½	S	Jan. 1910	103	106
B., B. & W. E. gen. 5s, 1933..	250,000	2½	S	Oct, 1909	97	100
B'klyn C.R.($10)	12,500,000	2½	Q	Jan., 1910	190	195
Buff. & Lack. Trac. 5s, '28..	V	V	V	V	94	96
Buff. & Lock. Ry. 5s of '38..	500,000	2½	S	Jan, 1910	100	101
Buff. Cross'n 5s	2,974,000	2½	S	Nov 1, 09	106½	107½
Buff. Gen. El.5s	2,375,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	102	103
Buff. & L. E. Tract. 5s, '36.	5,005,000	V	V	V	85	90
Buf. & Niag. F. E. L. & P. 5s.	500,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	98	..
Cen. Crosstown	600,000	V	V	V	..	150
Do 1st 6s,1922	250,000	V	V	V	..	95
Charleston Con. Ry., G. & E.	V	V	V	V	30	32
Con. 5s, '99...	1,713,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	91	92
C'ston City Ry. 1st 5s of '28..	780,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	103	104
Chattan'ga Rys	2,000,000	..	..	....	38	40
Do preferred	1,000,000	1¼	Q	Jan. 1, 10	80	81
Do 1st 5s, '56	2,165,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	98	99
Clev., Painsv. & East. 1st 5s.'16	500,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	94	100
Clev. E. Ry.1st 5s	600,000	V	V	V	95	100
Cleveland, El. & W. 5s.....	1,073,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	83	90
Clev. Ry. 5s....	2,128,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	98	99½
Columbia G.&E.	50,000,000	..	..	....	22	24
Do 1st 5s, '27	14,080,500	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	69	71
Col'bus (Me.) El. 5s g '33..	689,000	V	V	V	95¾	97
Colum's, New'k & Z. 1st 5s...	1,250,000	5	A	Mar, 1909	95½	97
Conn. R. & L. 1st 4½s, 1951, st. red'm'ble..	10,682,000	2¼	S	J. & J.	101½	102½
Do unstamp.	1,809,378	2¼	S	J. & J.	102	104
C. P. N. & E.R.	1,800,000	2½	S	Jan., 1908	30	70
Chris. & 10th St	650,000	V	V	V	75	95
Col. Sp. El. 5s.	V	V	V	V	..	100
Col. Sp.L.&P.5s	V	V	V	V	96	99
Coney Isl. & B.	2,983,000	2	Q	Nov. 1, 09	65	75
Do 1st con. 4s	2,000,000	2	S	Jan. 1, 10	78	83
Con. Gas,E.L. & P. (Balt.) 4½s	7,151,000	2¼	S	July, 1909	83	85
Con. Tr. of N.J.	15,000,000	2	S	Jan 15, 10	76	77
Do 1st 5s,1933	15,000,000	2½	S	Dec., 1909	104½	105½
Dallas E. C. 1st col. tr. 5s, '22	3,658,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	91	95
Dayton Ltg. 5s	2,235,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 09	98½	98¾
Denver City—Tram'y 5s, '19	2,000,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	99½	102
Do ref. 5s, '33	1,848,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	96	97
Con. Tr. 5s, '33	1,167,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	99½	102
Met. Ry.6s,'11	953,000	3	S	Jan., 1910	99½	..
Detroit Ed'n 5s	8,822,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	99¾	101½
Dry D., E. B. & B. 1st 5s, 1932	950,000	2½	S	Dec., 1908	96	100
Do 5% sc.,1914	1,100,000	2½	S	Feb., 1909	45	50
Duluth Ed. El. Co. 1st 5s '31.	1,127,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 09	99½	101½
East Penn. Rys. 1st 5s, '36.....	2,905,500	V	V	V	90	..
Economy L.&P. 1st mtg. 5s, '56	1,546,000	2½	S	J. & D.	95	96
Ed'n El.(L.Ang.) pf. stock......	V	V	V	V	81	82½
Eighth Av.R.R.	1,000,000	V	V	V	290	..
Elmira Water, L. & R. R. 1st mtg. 5s......	V	V	V	V	100	103
Do con. 5s...	V	V	V	V	93	93½
El Paso El. 5s.	1,000,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	98	100
42d St. & Gr.St.	748,000	4½	..	May 6, 09	200	220
42d St., M. & St. N.Av.1st 6s,'10	1,200,000	V	V	V	99	101
Do inc.6s,1915	1,500,000	..	..	....	50	60
Gd. Rapids Ry.	2,000,000	1	Q	Dec., 1909	120	123
Do preferred	1,500,000	1¼	Q	Nov 1, 09	89	91
Do 1st 5s, '16	3,372,000	2½	S	Dec. 1, 09	99	101
Gt. W. Pow. 5s	9,300,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	93	96
Helena R. & L.	561,000	V	..	....	40	50
Do 5s cum.pf.	374,000	V	V	V	75	80
Do 5s of '25..	860,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	92	96
Houston L.&P. 1st 5s, 1942...	744,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	101	103
Ind. Un. Tr.5s,'33	4,700,000	V	V	V	70	80
J. C., H. & P. 4s	14,061,000	2	S	Nov, 1909	76½	77½
Kan. C. R&L pf	9,522,000	1¼	Q	Dec., 1909	70	72
Do 1st l.r.5s	9,220,000	2½	S	Nov 15,09	95¾	96½
Kan. C. West.5s	1,650,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	94½	..
Kings Co. E. L. & P. 5s, 1937.	2,500,000	2½	S	Oct., 1897	101½	102½
*Knoxville R. & L. Co. 5s.....	1,932,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	94	98
Knoxv. Trac.5s	824,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	104½	105½
Leav'worth L., H. & P. 5s....	V	V	V	V	..	96
Little Rock R. & Elec. Co. 5s	....	2½	S	Oct. 1, 09	103½	104½
*Do 6s.......	365,000	3	S	Oct. 1, 09	103	106
Lock. &O. 1st 5s	800,000	2½	S	Jan, 1910	99	100
Memph. St.R.5s	7,304,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	99½	100½
Mil. L., H. & T. 1st 5s of '29..	5,000,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	100	100½
Minn. Gen. El. 1st con. 5s, '33	5,486,000	2½	S	Dec., 1909	99½	101
Minn. St. Ry. 5s	4,208,000	2½	S	Jul 15, 09	104½	105¼
Nassau L&P 5s	547,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	99	101½
Nev.-Cal. Pow..	V	V	V	V	53	56
N. News & O.P. R. & El. 5s,'41	1,700,000	2½	S	V	93	95
Do g. mtg. 5s	V	V	V	V	80	90
Ninth Avenue.	800,000	V	V	V	150	180
N. Am. Co. 5s, notes, 1912....	2,500,000	2½	S	M. & M.	98	100
No. Col. Pow...	V	V	V	V	32	33
Do preferred	V	V	V	V	55	56
Nor. Tex. Tr. 5s	2,500,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	98	100
Nor. Hudson Co Ry. ext. 5s...	100,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	100	103
Nor. Jer. St.Ry. 1st 4s, 1948..	15,000,000	2	S	Nov, 1909	79¾	80½
Okla. G. & El..	700,000	1¼	Q	Dec 15, 09	92	96
Do 7% cum. pf	1,000,000	1¾	Q	Jan 15, 10	95	99
Do 5s, '20....	1,600,000	2½	S	Oct. 1, 10.	96	98
Om. & C. B. St. Ry. 1st 5s, '28.	6,533,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	96	98
O. & C. B. St.R. & B. 1st 5s,'28	1,616,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	98	100
Oreg. Elec. Ry..	2,000,000	2½	S	Nov 1, 09	96½	98
Omaha El. L. & P. 1st g. 5s, '33	1,143,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	98	100
Pacific Lt. & P. 1st 5s, '42.	2,350,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	98	102
Portland (Ore) Ry. 1st 5s, '30.	6,724,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98	100
Port. R., L.& P. 5% notes, '10..	1,000,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	99⅞	..
Port. Gen. El.5s	6,348,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	100½	102½
Pub. Ser. Corp.	18,461,200	1	Q	Sep 30, 0	118	122
Do certs......	19,730,570	2	S	Sep 31, 09	103	106
Pug. Sd. E. R..	3,500,000	..	..	....	38	40
Do preferred.	3,000,000	3	S	Jan., 1910	85	87
Do 1st c.5s,'32.	4,179,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	95	98
Rochester Ry..	5,000,000	1	Q	Dec., 1909	105	110
Do preferred.	2,250,000	1¼	Q	Sep. 1, 09	93	96
††Do c. 5s,'30.	8,000,000	2½	S	Oct. 1, 09	104½	106
††Do 2d 5s, '33	1,500,000	2½	S	Dec., 1909	100	..
Roch. Ry.& L.5s	16,000,000	2½	..	Jan., 1910	99	99¾
Rutland R., L. & P. 1st5s,1946	1,500,000	2½	S	M. & S.	94	96½
St. Jos.(Mo.)R., L., H. & P. 5s	4,250,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	100	103
San Diego Con. G. & E.......	700,000	1½	Q	Jan., 1910	76	80
Do preferred.	1,000,000	1¾	Q	Jan., 1910	94	99
Do 1st 5s, '39.	1,650,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 09	97	99
Savan. El. Co. 1st con. 5s, '52	2,0[illegible],000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	85	88
Scioto Val. Tr. 1st 5s, '23.....	1,600,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 09	98	100
Scranton El. 5s	1,622,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	100	102
Scran. Ry. ($50)	4,500,000	V	V	V	55	..
Do pf., ($50).	1,500,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	102½	125
Do 1st 5s, '32	900,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	100	101½
Do con. 5s...	1,100,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	96	97½
Seabeach 1st 4s	650,000	2	S	Au. 31, 09	75	85
Seattle Elec....	5,000,000	1¾	Q	Jan 15, 10	115	116
Do preferred.	5,000,000	3	S	Oct. 1, 09	103	104
Do 1st 5s, '30.	4,565,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	104	105
Seat.-Tac. Pow. 1st 5s, '25.....	1,982,000	2½	S	Dec., 1909	100	101½
Second Av. stk.	1,862,000	2½	Q	Jan. 4, 09	14	18
Do 1st con. 5s	5,184,000	2½	S	Feb. 1, 09	60	60
Do 1st. 5s.1909	1,600,000	2½	S	May, 1908	96	100
Do deb. 5s, '09	216,000	2½	S	July, 1908	75	80
Sixth Av. stock	2,000,000	1¾	..	....	115	135
S. Boul. 5s, 1945	250,000	2½	S	V	60	85
So. Ferry 1st 5s	350,000	2½	S	Apr., 1909	87	92
Spokane & Inland Emp. 5s	3,941,000	2½	S	Nov. 1, 09	98½	101
Springfield R. & L. 5s.........	2,700,000	2½	S	Dec. 1, 09	93½	95
Stein'y Ry.1st 6s	1,500,000	3	S	Jan. 1, 10	102	106
Syracuse R. T.	2,750,000	3	..	Feb., 1909	69	..
Do preferred	1,250,000	1½	..	Jan. 1, 10	103	..
Do gen. 5s,'46	2,500,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	102½	104
Tampa Elec. 5s	600,000	2½	S	J. & D.	96½	99
T'town. W. P.& M. 1st 5s, 1928	800,000	2½	S	V	50	90
34th St.Crosst'n 1st gu ar.5s,'96	1,000,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	75	85
28th & 29th St. 1st 5s, 1996...	1,500,000	2½	S	Apr., 1909	25	35
23d Street.....	600,000	4½	Q	Oct., 1908	..	250
Tri-City R. &L.	9,000,000	V	V	V	25	28
Do preferred	2,826,000	6	A	V	90	94
Do col. 5s....	8,059,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	97¼	99
United E. L. & P. (Balt.) 4½s	4,500,000	2¼	S	Nov 1, 09	91¼	92¼
Union Ry. 5s..	2,000,000	2	S	Aug, 1909	99	102
Un. G. & El. of N. J. 5s....	......	V	V	V	..	100
Un. El. gh. J.4s	V	V	V	V	79½	80½
Va. Ry. & P. 5s	7,542,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	91	93
Wash., Alex. & Mt. V. Ry. 5s.	2,410,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 09	97½	98
Do stock....	1,500,000	1	S	Jan. 2, 10	58	60
Wash., Balt. & A. 1st 5s.....	V	V	V	V	64	68
Wash. R. & L..	6,500,000	..	..	....	38	40
Do preferred	8,500,000	V	V	V	87	89
††Do gen. 4s	8,392,300	2	S	Nov, 1909	85	87
W'chest. El. 5s	500,000	2½	S	V	60	75
West'n Power..	12,000,000	V	V	V	35	36½
Do 6% cum. pf	5,100,000	V	V	V	54½	56
West SideRR.5s	V	V	V	V	..	102
Yonkers Ry. 5s	1,000,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	80	90

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend.			Quotation Feb. 5, 1910.	
		Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Alaska Packers	$5,750,000	¾	M	Sep 30, 05	90½	91¼
Am. Brake S. & F. 5s, 1952....	857,000	2½	S	Mar, 1902	101	103
Amer. Chicle...	6,000,000	‡2	M	Jan 20, 10	224	227
Do preferred	3,000,000	1½	Q	Jan. 1, 10	103	106
Am. Malt, 6s...	3,893,000	3	S	Nov, 1909	102½	103½
Am. Screw.....	3,250,000	2½	Q	Dec 31, 09	162	165
Am. Un. Telph. (H'sb'g) 5s, '57	25,000,000	V	V	V	47½	52½
Am. Writ. Pap	9,500,000	..	..	....	2½	3½
Do preferred	12,500,000	1	S	Oct. 1, 09	24½	27
Do 1st 5s, '19	17,000,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	87	89
Assoc. Oil......	40,000,000	1½	V	Mar 1, 07	45¼	45¾
Atl. P. Cem. 6s.	5,000,000	3	S	Sep., 1909	107¾	108¾
Babcock & Wilcox, stk.......	15,000,000	1¾	Q	Oct 10, 09	103	107
Barney& Smith Car 5s of '36..	2,000,000	V	V	V	90	97
Bliss & Co.($50)	1,250,000	2½	Q	Oct. 1, 09	135	145
Do pf., ($50).	1,250,000	2	Q	Oct. 1, 09	130	145
Bon Air C. & I. gen. 5s of '34.	413,000	V	V	V	70	80
Do 5s of '36.	780,000	V	V	V	50	60
Bord. C. Milk..	21,250,000	4	S	Au. 14, 09	114	115½
Do preferred	7,500,000	1½	Q	Dec 15, 09	105¼	106
Case Th. Mach. 1st 5s.........	8,200,000	2½	S	Nov 1, 09	90	100
Celluloid	5,925,000	†3½	Q	Dec 31, 09	127	132
Cen. Coal & Coke	5,125,000	1¼	Q	Jan 15, 10	84	86
Do preferred.	1,875,000	1½	Q	Jan 15, 10	83	85
Cen. Fireworks.	1,406,150	1½	S	V	5	7
Do preferred.	1,267,200	3½	S	Sep. 1, 09	50	60
Cent. Fdy. pf..	6,650,000	..	..	....	8	11
Cent. Fdy. 6s..	3,860,500	3	S	Nov, 1909	58	63
Cen. Un. Telph.	5,450,927	1	Q	Apr., 1896	34	..
Do 1st 6s.....	2,500,000	3	S	Jan., 1910	102½	104
Do 5s of '19..	3,500,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	95	98⅛
Cheseb'gh Mfg.	500,000	10	Q	Sep 15, 09	700	800
Chi. Pneu. Tool	6,113,800	1	Q	Oct 25, 07	37	39
Chic. Subw. 5s.	15,600,000	2½	S	V	39	42
Clev'd Furnace	1,000,000	V	V	V	165	210
Col. Telph.......	V	V	V	V	56	57
Col. & Hocking C. & I. pf.....	200,000	1½	Q	Oct. 1, 09	..	..
Do 6s of '56.	1,000,000	3	S	July, 1909	47½	sold.
Con. Coal 4½s,'34	4,675,000	V	V	V	94¾	96
Con. Ry., Ltg. & Refrig.....	22,000,000	V	V	V	⅛	1½
Con. Rub. Tire.	5,149,500	..	..	....	2	4
Do preferred.	1,149,500	1½	..	Dec., 1909	20	30
Do deb. 4s...	3,865,000	3½	..	Apr. 1, 09	30	40
Con. Tel. (Buf.)	3,500,000	V	V	V	11	..
Con. Tel. (Pa.) 5s, '31........	2,270,000	V	V	V	49	51
Cudahy Pkg. 5s	4,000,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	99	100
CumberlandTel. & Tel.........	20,000,000	2	Q	Jan. 1, 10	143½	145½
Cuyah'a Tel. Co (Overl'd) 1st 5s	3,500,000	V	V	V	81	82½
Dolores Mines..	£829,965	4½	Q	Nov 24,09	7⅛	7¼
Du P. de N. P..	$28,047,000	2	Q	Dec 15, 09	136	140
Do db.4½s,'36	14,452,000	2¼	S	Dec. 1, 09	87½	88½
Empire St. & I..	V	V	V	V	12	20
Do preferred	V	V	V	V	80	85
Fair. Coal 5s,'31	5,320,000	2½	S	July, 1909	96	97½
Frontier Tel. 5s (Buf.) of 1922	2,500,000	V	V	V	65	68
Gt. Lakes Tow.	1,675,000	V	V	V	19½	24
Do preferred	1,952,000	1¾	Q	Oct. 1, 09	94	95
Hav. Tobacco..	30,000,000	..	..	....	5	7
Do preferred	5,000,000	..	..	....	8	15
HomeTel.&Tel. (Los Ang.) pf.	2,795,000	1¼	Q	V	55⅝	56
Int. Ed. Pub.Co.	3,500,000	..	..	....	36	42½
Do preferred.	3,000,000	1¾	Q	V	80	82
Int. Nickel	8,822,662	1½	Q	Dec. 1, 09	150	154
Int. Nickel pf..	8,912,626	1½	Q	Nov 1, 09	91½	93
Do 5s........	V	V	V	V	93	94
Internat. Salt..	18,228,000	1	Q	Dec. 1, 06	5	7
Do 1st 5s....	7,500,000	2½	S	Oct. 1, 09	40	48
Internat. Txtbk	6,000,000	2½	Q	Jan., 1910	140	142
Interoc. Tel. & Tel. 1st 5s, '33	1,750,000	V	V	V	..	66
Kan. City Home Teleph. 5s, '23	2,978,700	2½	S	Jan., 1910	89	91½
Kan. C. L. Dist. Tel. 5s, '25...	1,500,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	87	88
K. C. Stocky'ds	9,000,000	1½	Q	Feb. 1, 10	98½	99¾
Kinloch Tel. (St. Louis) 6s, '28.	2,000,000	V	V	V	106	107
Lackaw. Steel..	35,000,000	..	..	....	46	48
Lan.M'type($20)	*4,998,060	1½	Q	Dec 30, 09	90	92
Man. Tran.($20)	6,000,000	..	..	....	1¾	2
Mergenthaler	10,000,000	2½	Q	Sep 30, 09	213	218
Nev. C.Cop.($5)	5,756,000	37½	Q	Dec 31, 09	21½	21⅝
N. Falls Hyd. & Mfg. 5s of 1917	1,200,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	100	100½
N. F. Pow.5s,'32	10,000,000	V	V	V	100	102
Do stock....	4,180,700	V	V	V	64	70
O'gara Coal 5s.	2,744,000	2½	S	Sep., 1905	80	82
Ontario Pow. 5s	4,913,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	92½	94½
Otis Elevator..	6,375,300	1½	S	Oct 15, 09	54	56
Do preferred	6,310,000	1½	Q	Jan 15, 10	97	108
Paint Creek Colls. 5s......	2,903,000	2½	S	J. & J.	..	72½
Penn. Coal & C. 5s, '53......	5,854,500	2½	S	Sep., 1903	30	36
Do "A" 5s,'32	V	2½	S	Jan., 1910	91	94
Penn. C. Bwg.6s	2,300,000	V	V	V	60	62½
Poc. Con. Col. Inc. 5s of '57.	3,237,300	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	86	89
Proc. & Gamble	9,000,000	3	Q	Nov 15,09	400	415
Do preferred	2,250,000	2	Q	Jan 15, 10	189	193
Producers' Oil..	V	V	V	V	140	155
Royal Bak. P..	10,000,000	2½	Q	Dec 31, 09	165	170
Do preferred	10,000,000	1½	Q	Dec 31, 09	108	111
Safety Car Heat & Lighting...	9,862,000	‡3	Q	Dec 23, 09	130	135
Schwartzschild. & S.deb.6s,'19.	5,401,000	3	S	Jan., 1906	100½	101¼
Singer Mfg....	30,000,000	10	Q	Jan., 1910	580	600
Stand. Coupler.	1,200,000	1	V	Dec 24, 09	20	30
Do preferred	300,000	4	V	Dec 24, 09	100	110
Stand. Milling..	4,600,000	V	V	V	16	19
Do preferred	6,900,000	1½	V	Oct. 30, 09	56	59
Do 1st 5s....	3,537,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	84	87
Standard Oil...	100,000,000	$10	Q	Dec 15, 09	638	645
Studeb'kr Bros. 1st mtg. 5s...	......	2½	S	Jan., 1910	98	100
Temple Iron 4s	705,000	2	S	Jan., 1910	103	104½
Texas (Oil) Co.	12,000,000	3	Q	Dec 31, 09	205	215
Do conv. 6s.	6,000,000	3	S	Jan., 1910	134	142
Tintic Co. ($5).	3,000,000	..	..	....	1½	2½
Tren. Potteries.	1,750,000	5	..	Feb., 1893	5	10
Do preferred	1,250,000	1	..	Oct 25, 09	55	62
Union Oil	23,982,200	½	..	Oct 20, 09	104½	104⅝
Un. Typewriter	10,000,000	3	S	Oct. 1, 07	58	60
Do 1st pf....	4,000,000	3½	S	Oct. 1, 09	110	113
Do 2d pf....	4,105,000	4	S	Oct. 1, 09	110	112
Unit. Banknote Corp.. ($50)...	5,000,000	1	Q	Nov 15,09	50	53
Do pf., ($50).	5,000,000	1½	Q	Jan. 3, 10	47	54
Unit. T. & T. 5s	1,937,000	V	V	V	60	70
U. S. Tel. Co. (Clev.) 1st 5s..	V	V	V	V	..	84
Welsb'h col.tr.5s	45,000,000	V	V	V	84	86
Worth'n H.R.pf	2,000,000	3½	S	Nov 1. 09	105	110

TRUST AND SURETY COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Amer. Surety...	$2,500,000	‡5	Q	Dec 31, 09	220	228
Astor Trust ...	1,250,000	2	Q	Nov 1, 09	380	390
Bankers' Trust.	3,000,000	4	Q	Jan. 3, 10	690	700
Bd. & Mg. Guar	5,000,000	3	Q	Feb 15, 10	265	270
Broadway Tr..	700,000	1½	Q	Feb. 1, 10	150	155
Brooklyn	1,000,000	5	Q	Jan. 3, 10	425	450
Carnegie	1,500,000	2-3	M	Dec., 1909	150	153
Central	3,000,000	9	Q	Jan. 3, 10	1025	1050
Citizens'	500,000	2½	..	Sep. 1, 09	138	145
Columbia Trust	1,000,000	2	Q	Dec 31, 09	320	335
Commercial ...	500,000	..	..	....	125	130
Empire	1,000,000	5	S	Dec 31, 09	310	325
Emp. St. Surety	V	V	V	V	105	112
Equitable Trust	3,000,000	5	Q	Dec 31, 09	500	510
Farmers' Loan & Trust ($25).	1,000,000	12½	Q	Feb. 1, 10	1800	1875
Fidelity Trust..	750,000	‡4	S	Jan. 3, 10	200	210
Fifth Avenue...	1,000,000	3	Q	Dec 31, 09	480	510
Flatbush	300,000	4	S	Jan. 3, 10	205	220
Franklin	1,500,000	4	S	Dec 31, 09	210	225
Fulton	500,000	5	S	Jan. 3, 10	320	340
Guaranty (new)	5,000,000	..	..	....	780	800
Guardian	500,000	..	..	....	165	180
Hamilton	500,000	2½	Q	Feb. 1, 10	260	275
Home	750,000	2	..	Jul 15, 07	105	120
Hudson Trust..	500,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 10	175	190
Kings County..	500,000	3½	Q	Feb. 1, 10	500	..
Knickerb. Trust	1,200,000	..	..	....	310	315
Lawyers Mtg...	4,000,000	3	Q	Dec 31, 09	256	261
Law. T. In. & T.	4,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 3, 10	300	305
Lincoln	1,000,000	3	Q	Sep 30, 07	..	155
Long Island....	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 3, 10	305	315
Manhattan ($30)	1,000,000	6	S	Jan. 3, 10	400	450
Mercantile	2,000,000	‡10	Q	Dec 31, 09	725	750
Metropolitan ..	2,000,000	6	Q	Dec 31, 09	525	535
Mtge. Bond Co.	2,000,000	1¼	Q	Dec 31, 09	113	117
Morton	2,000,000	5	Q	Dec 31, 09	600	630
Mutual Alliance	700,000	4	..	Jan. 2, 10	133	138
Nassau	600,000	2	Q	Nov 1, 09	170	..
National Surety	750,000	2	Q	Jan. 2, 10	230	250
N.Y. Life I.&T.	1,000,000	‡25	S	Dec 10, 09	1120	..
N. Y.Mtg.& Sec.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 3, 10	220	230
New York......	3,000,000	8	Q	Dec 31, 09	650	675
People's Trust.	1,000,000	1	M	Oct. 1, 09	285	305
Realty Assoc't's	4,000,000	‡4	S	Jan 15, 10	125	130
Standard	1,000,000	4	Q	Dec 31, 09	375	410
Title Guar. & T.	4,375,000	5	Q	Dec 31, 09	550	555
Title Insurance	2,000,000	3½	S	Oct. 1, 09	160	170
Tr. Co. of Am..	2,000,000	2½	Q	Dec 31, 09	348	355
Union	1,000,000	12½	Q	Jan 10, 10	1400	1415
U. S. Mtg. & T.	2,000,000	6	Q	Dec 31, 09	470	480
United States...	2,000,000	25	S	Jan. 3, 10	1260	..
Van Norden....	1,000,000	1	M	Dec., 1909	230	230
Washington Tr.	500,000	‡5	Q	Jan. 3, 10	360	375
Windsor	1,000,000	3	S	Dec 29, 09	135	142

IRRIGATION BONDS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Municipal Issues.						
Bijou Dist. 6s (Morg.Co.,Col.)	750,000	V	V	V	99	5¾%b
Greel.-Poud. 6s (Weld Co.,Col.)	5,100,000	V	V	V	100	5¾%b
Montz. Val. 6s (Mont.Co.,Col.)	795,000	V	V	V	5¾%b	5%b
River. Dist. 6s (Morg.Co.,Col.)	750,000	V	V	V	101	5%b
Corporation Issues.						
Bitterr't Val.Ir. Co., 1st mtg.6s	1,500,000	V	V	V	98	101
E. I. & L. Co., 1st mtg. 6s..	660,000	V	V	V	100	5½%b
Twin Falls N.S. 6s, 1918.......	V	V	V	V	100¼	101

bIncome percentage basis.

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Commonwealth.	$500,000	V	V	V	300	..
Continental	1,000,000	30	S	V	1900	1960
Empire City....	200,000	4	S	V	125	140
Fidelity	1,000,000	5	..	V	360	400
Germ. Alliance.	400,000	7½	S	Jan. 4, 10	250	..
Germ.-Amer. ..	1,500,000	15	S	Jan. 4, 10	565	575
Germania ($50).	1,000,000	9	S	Jan. 5, 10	275	295
Globe& Rutgers	400,000	5	Q	V	400	..
Hanover ($50)..	1,000,000	5	S	V	185	200
Home	3,000,000	15	S	Jan., 1910	655	665
Nassau ($50)...	200,000	5	S	V	150	160
Niagara ($50)..	750,000	10	S	Jan. 6, 10	300	340
Nor. River ($25)	350,000	5	S	Oct., 1909	160	175
Pacific ($25)....	200,000	3	S	V	100	..
Peter C'per($20)	150,000	5	S	V	90	105
Stuyv's'nt($100)	400,000	5	Q	Jan 14, 10	140	160
Un. States ($25)	250,000	3	S	Jan 11, 04	60	75
W'chester ($10)	300,000	15	S	V	430	..
W'sh'gCity($50)	250,000	10	S	Jan 14, 10	410	..

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend.			Quotation Feb. 5, 1910.	
		Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Aetna Nat......	$300,000	2	Q	Jan. 3, 10	165	175
America	1,500,000	13	S	Jan. 3, 10	615	630
Am. Exch. Nat.	5,000,000	5	S	Nov 1, 09	250	255
Batt'y Pk. Nat.	200,000	..	..	....	125	135
Bowery	250,000	‡8	Q	Feb. 1, 10	400	425
Bronx Borough.	150,000	10	..	Jun 30, 09	300	..
Butch. & Drov. (Nat.) ($25)	300,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 10	132	150
Century	200,000	1½	Q	Jan. 3, 10	170	180
Chase National.	5,000,000	‡9	S	Jan. 3, 10	440	465
Chat'm Nat($25)	450,000	4	Q	Jan. 3, 10	310	340
Chelsea Exch...	200,000	3	Q	Jan. 1, 10	200	..
Chemical Nat..	3,000,000	2½	B	Jan. 2, 10	425	455
Cit's Cent. Nat.	2,550,000	1½	Q	Jan. 3, 10	160	165
City (National).	25,000,000	5	S	Nov 1, 09	390	410
Coal & Iron Nat	1,000,000	1½	Q	Jan. 1, 10	150	157
Colonial	*400,000	2½	Q	Jan. 1, 10	350	..
Columbia	625,000	6	S	Jan. 3, 10	345	355
Commerce(Nat)	25,000,000	2	Q	Jan. 3, 10	195	200
Corn Exchange.	3,000,000	4	Q	Feb. 1, 10	320	330
E. R. Nat. ($25)	250,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 10	125	185
Fidelity	200,000	3	S	Nov 1, 09	160	195
Fifth Avenue...	100,000	25	Q	Jan. 1, 10	4250	4600
Fifth National.	250,000	3	Q	Oct., 1909	300	350
First National.	10,000,000	††18	Q	Jan. 3, 10	900	900
Fourteenth St..	1,000,000	3	S	Feb. 1, 10	150	165
Fourth Nat....	3,000,000	2	Q	Jan. 3, 10	203	210
Gal'tinNat.($50)	1,000,000	6	S	Oct. 6, 09	335	350
Garfield Nat...	1,000,000	3	S	Dec 31, 09	295	310
Ger.-Am. ($75).	750,000	3	S	Feb. 1, 10	140	150
German Exch...	200,000	10	S	Jan. 2, 09	450	475
Germania	200,000	‡12½	S	Nov. 1, 09	550	..
Greenwich	500,000	2½	Q	Feb. 1, 10	260	265
Hanover Nat...	3,000,000	4	Q	Jan. 3, 10	640	660
Imp. & Tr. Nat.	1,500,000	12	S	Jan. 3, 10	565	575
Internat. B'k'g.	3,250,000	2	S	Oct. 1, 07	130	145
Irv. Nat. Exch.	2,000,000	2	Q	Jan. 3, 10	200	210
Jefferson	500,000	5	S	Jan. 2, 10	165	175
Liberty Nat....	1,000,000	‡15	Q	Jan. 3, 10	630	655
Lincoln Nat....	1,000,000	2½	Q	Feb. 1, 10	400	425
Manhattan ($50)	2,050,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 10	335	345
Mar. & Ful.Nat.	1,000,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 10	252	265
Mechanics' Nat.	3,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 3, 10	265	270
Mercantile Nat.	3,000,000	1½	Q	Jan. 3, 10	175	185
Merch.Nat.($50)	2,000,000	3½	S	Jan. 3, 10	180	187
Merch. Ex. Nat. ($50)	600,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 10	165	175
Metropolis	1,000,000	4	Q	Feb. 1, 10	385	410
Metropolitan ..	2,000,000	2	Q	Jan. 3, 10	195	210
Mount Morris..	250,000	2½	Q	Jan. 3, 10	245	275
Mutual	200,000	4	S	Jan. 3, 10	280	300
Nassau ($50)..	500,000	4	S	Nov. 1, 09	225	..
Nat. Cop. Bank	2,000,000	2	Q	Jan 29,10	275	300
Nat. Reserve...	1,200,000	3	S	Jan 10, 10	125	135
N. Netherland..	200,000	2½	S	Sep 30, 09	200	210
N. Y. (N.B.A.).	2,000,000	7	S	Jan. 3, 10	320	330
N.Y.County Nat	500,000	20	S	Jan. 3, 10	750	..
N.Y. Prod. Ex.	1,000,000	‡4	S	Oct 15, 09	170	175
N't & Day B'k	200,000	..	..	....	200	250
Nor. Bk.of N.Y.	700,000	3	..	July 1, 07	100	115
Pacific ($50)....	500,000	‡4	Q	Feb. 1, 10	230	240
Park National..	3,000,000	4	Q	Jan. 3, 10	470	475
People's ($25)..	200,000	5	S	Jan. 1, 10	280	295
PhenixNat.($20)	1,000,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 10	175	190
Plaza	100,000	10	S	Jan. 3, 10	625	..
Seaboard Nat..	1,000,000	5	S	Jan. 3, 10	370	380
Second Nat....	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 3, 10	400	..
Sherman Nat...	200,000	..	..	....	135	..
State	1,000,000	5	S	Jan. 3, 10	300	330
23d Ward	200,000	3	S	Aug 1, 09	140	..
Union Ex. Nat.	1,000,000	5	S	Jan. 3, 10	190	200
Wash. Heights.	100,000	2	..	July 1, 09	195	205
West Side	200,000	6	S	Jan. 3, 10	500	..
Yorkville	100,000	10	S	Dec 31, 10	500	..

‡‡Includ. 8% extra, but not 8% div. on First Security Co.
§Ex-Special Dividend of 21% payable Jan. 29.

GAS AND WATER COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend.			Quotation Feb. 5, 1910.	
		Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Lt. & Trac	$9,383,000	2	S	Nov 1, 09	282	285
Do preferred	14,236,200	1½	Q	Nov 1, 09	105	106
Bay City 5s, '20	V	V	V	V	95	98
Binghamt'n Gas 1st 5s, 1938...	750,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	..	100
Bklyn. Bor. Gas	500,000	..	..	....	55	65
Do 1st mtg.5s	500,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 09	95	98
Buffalo Gas ...	7,000,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 09	5	7
Buffalo Gas pf.	1,718,000	..	..	....	18	..
Buf.G. 1st 5s,'47	5,805,000	2½	S	Oct. 1, 09	66	..
Burlington Gas 1st 5s of '55..	930,000	V	V	V	89	92
Cent. Un.5s,1927	3,500,000	2½	S	July, 1909	100	101½
Columbus Gas 1st 5s, 1932...	1,500,000	2½	S	July, 1909	93½	..
Colum. G. & F.	2,750,000	..	..	....	..	41¼
Do preferred	5,500,000	1¼	Q	Dec 15, 09	80¼	84¼
††Con. G. of N.J. 1st con.5s,1936	971,000	2½	S	July, 1909	92	95
Con. Wat. Utica 5s of 1930.....	2,500,000	V	V	V	99	101
Denver G. & E.	3,500,000	1½	M	Dec., 1909	150	150
Do gen. 5s...	5,691,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	94½	93
Denver U. Water 5s, '14....	V	2½	S	July, 1909	93	94
Det. City Gas prior lien 5s,'23	5,619,000	V	V	V	101	101½
Gd. Rap. G. L. 5s	1,500,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	..	101
Houston 5s, '20.	734,000	2½	S	Sep., 1910	98	100
Hud. Co. Gas..	10,500,000	1½	S	Nov, 1909	143	146
Do 1st 5s....	10,290,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	103¼	104½
Indiana Ltg. Co	4,500,000	..	..	....	31	33
Do 1st 4s,1958	3,000,000	2	..	Aug 1, 09	68	70
Ind'apolis ($50).	2,000,000	..	..	July 2, 09	18	25
Do 1st 5s,1952	4,250,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	80	87
J'ksonville 5s,'37	925,000	1¼	Q	Dec., 1909	92½	97½
Kansas Nat. G.	12,000,000	..	..	....	39	40
Do 1st 6s, '16.	3,000,000	3	S	Nov 1, 09	99	101
Do 2d 6s, '18.	8,223,000	3	S	July, 1909	92	93
Lincoln G. & E.	2,250,000	..	..	....	20	22
Do 1st 5s.1941	......	2½	S	Jun, 1909	80	85
Madison (Wis.) 1st 6s, 1926...	350,000	2	S	Oct., 1909	103	108
Mass. Gas......	25,000,000	1	1-3	Dec. 1, 09	77⅞	78¼
Do preferred	25,000,000	2	S	Dec. 1, 09	94½	95½
Michigan Light.	1,000,000	1	Q	Jan. 3, 10	90	..
Do preferred	1,250,000	1½	Q	Jan. 3, 10	..	105
Milwaukee Gas Lt. 1st 4s, '27.	7,932,000	2	SA	Nov, 1909	91½	..
Min'ap. G.L. 1st c. 6s, '10 or '30	3,000,000	3	S	Mar 1, 10	100	102
Do 1st 5s, '30.	2,240,000	2½	S	July, 1909	97	98½
Mutual	3,500,000	3	S	July, 1909	145	155
N. Ams'm 5s,'48	10,635,000	2½	S	July, 1909	100	101
N.Y. & E. R. 1st 5s, 1944.......	3,500,000	2½	S	July, 1909	103	105
Do con.5s,1945	1,500,000	2½	S	July, 1909	96	100
N.Y. & Q. Elec. Lt. & P......	1,250,000	..	..	....	60	65
Do preferred	1,250,000	2½	S	Au. 10, 09	78	82
Do cons. 5s..	2,272,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	98½	100
N.Y. & Q. G.Co. 1st & gen. 5s.	750,000	2½	S	Aug 1, 09	85	90
North Union 5s	1,250,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	98	100
Pacific G. & E.	17,566,000	V	V	V	49¾	50
Do preferred	9,979,000	1.50	Q	Nov 15,09	87½	88
Do deb. 6s,'37	3,651,000	3	S	Dec 15, 09	99	101
Que-Jac.Cartier 1st ref. 5s, '30.	....	2½	..	Oct., 1909	97	..
St.Joseph (Mo.) 1st 5s, 1944...	1,000,000	2½	S	July, 1909	93½	96
St. Paul G. Lt. gen. 5s, 1944..	3,294,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	96	98
Do con.mtge. 6s, 1918....	600,000	3	S	July, 1909	102	..
Scranton Gas & Wat. 1st 5s,'23	1,000,000	2½	S	July, 1909	101½	102½
Do deb. 5s,'35	600,000	2½	S	July, 1909	100½	101½
South. Lt. & Tr. col. tr. 5s,1949	1,600,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	92	95
S. Jer. G. & El.	6,000,000	4	S	Jun, 1909	135	140
Do 1st 5s....	11,717,000	2½	S	Jun, 1909	99¼	100
Sprg. Val. Wat.	V	V	V	V	42¾	44
Sp'brook Wat.5s	4,600,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	103½	104½
Standard (N.Y.)	5,000,000	¾	S	Dec 31, 06	40	60
Do preferred	4,295,700	V	V	V	65	80
Do 1st 5s,1930	1,362,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	102	106
Syracuse Gas 1st 5s, 1946.......	2,500,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	102¼	108
Syracuse L.& P. col. tr.5s,g.,'54	5,152,000	2½	S	July, 1909	68	72
Syracuse Lt. 1st mtg. 5s, '51...	2,500,000	2½	S	Dec., 1909	99½	100½
U. G. I. Co.($50)	50,473,335	2	Q	Jan 15, 10	92¾	92⅞
Wilkes-Barre G. & E.1st c.5s,'55	2,553,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	102½	102½
Do stock.....	1,500,000	1½	Q	Jan. 1, 10	82½	86

*Also regular stock dividend of 2½ shares to 100 in common.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY
of NEW YORK
54 Wall Street

Capital and Surplus, $18,000,000
(of which $17,000,000 has been earned)

Authorized to act as Executor, Trustee, Administrator or Guardian.
Receives Deposits, subject to check, and allows Interest on Daily Balances.
Acts as Transfer Agent, Registrar and Trustee under Mortgages.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST CO.
358 Fifth Avenue, Corner 34th Street
60 Broadway 125th St. & Lenox Ave. 148th St. & Third Ave.
NEW YORK, N. Y.

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BENJ. L. ALLEN, Vice President
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ISSUES TRAVELERS' LETTERS OF CREDIT

THE
TRUST COMPANY OF AMERICA
37-43 Wall Street, New York.
COLONIAL BRANCH, 222 Broadway, New York.
LONDON OFFICE, 95 Gresham Street.
Capital and Surplus, $8,000,000.
Invites accounts of individuals, firms and corporations.
Pays interest on daily balances.
Executes trusts of every description.

Windsor Trust Company
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ACTS AS REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT
MAINTAINS A THOROUGHLY EQUIPPED
TRUST DEPARTMENT
AND IS AUTHORIZED TO ACT AS EXECUTOR, ADMINISTRATOR OR GUARDIAN

IMPORTS OF FARM PRODUCTS.

Figures for 1908 Above Average, but Below Record Year.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—The farm products imported into the United States during the fiscal year 1907, the year of highest record, amounted in value to nearly $627,000,000. The imports for 1908 were valued at $540,000,000 in round numbers, and the average for the five years 1901-1905 was a trifle over $455,000,000. These and other interesting figures appear in a bulletin recently issued by the United States Department of Agriculture, which reviews our imports of farm products during a period reaching back to the middle of the last century.

Farm products have always constituted a large part of our imports, but not the preponderant share that such products hold in our export trade. In the fifties only about one-third of our imports were farm products. Since 1900, however, while farm products have continued to increase, the gain in imports of manufactures and other non-agricultural articles has been even greater, so that only about 46 per cent. of the total imports since 1900 are to be classed as agricultural.

By comparing imports with exports, it is found that for the five years 1901-1905 our average exports of cotton, grain, and grain products exceeded by $74,000,000 our total imports of products of the farm.

Imports of agricultural products have increased much faster than population during the period covered by this review.

Forecast for Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Forecast for Monday and Tuesday for the cotton and grain States:

North Carolina—Fair and colder Monday; Tuesday increasing cloudiness and warmer, probably rain or snow; brisk and high northerly winds, becoming northeasterly.

South Carolina—Fair and colder Monday; Tuesday increasing cloudiness, probably rain; moderate north and northeast winds.

Georgia—Increasing cloudiness Monday; colder in eastern portion. Tuesday rain and warmer; moderate northeasterly winds.

Florida—Partly cloudy Monday; colder in northeast portions. Tuesday unsettled, rain in northwest portion; moderate north to northeast winds.

Alabama and Mississippi—Unsettled Monday, rain by night. Tuesday rain, moderate northeast and east winds.

Louisiana—Unsettled, followed by rain Monday. Tuesday rain; moderate northeast and east winds.

Eastern Texas—Rain Monday and probably Tuesday; moderate easterly winds.

Western Texas—Generally fair Monday and Tuesday.

Utah—Partly cloudy and warmer Monday. Tuesday rain or snow.

Oklahoma—Unsettled and probably rain Monday. Tuesday fair.

Arkansas—Rain Monday and probably Tuesday.

Tennessee and Kentucky—Increasing cloudiness and warmer Monday; rain by Monday night or Tuesday.

Ohio—Fair and rising temperature Monday and Tuesday; light variable winds becoming moderate south and southwest.

Indiana and Illinois—Fair and warmer Monday and Tuesday, except rain in southern portions Tuesday.

Lower Michigan—Fair and rising temperature Monday and Tuesday; moderate southerly winds.

Upper Michigan—Partly cloudy and warmer Monday. Tuesday snow flurries.

Wisconsin—Fair and warmer Monday. Tuesday fair; moderate southerly winds.

Minnesota and Iowa—Fair and warmer Monday. Tuesday fair.

Missouri—Increasing cloudiness Monday; rain by Monday night or Tuesday.

North and South Dakota—Fair and warmer Monday; Tuesday partly cloudy.

Nebraska and Kansas—Fair weather and moderate temperature Monday and Tuesday.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company, for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may be necessary or proper, will be held at the principal offices of the Company, 81-86 Beach Street, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, February eighth, 1910, at twelve M., and the polls will be closed at one P. M. The stock transfer books will be closed ten days prior to date of the meeting.

E. E. PALEN, Secretary.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Sarco Fuel Saving & Engineering Company will be held at the offices of the Company, 90 West Street, New York City, on Tuesday, Feb. 15, 1910, at 11 A. M. for the purpose of receiving reports of the Company's business during the preceding year, the election of Directors, and for such other matters as may come before the meeting.

C. VON PUSTAU, Secretary.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Sirrine Tile Company will be held at the office of the company, 114-120 West 30th St., New York City, on Wednesday, February 16th, 1910, at 3:30 P. M.

C. PERSON, Secretary.

ANNUAL ELECTION OF THE AMERICAN Institute, Thursday, Feb. 10, 1910, at 19 W. 44th St. Polls open 10 A. M. to 8 P. M.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of the application of THE NEW AMSTERDAM SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY for authority to change its name to "HUDSON SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY."

Notice is hereby given that the New Amsterdam Safe Deposit Company, a domestic corporation, organized under the Banking Laws of the State of New York, having its principal business office in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at a Special Term, Part I., thereof, to be held at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, on the 28th day of February, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to "Hudson Safe Deposit Company."

Dated New York, January 27th, 1910.

THE NEW AMSTERDAM SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY, by E. R. CHAPMAN, President.

HOLM, WHITLOCK & SCARFF, Counsel for Petitioner, 35 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, N. Y.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the Matter of the application of NEW YORK & OHIO BUCKLE CO. for authority to change its corporate name to NEW YORK BUCKLE CO.

Notice is hereby given that the New York & Ohio Buckle Co., a domestic corporation having its principal business office in the City, County, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at a Special Term, Part I. thereof, to be held in and for the County of New York at the County Court House, in said county, on the 28th day of February, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to the New York Buckle Co.

Dated New York City, February 2d, 1910.

NEW YORK & OHIO BUCKLE CO., By JOSEPH SCHANZ, President.

HERMAN GOLDMAN, Attorney for New York & Ohio Buckle Co., 13-21 Park Row, Bor. of Manhattan, New York City.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of the application of the MANHATTAN SHOE CO. for authority to change its name to THE RICE & HUTCHINS NEW YORK CO.—Notice of application for order to change name.

Notice is hereby given that the Manhattan Shoe Co., a domestic corporation, having its principal business office in the City, County, and State of New York, Borough of Manhattan, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, for the County of New York, at a Special Term, Part I. thereof, to be held at the Court House thereof in the City and County of New York, on the 24th day of February, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing the said corporation to change its corporate name to The Rice & Hutchins New York Co.

Dated New York City, February 5th, 1910.

MANHATTAN SHOE CO., By THEODORE M. BROWN, President.

LESSER BROTHERS, Attorneys for Applicant, 299 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

STONE & WEBSTER EARNINGS.

Combined Report of Public Service Companies Managed by Boston House.

The Boston banking house of Stone & Webster have just made public the combined statement of the thirty public service companies under its management. A representation of this firm heads the bondholders' committee in New York City tractions, and under his supervision a complete survey of the New York traction situation has been made. This house, through its construction and management departments, constructs and manages street railway systems all over the country, having a central organization of engineers and a field staff whose experience is available for all the companies. The extent of the system and its business in 1909 is shown in the following statement:

COMBINED CAPITALIZATION—THIRTY COMPANIES.	
Bonds and coupon notes outstanding	$62,997,500
Preferred capital and common stocks outstanding	63,198,120
Total	$126,195,620
TOTAL EARNINGS AND EXPENSES, 1909.	
Gross earnings	$20,241,974
Operating expenses	11,582,862
Net earnings	$8,659,112
Interest charges and taxes	4,496,350
Balance	$4,162,762
Devidends paid	1,972,186
Balance	$2,190,576
Total disbursements for the year 1909 for interest on bonds and notes and for dividends	5,298,016
Miles of equivalent single track operated	1,005
Passengers carried	274,567,000

Total connected electric lighting load equivalent to 1,778,000 16-candle power lamps.

Total commercial power load approximately 83,638 horse power.

Total combined power station capacity, approximately, of which 55,868 horse power is generated by water power, 167,262 horse power.

THE COMMODITIES MARKETS.

Wheat Declines and Other Grains Follow—Provisions Up on Hog Scarcity—Cotton Situation Strong.

Wheat during the last week slowly lost ground. The decline has not been important, but there has been a steady pressure on the market, which has slowly affected values. The decline has brought a moderate speculative trade. The fluctuations have been of such narrow proportions that outside interest has been comparatively light.

The influences effective against values have been the foreign demand and the attitude of the foreign markets, and the steadily increasing movement of wheat in America. The European markets have been dull, and show a distinct indifference toward American wheat, due to the fact that other countries are still shipping wheat freely. World's exports for the last week were 11,490,000 bushels, against 8,918,000 the previous week. This increase was due to a large gain in the Argentine and Russian movement, nearly 2,000,000 bushels at each point. There was a decrease in the American and Australian shipments. The increase in the Argentine movement was expected, and shipments will probably be on a fairly liberal scale from now on, but the continuation of the immense movement from Russia is quite disappointing to bulls, as it was hoped that the Winter conditions would restrict the Russian movement.

At the West there has been a marked increase in the movement of wheat at primary markets. While it is claimed that this is in part due to the cleaning up of side-tracked wheat in the Northwest, the fact remains that the movement is steadily gaining day after day, and the receipts during the past week amounted to 4,603,000 bushels, against 2,452,000 bushels last year.

Monday there was an increase of 198,000 bushels in the visible supply, against a decrease last year of 3,153,000 bushels. With the increase in the movement at the primary markets the past week there is fair ground for expecting further accumulation in the stocks. The situation is presented where the visible supply is increasing a little, while ordinarily at this season of the year it decreases rapidly, and a year ago was decreasing very heavily. While the receipts at Western points have been large the shipments from the interior into distribution have not increased except slightly, compared with last year.

The weather conditions have been as a whole favorable. Until the past few days the crop has been covered since the opening of Winter and protected from low temperatures. Now that the snow has partly disappeared there are some complaints, but whether such complaints are serious or not remains to be seen later as the growing season approaches.

Corn market has also shown a slow drooping tendency and there has been a moderate recession in values. The declines have not been important, but there has been evidence of pressure, not so much on the future market as on the cash market. Cash corn at Chicago has been about 4c a bushel discount under the May, with only three months before delivery day. The receipts of corn have been very large at the interior, and during the past week the total arrivals were 6,278,000 bushels, compared with 5,014,000 bushels the previous week and 2,297,000 bushels last year. Against this heavy movement from the country shipments from the interior points into distribution were 2,716,000 bushels compared with 2,823,000 bushels last year, showing that the demand for corn for consumption is not keeping pace with the movement of corn from first hands. Bear argument is presented on the ground that with the big decrease of over 6,000,000 hogs in the supply of the country this season there must be a marked falling off in the actual consumption of corn for feeding purposes in the country, and that this will sooner or later have an effect on the country merchandising of corn.

In oats about the same conditions have prevailed, excepting that the cash market has not shown any particular weakness. There has been some evidence of pressure but the pressure has not been pronounced.

The market has eased off slowly, due to the heaviness in other grades and to the heavy receipts. The Western receipts showed a total for the week of 3,883,000 bushels against 3,528,000 bushels the previous week and 1,801,000 bushels last year, and the total receipts of wheat, corn, and oats at the primary markets for the week were 14,800,000 bushels compared with 6,600,000 bushels last year.

Provisions were very firm during the week, showing a rapid advance with some reactions, but on Saturday were strong with quite a good trade. The advance was owing to a large amount of buying and covering due to the disappointment at the small movement of live hogs from the country and the very small stocks of product shown on Feb. 1 at the leading points, and the small stock of lard in the world's visible.

COTTON.

Cotton has shown a very firm tone during the week, and there has been a slow but steady improvement in values, due to the growing confidence in the market as a result of the steadily decreasing receipts and steadily decreasing visible supplies. This position of the market was particularly emphasized last week by the figures of the into sight movement and the figures of the spinners' takings. The upward movement of values was slow at first, and there has been no particular excitement. There has been, however, a very firm market, and during the past ten days there has been a rather good-sized lien of cotton bought by brokers thought to represent the old bull interest. These purchases have been of such a liberal character that they have helped materially in the improvement in the speculative position.

The market has been further helped by the attitude of the foreign markets and the decided increase in the demand at Liverpool for spot cotton and the improving conditions in Manchester. The Liverpool sales have been large every day, and on Saturday they amounted to 22,000 bales at an advance equal to about ¼c a pound. This was a large total for the ordinary day, but coming on Saturday, had a good deal of effect on the future market that day. The buying there appeared to be affected by the confidence that the trade conditions were improved. Such better business was shown in Manchester, and advices, both public and private, were firm.

The trade conditions on this side have been well baintained. The sales of cotton goods at Fall River during the past week were small, only 150,000; but the detail conditions have been good, and there seems to be a confidence that the situation is not being weakened by the statistical developments.

The port receipts during the week were very small, and there was also a decided falling off in the interior movement, showing that the cotton was not moving from first hands and the country was backing up the statements which have been made from time to time that it would not accept the prices prevailing. The stocks at the ports were steadily reduced by the large shipments for exports, and the shipments materially exceeding the daily receipts.

The statistics showed an into sight movement of only 130,000 bales, compared with 316,000 last year, while spinners' takings of American cotton were 279,000, against 384,000 last year. There was a decrease in spinners' takings of 105,000. The visible supply of American showed a decrease of 149,000 bales for the week. The statistical situation is quite striking. The visible supply of American is at present 3,584,000 bales and on the basis of the amount already into sight and the Government estimate of the crop there were only 2,000,000 bales yet to come forward. This gives an aggregate supply of 5,584,000 bales to furnish the cotton needed for the remaining seven months of the season. As already the spinners' takings of American have been in five months 5,984,000 bales, it will be seen that there must necessarily be a very marked falling off in weekly takings, or there will not be enough cotton to supply the spinners' requirements and leave a reasonable carry-over at the end of the season.

While undoubtedly the situation is a very strong one in this respect, there are some rather important interests in the market which are disposed to be very conservative and to hold off for further developments, seeing that prices have recovered nearly 50 per cent. from the low point on the big break. The bullish position, however, is backed up by the small movement and the fact that the spinners' takings are not decreasing proportionate to the decrease in the into sight. With the small amount of cotton still to be marketed on the basis of the Government figures, the decrease in consumption will have to be very material.

As yet the effect of the price on the spinners' takings this season has not been such as expected. The total spinners' takings of American cotton have decreased 700,000 bales in five months. The into sight movement has decreased 2,100,000 bales in five months. Arguement is made that the effect of the price has been less than anticipated. Another factor enters into the condition, and that is a great deal of the cotton taken during the Fall was contracted for, prior to the big advance in prices. With the very high quotations prevailing for cotton and reasonable expectation that the high price will result in a large area next year, spinners will buy cotton to last only until the new cotton is available. The reports as to the progress of farm work and as to the sales of fertilizer are all indicative of a large area this season. Of course, a very great deal will depend on the weather conditions, but most advices show that the South will make an effort to produce a big crop of cotton this year.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

THE WEEK'S TRANSACTIONS IN BONDS

Total for the Week Ended February 5, $17,718,500

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Adams Express 4s	92¼	92½	92	92½	22
Albany & Susquehanna 3½s	96½	96½	96	96	26
Allis-Chalmers 5s	82⅞	82⅞	80	80¼	86
American Agricultural Chemical 5s	102¼	102¼	102	102	23
American Cotton Oil 4½s	97⅛	97⅛	96½	96½	5
American Spirits Manufacturing 6s	96	96	96	96	4
American Hide & Leather 6s	101¼	101½	101	101	41
American Dock & Improvement 6s	108½	108½	108½	108½	1
American Ice Securities 6s	70	70	70	70	4
American Tel. & Tel. col. 4s	92½	92½	92½	92½	1
American Tel. & Tel. conv. 4s	102¼	102⅝	101	102½	521
American Thread 4s	92¼	92¼	92¼	92¼	1
American Tobacco 4s	77	77¼	76⅞	77	229
American Tobacco 6s	106⅞	107	106	106⅞	110
Ann Arbor 4s	77⅞	77¾	77¾	77¾	5
Armour 4½s	93	93	92½	92½	140
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé gen. 4s	100	100¼	100	100¼	200½
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé gen. 4s reg	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¾	5
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé adj. 4s	94¼	94⅜	94⅛	94⅛	12½
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé adj. 4s, stamped	94½	94½	94½	94½	12
Atch., Top & Santa Fé conv. 5s	117⅞	117⅞	116	117	257
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé conv. 4s	116½	116½	114	115⅝	211
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé conv. 4s, new	115	115	115	115	2
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé, Trans. S. L. 4s	94	94⅜	94	94¼	38
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé deb. 4s, Series L	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛	1
Atlantic Coast Line 4s	95⅝	96¼	95⅝	96¼	57
Atlantic Coast Line, L. & N. col. 4s	92½	93¼	91⅝	92	805
Baltimore & Ohio gold 4s	100⅛	100⅛	99¼	99¼	80
Baltimore & Ohio prior lien 3½s	99	99	99	99	1
Balt. & Ohio, Southwestern Div. 3½s	90⅛	90⅛	90⅛	90⅛	48
Balt. & Ohio, Pitts., L. E. & W. Va. 4s	92½	92½	92½	92½	51
Bethlehem Steel 5s	88¾	88¾	87½	87½	56
Brooklyn City Railroad 1st 5s	103	103	103	103	2
Brooklyn Union Elevated 1st 5s	102⅞	103	102	102⅞	32
Brooklyn Union Elevated 1st 5s, stpd	102½	102½	102½	102½	2
Brooklyn Union Gas 5s	107¼	107½	107¼	107¼	14
Brooklyn Rapid Transit ref. 4s	84⅛	84⅛	82	83⅝	217
Buffalo Gas 5s	67	67	67	67	1
Bur., Cedar Rapids & Northern col. tr. 5s	114	114	114	114	5
Bush Terminal 5s	96½	97½	96½	97½	16
Canada Southern 1st 6s	105	105⅛	105	105⅛	37
Canada Southern 2d 5s	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	15
Carbondale & Shawneetown 4s	99	99	99	99	1
Central of Georgia consol. 5s	108¾	108¾	108⅝	108⅝	12
Central of Georgia 1st inc. 5s, t. r.	87½	87½	85	85	44
Central of Georgia 1st inc. 5s, t. r., stpd.	84	84	84	84	8
Central of Georgia 3d inc. 5s	79	79	79	79	6
Central Branch, Union Pacific 1st	86	86	86	86	1
Central Leather 5s	99½	99¾	99	99	134
Central Pacific gtd. 4s	97	97½	97	97½	87
Central Pacific gtd. 3½s	89⅛	89½	89⅛	89⅛	22½
Central of New Jersey gen. 5s	124½	124½	124½	124½	10
Central of New Jersey gen. 5s reg	124	124	124	124	14
Chesapeake & Ohio fund. 5s	103⅜	103½	103⅜	103½	4
Chesapeake & Ohio consol. 5s	114	114	113¾	114	43
Chesapeake & Ohio gen. 4½s	102¼	102⅜	102¼	102½	19
Ches & Ohio, Rich. & Alle. 1st 4s	98½	98½	98½	98½	26
Chicago & Alton 3½s	74	74	73	73¼	10
Chi., Bur. & Q., Illinois Div. 4s	100	100⅛	100	100⅛	114
Chi., Bur. & Q., Illinois Div. 3½s	88¼	89	88¼	89	41
Chi., Bur. & Q. joint 4s	96⅞	97⅛	96¾	97	368
Chi., Bur. & Q. joint 4s reg	96½	96½	96½	96½	20
Chi., Bur. & Q. gen. 4s	99	99	98¾	99	36
Chi., Bur. & Q., Nebraska ext. 4s	100	100	99½	99½	2
Chi., Bur. & Q. deb. 5s	101¼	101⅞	101½	101⅞	17
Chicago & Eastern Illinois gen. 5s	112⅝	112⅝	112	112¼	13
Chicago, Indiana & Southern 4s	93½	93½	93½	93½	5
Chi., Mil. & St. P. 4s, Series A	100⅜	100⅜	100	100	141
Chi., Mil. & St. P. 4s, 1934	93¾	93¾	93⅜	93½	52
Chi., Mil. & St. P., Chi., P. & W. 5s	108	108	108	108	6
Chi., Mil. & St. P. terminal 5s	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¼	3
Chicago & Northwestern deb. 5s, 1921	106½	106½	106½	106½	2
Chicago & Northwestern deb. 5s, 1933	111½	111½	111½	111½	5
Chicago & Northwestern gen. 3½s	89	89	88¾	88¾	15
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific ref. 4s	91¼	91¼	90⅞	91	146
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific col. 4s	79⅞	80	78½	79⅝	440
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific gen. 4s	98¼	98⅝	98⅛	98⅛	13
Chicago, St. Paul & Minn 1st 6s	126½	126½	126½	126½	1
Chicago, St. Louis & New Orleans 5s	118¼	118¼	117¾	117¾	5
Chicago & Western Indiana con. 4s	92½	92¾	92½	92¾	7
Cin., Ind., St. Louis & Chicago 4s	98½	98½	98½	98½	1
Cleve., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis gen. 4s	95	96	94⅞	96	11
Colorado Fuel & Iron gen. 5s	97	97	97	97	1
Colorado Industrial 5s	81	81	79	79	44
Colorado & Southern 1st 4s	97	97	96¾	97	17
Col., Conn. & Term. 5s	106	106	106	106	2
Colorado & Southern ref. & ext. 4½s	98	98	97¾	97⅞	81
Corn Products Refining s. f. 5s, 1934	96½	96½	95	95	25
Consolidated Tobacco 4s	79⅞	80	76½	76½	13
Delaware & Hudson lien equip. 4½s	102	102	102	102	5
Delaware & Hudson 1st & ref. 4s	100	100	99⅝	100	42
Delaware & Hudson conv. 4s	100	100⅜	99⅞	100	171
Denver & Rio Grande 1st & ref. 5s	94⅛	94⅛	93¼	93¼	182
Denver & Rio Grande consol. 4s	97	97	96¼	96¼	17
Distillers' Securities 5s	72½	73	72	73	46
East Tennessee, Va. & Ga. div'l 5s	110	110	110	110	5
Edison Elec. Ill. of New York conv. 5s	100	100	100	100	8
Erie conv. 4s, Series A	79¼	79¼	77½	78	75
Erie conv. 4s, Series B	70¾	70¾	70⅜	70¾	2
Erie 1st consol. 4s	85	85	84½	84½	25
Erie gen. 4s	75½	75½	74½	74½	30
Erie, Pennsylvania col. 4s	85½	86½	85½	86	27
Erie, Pennsylvania col. 4s reg	85	85	85	85	5
Fort Worth & Denver City 1st 6s	113⅛	113¾	113⅛	113¼	11
Fort Worth & Rio Grande 4s	86	86	86	86	2
General Electric conv. deb. 5s	144¾	144¾	140	140	19
Green Bay & Western deb B	15	15¼	14½	14½	26
Georgia Pacific 1st 6s	113¾	113¾	113¾	113¾	5
Hannibal & St. Joseph consol. 6s	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾	1
Hocking Valley 4½s	103	104	103	104	12
Illinois Central 4s, 1952	100⅝	100⅝	100½	100½	8
Illinois Central 3½s	92	92	92	92	1
Illinois Central ref. 4s	99¼	99¼	99¼	99¼	18
Illinois Central 4s, 1953	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	7
Indiana, Decatur & Western 5s	105	105	105	105	20
Interborough Rapid Transit conv. 6s	103¼	103¼	102⅝	102⅝	146
Interborough Rapid Transit 5s	103¼	103¼	102⅞	102⅞	31
Interborough-Metropolitan 4½s	81½	81⅜	79½	80½	1,144
International & Gt. Northern 1st 6s	110	110	110	110	4
International Navigation 5s	82	82	82	82	2
International Paper 6s	104¾	104¾	104¾	104¾	11
International Steam Pump 5s	95¾	96	95¾	96	16
Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis 4s	80¾	81¼	80¾	81¼	12
Kansas City Southern 5s	102¾	102¾	102½	102½	23
Kansas City Southern 3s	73⅜	73⅜	73⅛	73⅜	77
Kings County El. L. & P. pur. mon. 6s	112	112	112	112	72
Knoxville & Ohio 1st 6s	114½	114½	114½	114½	1
Laclede of St. Louis ref. & ext. 5s	101	101	100½	100½	2
Laclede Gas of St. Louis 1st 5s	102½	103	102½	103	5
Lackawanna Steel 5s	98	100	98	99	37
Lake Shore 4s, 1928	95	95¼	95	95	26
Lake Shore 4s, 1931	94½	94½	94⅛	94¼	108
Lake Shore 3½s	91⅞	91⅞	91¾	91⅞	23
Lehigh Valley Terminal 5s	115½	115½	115⅛	115½	5
Lehigh Valley of New York gtd. 4½s	108	108	108	108	1
Lehigh & Wilkesbarre con. ext. gtd. 4½s	100	100	100	100	1
Long Island Ferry 4½s	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	1
Long Island consol. 5s	112	112	112	112	5
Louisville & Nashville gen. 6s	116	116	116	116	2
Louisville & Nashville unified 4s	99¼	99¼	98¾	98¾	32
Louis. & Nash., Pens. & Atlantic 6s	110½	110½	110½	110½	3
Louis. & Nash., Pensacola Div. 6s	108	108	108	108	2
Louis. & Nash., South. Ry. Monon tr. 4s	91½	91½	91½	91½	8
Manhattan con. 4s	97	97	97	97	2
Manhattan con. 4s, tax exempt	98¾	99¼	98¾	99¼	2
Mercantile Marine col. tr. 4½s	68½	68¾	67¼	67⅞	67
Metropolitan Street Railway ref. 4s	51	51	51	51	10
Mexican Central consol. 4s	97¼	97¼	97⅛	97⅛	25
Michigan Central deb. 4s	92	92	92	92	35
Michigan Central 3½s	90	90	90	90	20
Michigan State Telephone	99	99	99	99	1
Milwaukee & Northern, M. L. 6s	100¼	100½	100¼	100¼	4
Midland of New Jersey 1st 6s	100¾	101	100½	100½	95
Minn., St. P. & S. Ste. Marie con. 4s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	5
Minneapolis Union 6s	114½	114½	114½	114½	1
Minneapolis & St. Louis consol. 5s	109	109	109	109	5
Missouri, Kansas & Texas 1st 4s	99	99	98¼	99	25
Missouri, Kansas & Texas 2d 4s	86⅞	86⅞	86½	86½	8
Missouri, Kansas & Texas s. f. 4½s	89¾	90	88½	89¼	65
Missouri, Kansas & Texas ref. 4s	84	84¾	84	84¾	4
Missouri Pacific con. 6s	110⅛	110⅛	109⅝	109⅝	14
Missouri Pacific 4s	81	81	80⅝	80⅝	12
Missouri Pacific trust 5s	101⅜	101⅜	101¼	101¼	8
Missouri Pacific col. 5s	102¼	102¼	102¼	102¼	1
Missouri Pacific cons. 5s, cfs., full pd	95⅝	95⅝	95	95¼	151
Nassau Electric 4s	80⅞	80⅞	80⅞	80⅞	10
National Rys. of Mexico gen. 4s	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝	10
National Rys. of Mexico prior lien 4½s	94¾	94⅞	94¾	94⅞	45
National R. R. of Mexico consol. 4s	83½	83½	83½	83½	17
New York Air Brake conv. 6s	110	110	109½	109½	32
New York Central gen. 3½s	91	91	90½	90¾	69
New York Central deb. 4s	95⅝	95¾	95⅛	95½	54
New York Central, Lake Sh. coll. 3½s	81½	81½	80¾	81½	49
New York Central, Lake Sh. coll. 3½s reg	80¼	80¼	80¼	80¼	9
New York Central, Mich. Cent. coll. 3½s	80	80¾	79⅞	80¾	32
New York, Chicago & St. Louis 1st 4s	100	100	100	100	11
New York Dock 4s	94	94	94	94	1
N. Y. Gas, El. L., H. & P. col. tr. 5s	102½	102½	102	102	9
N. Y. Gas, El. L., H. & P. 4s	84½	84⅝	83¾	84	19
N. Y., Lackawanna & Western 1st 6s	116½	116½	116½	116½	6
N. Y., Lackawanna & Western constr. 5s	110½	110½	110½	110½	1
N. Y., N. H. & H. conv. 3½s	100¾	100¾	100¼	100¾	203
N. Y., N. H. & H. conv. deb. 6s	134½	134½	134	134⅛	159
N. Y., N. H. & H. conv. deb. 6s reg	134	134	134	134	2
N. Y., Ontario & Western ref. 4s	97¼	97¼	97	97	12
N. Y. Telephone 4½s. receipts	98½	98½	98	98¼	71
New York & Queens El. L. & P. 5s	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼	1
Norfolk & Western divl. 4s	92⅞	92⅞	92⅞	92⅞	1
Norf. & West., Pocahontas C. & C. 4s	89⅝	89⅝	89⅛	89⅛	17
Norfolk & Western consol. 4s	99⅛	99½	99⅛	99¼	21
Norfolk & Western conv. 4s	101¼	101½	100¼	101¼	433
Northern Ohio 5s	110½	110½	110½	110½	5
Northern Pacific prior lien 4s	101⅝	101⅜	101	101	187
Northern Pacific gen. 3s	73½	73⅞	73⅜	73⅜	43
Oregon Railroad & Navigation con. 4s	97	97	97	97	11
Oregon Short Line gtd. ref. 4s	94¼	94⅝	94⅛	94⅜	153
Oregon Short Line consol. 5s	113¼	113½	113¼	113½	14
Ozark & Cherokee Central 5s	97	97	97	97	6
Pacific Tele. & Tel. col. 5s	99	99	98⅞	99	72
Pennsylvania gtd. 4½s	105	105	105	105	2
Pennsylvania gtd. 4½s reg	103¾	103¾	103¾	103¾	1
Pennsylvania 4s, 1948	104½	104½	104½	104½	22
Pennsylvania conv. 3½s, 1912	101⅛	101⅛	100⅝	100⅝	35
Pennsylvania conv. 3½s, 1915	96⅝	96½	96¼	96½	511
Pennsylvania gtd. 3½s, 1941	90⅛	90⅛	90⅛	90⅛	2
Pennsylvania gtd. 3½s, 1916	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	1
Pennsylvania gtd. gold 4s	98¼	98¼	98	98⅛	20
People's Gas of Chicago ref. 5s	104	104	104	104	8
Peoria & Eastern 1st 4s	94	94½	94	94½	6
Pere Marquette ref. 4s	78⅜	78⅜	78⅜	78⅜	1
Pitts., Cin., Chi. & St. L. 4½s, Series B	107⅝	107⅝	107⅝	107⅝	5
Reading gen. 4s	99½	100	99⅜	99⅞	103
Reading-Jersey Central col. 4s	97	97¼	97	97¼	22
Republic Iron & Steel 5s	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	1
Richmond & Danville deb. 5s	107⅞	107⅞	107⅞	107⅞	3
Richmond & Danville consol. 6s	107½	107½	107½	107½	1
Rio Grande Western 1st 4s	93	93	93	93	5
Rio Grande Western col. tr. 4s	83	84	83	84	14
St. Louis, Iron Mt. & South., R. & G. 4s	87¼	87¼	87	87	21
St. Louis, Iron Mt. & South. gen. 5s	109½	109½	109½	109½	10
St. L., Iron Mt. & South unif & ref. 4s	84⅞	85	84⅞	85	3
St. Louis & San Francisco Ry. gen. 5s	108¾	108¾	108⅝	108⅝	3
St. Louis & San Francisco R. R. gen. 5s	88½	88¾	88	88⅝	166
St. Louis & San Francisco ref. 4s	83⅞	84	82¾	83½	93
St. Louis Southwestern consol. 4s	78	78¾	77⅞	78½	74
St. Louis Southwestern 1st 4s	93¼	93¼	93	93	22
St. Louis Southwestern 2d inc. 4s	80¾	80¾	80¾	80¾	2
St. Paul, Minn. & Man., Montana ext. 4s	98½	98½	98½	98½	3
St. Paul & Sioux City 1st 6s	114⅛	114⅛	114⅛	114⅛	3
San Antonio & Aransas Pass 4s	87¼	87½	86⅞	87	54
Seaboard Air Line ref. 5s	99½	99½	99⅜	99⅜	2
Seaboard Air Line 4s, stamped	83¼	83¼	83¼	83¼	20
South Carolina & Georgia 1st 5s	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	5
Southern Pacific conv. 4s	103	103	101½	102½	1,673
Southern Pacific 1st 4s	94	94	92	92	49
Southern Pacific ref. 4s	94⅝	94⅞	94⅛	94⅝	110
Southern Railway 1st 5s	107½	109	107½	108	67
Southern Railway dev. & gen. 4s	80¼	80¾	79½	80	124
Southern Ry., Mobile & Ohio col. 4s	89¾	89¾	89¼	89¼	2
Southern Ry., St. Louis Div. 4s	86½	86½	86½	86½	4
Tennessee Coal & Iron, Tenn. Div. 6s	107	107	105⅞	105⅞	7
Term. R. R. Assn. of St. Louis ref. 4s	97¾	97¾	97½	97½	12
Texas & New Orleans, Sabine Div. 6s	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛	1
Texas & Pacific 1st 5s	111¼	111¼	111¼	111¼	1
Third Avenue con. 4s	65½	65½	65	65½	37
Third Avenue con. 4s, tr. r., stamped	65⅞	66	64	64⅞	301
Toledo & Ohio Central 1st 5s	108¼	108½	107⅞	107⅞	6
Toledo, Peoria & Western 4s	92½	93½	92½	93½	14
Toledo, St. Louis & Western 4s	80⅝	81	80¼	81	62
Toledo, St. Louis & Western col. 4s	85¾	86	85⅛	85¼	72
Toronto, Hamilton & Buffalo 4s	91	91	91	91	5
Union Bag & Paper 5s	95	95	95	95	1
Union Pacific 1st 4s	101⅝	101⅝	101	101	121
Union Pacific 1st 4s reg	101½	101½	101	101	8
Union Pacific conv. 4s	110¼	110⅝	108	109¼	968½
Union Pacific 1st & ref. 4s	97⅛	97¼	96⅞	97¼	134
United States Leather 6s	104¾	104¾	104¾	104¾	1
United States Rubber s. f. 6s	104	104½	103½	104	77
United Railways of St. Louis 4s	82¾	82¾	82¾	82¾	2
United States Realty & Improvement 5s	93	93	89¾	90	89
United Railroads of San Francisco 4s	72	72½	72	72	10
U. S. Steel Corp. 2d mtge. s. f. 5s	105	105⅛	104⅝	104¾	416
U. S. Steel Corp. 2d mtge. tr. 5s, reg	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞	10
Virginia-Carolina Chemical 1st 5s	98	98	97¾	98	46
Virginia Iron. Coal & Coke 5s	99¼	99⅝	99¼	99⅝	5
Wabash 1st 5s	111½	112	111½	111½	35
Wabash ref. & ext. 4s	73⅛	73¼	71	71¾	527
Wabash 2d 5s	102	102	101	101	12
Wabash Pittsburg Terminal 1st 4s	45	45	44	44	6
Wabash Pittsburg Terminal 1st 4s, tr. r.	45	45	40½	43	389
Wabash Pittsburg Terminal 2d 4s	5	5	4	4	61
Wabash Pittsburg Terminal 2d 4s, tr. r.	5	5⅝	4⅛	5⅝	184
Washington Water Power 5s	101	101	101	101	5
Western Maryland 4s	85	85¼	84	84½	45
Western Maryland conv. 4s, tr. r.	70¾	70¾	69¾	69¾	23
Western Union conv. 4s, Series A	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾	5
West Shore 4s	102⅛	102⅛	101¾	102	22
West Shore 4s reg	100	100⅛	99¾	100⅛	8
Wheeling & Lake Erie consol. 4s	86½	86½	86½	86½	5
Westinghouse Elec. & Mfg. conv. 5s	91⅞	92	90	90	57
Wisconsin Central gen. 4s	94¼	94¼	94¼	94½	10
Wisconsin Central, Sup. & Dul. 4s	92¾	93⅛	92¾	93⅛	15
Total sales					$16,728,000

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT BONDS.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Threes, coupon	102¼	102¼	102¼	102¼	2½
Threes, registered	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾	2
Twos, registered	100⅞	100⅞	100¼	100¼	11
Twos, coupon	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	1
Fours, 1925, coupon	115¼	115¼	115¼	115¼	3
Total sales					$19,500

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT BONDS.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Argentine 5s, ctfs	96½	97	96½	97	32
Imperial Japanese 4s	89½	90¼	89½	90¼	42½
Imperial Japanese 4½s	95½	95⅞	95	95⅜	84½
Imperial Japanese 4½s, 2d series	94⅝	95½	94⅝	95	75
Republic of Cuba 5s	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¼	5
Republic of Cuba 4½s	97¾	98	97¾	98	20
Sao Paulo (U. S. of Brazil) 5s	97¼	97¼	97¼	97¼	4
United States of Mexico 4s	95⅜	95⅜	95⅜	95⅜	1
United States of Mexico 5s	98⅞	98⅞	98⅝	98⅝	27
Total sales					$291,000

STATE BONDS.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Virginia def. 6s, Brown Bros. & Co. ctfs.	52	53	52	53	21

CITY BONDS.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
New York City 4s, 1957	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜	2
New York City 4s, 1959	99½	99¾	99½	99¾	107
New York City 4s, 1959, rcts	99½	99¾	99½	99⅝	114
New York City 4s, 1958	99⅝	99¾	99⅝	99¾	196
New York City 4½s, 1957	108¼	108¾	108¼	108½	184
New York City 4½s, 1957, reg	108¼	108¼	108¼	108¼	1
New York City 4½s, 1957, new	108½	108¾	108½	108¾	52
New York City 4½s, 1917	102½	102⅝	102½	102⅝	3
Total sales					$659,000
Grand total					$17,718,500

MUNICIPAL BONDS.

	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.
N. Y. City 4s, 1957 *M. N.	100½ Jan. 4	99⅜ Jan 31	99⅜ Jan. 31, 1910
N. Y. City 4½s, 1957 *M. N.	110 Jan. 7	108 Jan 24	108½ Feb. 5, 1910
New York City 4½s, 1957, reg	108¼ Jan. 31	108¼ Jan 31	108¼ Jan. 31, 1910
N. Y. City 4½s, 1957, new M. N.*	109⅞ Jan. 7	107¾ Jan 25	108¾ Feb. 4, 1910
N. Y. City 4½s, 1917	103½ Jan. 21	102½ Feb 3	102⅝ Feb. 4, 1910
N. Y. City 4s, 1958 M. N.*	100⅜ Jan. 3	99⅜ Jan 27	99¾ Feb. 5, 1910
N. Y. City 4s, 1959 M. N.*	100⅜ Jan. 3	99½ Jan 24	99¾ Feb. 5, 1910
N. Y. City 4s, 1959, rcts	100 Jan. 12	99¼ Jan 25	99⅝ Feb. 5, 1910

YEAR'S RANGE IN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

Where no sale occurred in 1910 the last previous price is given.

	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.
Alabama Currency Fund 4s. J. J.	....	....	111 Mar. 20, 1904
Louisiana consol. 4s, 1914 J. J.	....	....	100 Feb. 18, 1898
N. Y. H'y Imp. 4s, March 1, 1958.	....	....	113⅜ Jun. 19, 1909
North Carolina 6s, 1919 A. O.	....	....	126 May 4, 1907
North Caro. consol. 4s, 1910 J. J.	....	....	99⅝ Feb. 8, 1909
North Caro. consol. 4s, small	....	....	100¼ Apr. 8, 1907
North Caro. special tax A. O.	....	....	117 Dec. 11, 1903
South Carolina 4s, 1933 J. J.	....	....	117 Jan. 22, 1909
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913 J. J.	....	....	95½ Nov. 15, 1909
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913, small	....	....	95 May 20, 1909
Virginia def. ctfs	....	....	1½ Dec. 22, 1904
Va. def. 6s, Brown Bros. & Co. cfs.	56 Jan. 4	49 Jan 18	53 Feb. 2, 1910
Va. fund debt. 2-3s, 1991 J. J.	90⅞ Jan. 20	90⅞ Jan 20	90⅞ Jan. 20, 1910
Virginia Riddleberger	....	....	90 Dec. 20, 1907
U. S. 2s, 1930, reg Q. Jan.	107⅞ Jan. 31	100 Jan 20	100¼ Feb. 4, 1910
U. S. 2s, 1930, coupon J. Jan.	100¼ Feb. 5	100¼ Feb 5	100¼ Feb. 5, 1910
U. S. 4s, 1925, reg Q. F.	115¼ Jan. 3	115¼ Jan 3	115¼ Jan. 3, 1910
U. S. 4s, 1925, coupon Q. F.	115¾ Jan. 28	114¾ Jan 17	115¼ Feb. 1, 1910
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, coupon Q. F.	102 Jan. 17	101¾ Jan 5	102 Jan. 17, 1910
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, reg Q. F.	101¾ Feb. 5	101¾ Feb 5	101¾ Feb. 5, 1910
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, small	....	....	101½ Apr. 23, 1909
Panama 2s, 1936, reg	....	....	100 Oct. 27, 1909
Panama 2s, 1938, reg	....	....	101 Feb. 11, 1909
Panama 2s, 1908-18, reg	....	....	100⅝ Oct. 11, 1909
Argentine 5s, J. P. M. & Co. rcts.	97 Feb. 4	95¾ Jan 4	97 Feb. 4, 1910
Imp.Jap.Gov.4½s, Feb.15, 1925. F. A.	95⅞ Feb. 2	94⅜ Jan 3	95⅜ Feb. 5, 1910
I.Jap.Gov.4½s, 2dser. Jy.10, 1925. J. J.	95½ Feb. 1	93⅞ Jan 3	95 Feb. 4, 1910
Imp. Jap. Gov. 4s, Jan.4, 1925. F. A.	90¼ Feb. 4	88⅛ Jan 23	90¼ Feb. 5, 1910
Dist. of Columbia 3-65s, 1925. F. A.	....	....	110 Nov. 28, 1909
Philippine 4s, 1914-1931 Q. F.	....	....	111 May 3, 1906
Phil Isl. p. w. & imp. reg. 4s, 1935. Q. M.	....	....	108¾ Feb. 26, 1908
Republic of Cuba 5s M. S.	104 Jan. 17	102⅝ Jan 6	103¼ Feb. 3, 1910
Republic of Cuba 4½s, temp. cfs.	98 Jan. 27	97 Jan 17	98 Feb. 2, 1910
Sao Paulo (U. S. of B.) 5 p c., 1919.	97¼ Feb. 3	96⅜ Jan 3	97¼ Feb. 5, 1910
U. S. of Mexico, s. f. 5s Q. J.	99 Jan. 19	97⅝ Jan 4	98⅝ Feb. 4, 1910
U. S. of Mex. 4s, Dec. 1, 1953. J. D.	95⅜ Jan. 25	94¼ Jan 7	95⅜ Feb. 2, 1910
U. S. of Mex. 4s, Series A	95⅜ Jan. 24	95⅜ Jan 24	95⅜ Jan. 24, 1910
U. S. of Mex. 4s, Series B	95⅜ Jan. 24	95⅜ Jan 24	95⅜ Jan. 24, 1910

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

SALE OF STOCKS (Continued)

Range for Year 1909. High	Range for Year 1909. Low	Range for Year 1910. High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Closing Saturday, Feb. 5. Bid.	Ask	Week's Net Change	STOCKS.	Par Value.	Amount Capital Stock Outstanding.	Last Dividend Paid. Date.	Per Cent	Period.	Range for Week Ended Feb. 5. First	High	Low	Last	Closing Year a Ago.	Sales Week Ended Feb. 5, '10.
27⅞	15	27¾	Jan. 3.	18¾	Feb. 3.	20¼	20¾	— 1¼	Wabash	100	53,187,200	....	..	..	21½	21½	18¾	20	18½	15,490
61¾	41	61	Jan. 3.	41½	Feb. 3.	43¾	44	— 4⅞	Wabash pf	100	39,187,200	....	..	..	48¾	48⅞	41½	43¾	48⅝	47,000
650	300	186	Jan. 17.	172	Feb. 3.	165	180	— 7	Wells-Fargo Express Co.	100	8,000,000	Jan. 15, '10.	5	SA	172	172	172	172	..	100
..	..	52½	Jan. 5.	46	Feb. 4.	46½	47	— ⅝	Western Maryland, 4th pd	50	15,685,400	....	..	..	50½	50½	46	47½	24⅛	8,350
85¼	64	77	Jan. 3.	69	Feb. 4.	71	71½	..	Western Union Telegraph	100	99,695,700	Jan. 15, '10.	¾	Q	71	71⅜	69	71	68	3,864
90	74	82½	Jan. 3.	64¾	Feb. 4.	67	67½	— 8⅝	Westinghouse E. & M.	50	85,983,700	Oct. 10, '07.	2½	..	71⅞	72	64¾	67½	80¼	8,880
145	110	128¼	Jan. 6.	120	Jan. 25.	110	125	..	Westinghouse E. & M. 1st pf	50	3,998,700	Jan. 15, '10.	1¾	Q	120	120	120	120	..	20
12⅞	5	10	Jan. 3.	5	Jan. 31.	5	6	— ⅝	Wheeling & Lake Erie	100	20,000,000	....	..	..	5	5⅝	5	5⅝	8½	1,020
25⅞	15¼	28	Jan. 3.	9	Jan. 31.	9¾	10½	— ⅝	Wheeling & Lake Erie 1st pf	100	4,986,900	....	..	..	10½	10½	9	10	21	1,000
15½	6½	13½	Jan. 3.	5¼	Jan. 31.	5½	6½	— ⅝	Wheeling & Lake Erie 2d pf	100	11,993,500	....	..	..	6½	6½	5¼	5⅞	11	600
63⅞	35⅝	52	Jan. 10.	45½	Feb. 4.	46	47	— 1	Wisconsin Central	100	16,147,900	....	..	..	46½	46½	45½	45½	42¼	600

Astor Trust Company

FIFTH AVE. & 36TH ST., NEW YORK

Capital, $1,250,000 Surplus and Profits, $750,000

Interest Paid on Daily Balances

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Arriving and resident buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

"Fair, The," Chicago, Ill.; W. H. Touhey, cloaks, suits, waists, and dresses; G. F. Williams, jewelry; E. W. Dempsey, men's, women's, and children's gloves; J. L. Lyons, pictures, frames, trunks, and valises; Miss M. Hendle, millinery; 684 Broadway.

May Company, Cleveland, Ohio; J. O. Sprowl, misses' and children's wear, cloaks, suits, waists, and dresses; 4 Washington Place.

Stone & Fisher Company, Seattle, Wash.; T. H. Starr, cloaks, suits, and waists; 684 Broadway; The Breslin.

Stanton, W. F., Company, Elkhardt, Ind.; W. F. Elkhardt, cloaks, suits, and waists; 7 West Twenty-second Street.

Lederer Brothers & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Monroe Lederer, cotton goods; A. Osterman, white goods; 258 Church Street.

Green-Joyce Company, Columbus, Ohio; J. C. Smith, silks, dress goods, cloaks, and suits; 51 Leonard Street.

Clawson & Wilson Company, Cleveland, Ohio; A. E. Force, furs; 52 Leonard Street.

Clawson & Wilson Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; R. H. Wilson, furs; 51 Leonard Street.

Thomas, J. W., & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.; C. J. Gutgesell, cloaks, suits, waists, and skirts; Miss M. Roberts, waists; Hotel Cumberland.

Stix, Baer & Fuller Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; D. Y. Braham, notions and jewelry; 684 Broadway; Hotel Cumberland.

Robertson, Sutherland & Co., Lawrence, Mass.; Miss H. L. Sinn, cloaks and suits; R. Anderson, dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.

Newcomber, M. M., & Co, Knoxville, Tenn.; M. M. Newcomber, notions and furnishing goods; Hotel Cadillac.

Berrywright Dry Goods Company, Fort Smith, Ark.; A. Y. Berry, dry goods; Hotel Imperial.

Kline Brothers, Altoona, Penn.; C. Hedberg, dress goods and silk; 214 Church Street.

White, Z. L., Company, Columbus, Ohio; T. T. N. Tailer, domestics, dress goods, silks, and laces; R. H. Schniff, dry goods; J. E. Demuth, dry goods; J. E. Clemens, cloaks, suits, and waists; Hotel Imperial.

Stix, Baer and Fuller Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; J. A. Baer, handkerchiefs; 684 Broadway.

Herpolsheimer Company, Grand Rapids, Mich.; G. A. Mongold, cloaks and suits; Miss K. Pelligrew, waists; 821 Broadway; Hotel York.

Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; R. C. Cope, linens; 115 Worth Street; Hotel York.

Euwers, J. N., Sons, Youngstown, Ohio; E. R. Derby, linings; H. G. Euwers, dry goods; Hotel Navarre.

Sacks, H., Troy, Ala.; dry goods; Hotel Marlborough.

White, J. B., Company, Augusta, Ga.; J. L. Carr, notions; J. W. Pierce, dry goods; 214 Church Street; Hotel Marlborough.

Sullivan, E. & M., Elmira, N. Y.; Miss E. Sullivan, millinery; Miss M. Sullivan, millinery; Hotel Marlborough.

Root Dry Goods Company, Terra Haute, Ind.; L. Sullivan, ladies' and infants' wear; 214 Church Street; Hotel York.

Lyons, S., Vincennes, Ind.; dry goods; Hotel Cadillac.

Loveman, Joseph & Loeb, Birmingham, Ala.; W. T. Giles, housefurnishing goods; 31 Union Square; Hotel King Edward.

Famous, St. Louis, Mo.; J. W. Boston, housefurnishing goods; 4 Washington Place.

Mathes-Sohngen Company, Hamilton, Ohio; L. E. Sohngen, cloaks, suits, and muslin underwear; 41 Union Square; Hotel Longacre.

Lewis, J. C., Company, Louisville, Ky.; W. D. Eckert, handkerchiefs and gloves, furnishing goods and hosiery; 45 Lispenard Street; The Breslin.

Moses, D., & Co., Lynchburg, Va.; M. Moses, cloaks; The Breslin.

Powers Mercantile Company, Minneapolis, Minn.; Miss Ryan, millinery; Miss Lagrave, millinery; 214 Church Street; The Breslin.

Ayres, L. S., & Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; B. M. Mountjoy, housefurnishing goods; 31 Union Square; Hotel Albert.

Sisson Brothers & Welden Company, Binghamton, N. Y.; A. Donnan, domestics; Hotel Grand.

Fowler, Dick & Walker, Binghamton, N. Y.; R. Parker, dry goods; Miss K. Sheets, ladies' wear; Miss S. Bennett, ladies' wear; Hotel Grand.

Millner, J. R., Company, Lynchburg, Va.; J. R. Millner, dry goods; 725 Broadway; Hotel Grand.

Parker, Bridget & Co., Washington, D. C.; O. A. Baker, cloaks, suits, and waists; The Breslin.

Younker Brothers, Des Moines, Iowa; Miss C. McCoy, millinery; 31 Union Square; Hotel Victoria.

Young-Quinlan Company, Minneapolis, Minn.; Miss N. Clare representing; Miss G. Flanagan representing; Miss E. McGlynn representing; T. S. Moyer, representing; W. Lahiff representing; Hotel Seville.

Taylor, John, Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; Miss B. Trogue, ladies' neckwear; Mrs. M. King, leather goods; J. E. Trout, dry goods; 200 Fifth Avenue; Hotel Seville.

Minneapolis Dry Goods Company, Minneapolis, Minn.; W. S. MacGregor, cloaks, suits, waists, muslin and knit underwear; 454 Broome Street.

Joslin Dry Goods Company, Denver, Col.; Miss J. Waters, ladies' underwear and petticoats; 214 Church Street; Hotel Wolcott.

Strauss Company, Worcester, Mass.; L. Strauss, cloaks and suits; Miss Duggan, ladies' wear; Hotel Wolcott.

Stix, Baer & Fuller Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; Miss S. McKenna, laces; 684 Broadway; Hotel Wolcott.

Johns, G. E., Company, Wheeling, West Va.; G. E. Johns, dry goods; Hotel Broztell.

Pittsburg Dry Goods Company, Pittsburg, Penn.; E. Edsall, upholstery goods; 43 Leonard Street; The Breslin.

Stevens, C. A., & Brother, Chicago, Ill.; T. J. Madden, ribbons, 40 East Twenty-second Street; Hotel Broztell.

Barnard-Sumner-Putnam Company, Worcester, Mass.; A. Vanderpyl, furnishing goods; 75 Spring Street.

Butler, W. S., Company, Boston, Mass.; F. W. Garron, silks, laces, ribbons, and waists; Hotel Broztell.

Field, Marshall & Co., Chicago, Ill.; G. E. Tarnon, ribbons; H. H. Haynie, dry goods; 104 Worth Street; Hotel Broztell.

Barr, William, Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; B. Knight, dress goods and silks; H. W. Warren, blankets; 72 Leonard Street; Hotel Broztell.

Alms & Doepke Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; Miss A. M. Gerwe, millinery; H. Fersner, jewelry; L. G. Alms, millinery; C. V. Leisle, dry goods; Hotel Latham.

Rudge & Guenzel Company, Lincoln, Neb.; Mrs. A. B. Cummings, muslin and knit underwear; Mrs. Burrows, corsets; Hotel Latham.

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; M. W. Eckert, silks; 874 Broadway; Hoffman House.

Euwers, J. N. Sons & Sons, New Castle, Penn.; H. G. Euwers, general merchandise; Miss S. A. Ryan, notions; Hotel Navarre.

Rindskoff & Loeb, Schenectady, N. Y.; M. Carroll, upholstery goods; The Hermitage.

Fraser, Robert, & Co., Utica, N. Y.; H. H. Cavanagh, cloaks, suits, and infants' wear; W. N. Deifenbach, dress goods and silks; The Hermitage.

Conelo Brothers, San Jose, Cal.; F. G. Conelo, dry goods; A. B. Conelo, dry goods; Hotel Wellington.

Guide for Buyers

Directory of Wholesale Merchants and Manufacturers.

For rates for advertising telephone 1000 Bryant.

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES & SOUVENIRS.
A. C. Bosselman & Co., 469 Broadway.
ALUMINUM NOVELTIES AND SIGNS.
Willis-Du Bois Co., 150 Nassau Street.
"BABIHOOD CLOTHES," Children's Aprons, Rompers, Sleeping Garments, Sacques & Robes, Ribbed Vests.
Windsor Knitting Mills, 31 Union Sq. West.
BRAIDS.
Novelty Braid Mills, "V. N. & T.," 25 E. 20.
The Waitzfelder Braid Co., 101 Fifth Ave.
BRUSHES FOR HOUSEHOLD, Toilet, and Paint.
E. J. Kelly, "Anchor," 104 Chambers St.
CORSET COVERS, MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.
Elite Muslin Underwear Co., 435 Broadway.
CROCHET AND KNIT SCARFS.
Louis Auerbach, 842, 844, & 846 Broadway.
Blanchard & Price, 142 Fifth Avenue.
Halperin Bros., 74-76 B'way, Brooklyn. (To neckwear manufacturers and jobbers only.)
DOG COLLARS, TRUNK & SHAWL STRAPS.
George D. Pine, 104 Chambers Street.
DRESSES AND SKIRTS.
Joseph Schwartz, 11 West 20th Street.
HAIR ORNAMENTS AND BELTS.
Austin Walker Co., 565 Broadway.
LADIES' HAND BAGS & NOVELTIES.
A. & E. Leather Goods Co., 419-421 Broome St.
LEATHER GOODS.
Weiss M'f'g Co., 419 Broadway, cor. Canal.
MISSES' DRESSES.
A. Adler, 928 B'way. (Also Women's Neckw'r)
NECKWEAR—Men's.
Louis Auerbach, 842, 844, & 846 Broadway.
Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 733, 735, 737 B'way.
Keiser Cravats, 10-16 West 20th Street.
NECKWEAR—Women's.
Ostrich & Fancy Feather Boa Co., 28 E. 20th.
RAINCOATS.
Harris Raincoat Co., 87-89 Fifth Avenue.
SPECTACLES, Eyeglasses, Optical Goods.
Spencer Optical Co., 31 Malden Lane.
SUSPENDERS, BELTS, AND GARTERS.
Knothe Bros., 122 Fifth Avenue.
TOYS, NOVELTIES, AND EASTER GOODS.
Playmate Mfg. Co., (Lovaloo,) 152 Bleecker.
H. Rosenstein, 36 Warren St.
TRAVELING BAGS AND SUIT CASES.
S. Rosenhaupt, 418-422 Broadway.
WOMEN'S NECKWEAR AND BELTS.
James R. Keiser, 10-16 West 20th Street.

SALESMAN.—Experienced salesman wanted to carry our line of furs through Pennsylvania and Ohio; liberal reward offered to right man. Apply at once to A. Ratjowsky, 37 East 12th St.

WANTED—A good Western salesman to handle a line of well-tailored cloaks and suits on commission basis. Write, giving references, Y 12 Times, Times Square.

Office space wanted with manufacturer of infants' dresses, &c. Address X 76 Times, Times Square.

SALESMAN—Wanted an experienced city salesman for strong line of popular-priced coats and suits. Y 21 Times, Times Square.

WANTED.—A traveling fur salesman, with good references. X 133 Times, Times Square.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

LEVENTRITT, MATILDA.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MATILDA LEVENTRITT, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, No. 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 18th day of April next.—Dated New York, the 6th day of October, 1909. DAVID LEVENTRITT, JULIUS HIRSCHBERG, OLIVIA LEVENTRITT, Executors. LEVENTRITT, COOK & NATHAN, Attorneys for Executors, 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

PROPOSALS. PROPOSALS.

City of Newark, N. J.

$1,120,000 SCHOOL BONDS

Sealed proposals will be received by the Comptroller of the City of Newark, New Jersey, until 12 o'clock noon on Thursday, the 10th day of February, nineteen hundred and ten, at his office in the City Hall, City of Newark, New Jersey, for the purchase of any or all of an issue of bonds as follows:

$1,120,000 OF SCHOOL BONDS

Dated December 31, 1909.

They will be fifty-year bonds and bear interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum and will contain a clause giving the City of Newark the option to pay the same at any time after forty years from their date. They will be issued as coupon bonds with right of registration as to principal or principal and interest. No bid will be accepted for less than par and accrued interest.

Circulars giving conditions governing bids and particulars respecting the financial condition of the City will be mailed upon request.

J. H. BACHELLER, Comptroller, City Hall, Newark, N. J.

REAL ESTATE.

A GOOD PLACE TO BORROW

When you want a loan on your real estate, come to the headquarters of the mortgage loan business. After 26 years of lending we have mastered the business and can generally do about what you want.

Our Manhattan Building, 176 Broadway.

Trustees:

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Frank Bailey
Edward T. Bedford
Charles S. Brown
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Robert W. DeForest
Robert Goelet
Martin Joost
Augustus D. Juilliard
Clarence H. Kelsey
Woodbury Langdon
James D. Lynch
Ranald H. Macdonald
James H. Manning
Edgar L. Marston
William J. Matheson
Charles Matlack
William A. Nash
William H. Nichols
Robert Olyphant
Charles A. Peabody
William H. Porter
Frederick Potter
Charles Richardson
Henry Roth
James Speyer
Sanford H. Steele
Paul M. Warburg
Ellis D. Williams
Louis Windmuller

TITLE GUARANTEE & TRUST CO

Capital and Surplus, $14,000,000
176 Broadway, Manhattan
175 Remsen St. and 196 Montague St., Brooklyn 350 Fulton St., Jamaica 67 Jackson Ave., L. I. City

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

Mortgage loans

on improved Real Estate will be considered and quickly acted upon by

Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company

CAPITAL - - $4,000,000
SURPLUS - - 5,500,000
($5,600,000 added to surplus in last 17 years)
160 Broadway, New York.
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn,
375 Fulton Street, Jamaica.

To feel thoroughly secure with a policy of title insurance, you should know that the capital and surplus of the company issuing it is not subject to the risks of banking. Among the large title companies of New York there is only one such:

THE TITLE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK

135 Broadway, New York
203 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Geo. R. Read & Co
REAL ESTATE
Head Office: 60 Liberty St., nr. B'way.
Branch: 3 East 35th St.

For Sale at a Bargain.

Three, four story private Houses, 66, 68, 70 Washington Place; ripe for improvements; terms easy. Caretaker on premises. FRANCES DOVALE, 7 Pine St.

WHITEWASHING
F. J. FLECK & CO., 407 West 18th St.
LOFTS KALSOMINED.

Reduce Plumbing Bills

We will tell you how. Write or 'phone to The Soles Plumbing Inspection System, 1,691 Park Av. Tel 359 Harlem.

Roof Repairing and Skylights.—All kinds leaders put up. American Roofing Co., 79 Maiden Lane. Telephone 4698 John.

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To Private House Purchasers.

We can supply high class dwellings at much below the market value. Among others we have a 22 ft. house on one of the best blocks on the West Side, near the Park and the 72nd Street Elevated Station. Asking $55,000—a quick purchaser's advantage. Apply L. J. Phillips & Co., 72nd Street and Columbus Ave.

SPECULATORS!

$6,000 BUYS 2 5-STORY SINGLE FLATS, STORES, AND BASEMENT STORES IN WEST 133D ST. HAVE ALSO 2 6-STORY NEW-LAW HOUSES, SHOWING A RENTAL OF $7,000 EACH, WITH ALL IMPROVEMENTS, ON A 100-FOOT WIDE STREET, WITH CROSSTOWN TROLLEY, HALF BLOCK OF SUBWAY STATION, WITH STORES. $9,000 BUYS BOTH. JAMES A. JACKSON, 122 WEST 135TH ST.

For Sale or Rent.—Nice private house, 136th St., near 7th Av.; well adapted for doctor or dentist. Reply A B 100 Times, Times Square.

East Side.

106 EAST 38TH ST.

Very attractive English basement House, 20 feet wide; five masters', six servants' bedrooms, large butler's pantry and butler's room extension; owner, going abroad, is anxious to sell. For further particulars apply to

PEASE & ELLIMAN, Agents,
309 Madison Av. (42d St.) Tel., 1000—M. Hill.

Below 14th St.

Southeast corner Lafayette and 4th Sts. Jay & Candler, 48 Wall St.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

If you want a farm of any kind or nice Summer home, write W. D. Hawkins, Unadilla, N. Y.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

At Belle Harbor.—Northeast corner; 100 feet Beach St. by 182 feet Washington Av. Peter Cleary, 115 Marion St., Brooklyn.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

HOW TO REDUCE PLUMBING BILLS
FOR PARTICULARS WRITE, CALL OR 'PHONE.
UPTOWN OFFICE, 2,436 7TH AVE.
Chas. Wagner Co. System
'Phone Audubon 2984.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Cottage, 15 minutes city, 2 story, 7 rooms and bath, 4 bedrooms, attic, cellar, furnace, gas and electricity; hardwood floors, oak trim; near trolley and trains; Morsemere; $5,600; easy terms. Address Suburbanite, 106 Times, Times Square.

Free souvenir postcards of Asbury Park sent upon request to any one interested in the growth of Asbury Park and its new bungalows. Secretary, Room 304, 45 West 34th St.

Brand new 2-story and attic house, 3 rooms and hall downstairs, 4 bedrooms and bath upstairs; cellar, furnace, gas and electricity; everything first-class; plot 50x100; 15 minutes from city, via 130th St., 30 minutes by 42d St. ferry; at Grantwood, (opposite Grant's Tomb;) $6,800; small amount cash, balance payments. Address Home, 200 Times, Times Square.

Account death, owner sacrifice beautiful 9-room house, all improvements; near station; 25 minutes out, large plot; easy terms; price $5,000; worth $6,500. Nicholson Company, Lyndhurst, New Jersey.

Wyoming.—1-3 acre, charming brick country house, 10 rooms, $10,500. Box 114, Millburn, N. J.

Farms, acreage, country homes all kinds, everywhere; bargain list mailed. Lebkuecher, Bible House, Manhattan.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

THE MAN WHO KNOWS

Bayside Park, only Twenty-five minutes from Herald Square, on Little Neck Bay, is the best real estate proposition near New York for speculation or a home. I have six lots for sale there with all City improvements and water-front privileges. Owner, leaving city, will sell on easy terms at great bargain.
Must sell at once. Write

TAYLOR GREEN,
Flushing, L. I.

A Bargain.—White stucco dwelling, with red tiled roof; plot 60x100; open porcelain plumbing; two tiled bathrooms; parquetry flooring; big open fireplaces; steam heat; broad piazza; electric and gas fixtures; four blocks from third rail station; neighborhood restricted; similar surrounding houses cost $12,000 to $15,000. P. B. Purdy, 50 Church St.

Flushing; $500.00 Cash, Balance as rent, pays for House, Eight Rooms and Tile Bath; all improvements. 1 West 34th St. 209.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

AT SCARSDALE

in the heart of the Westchester Hills, on the Harlem Division, twenty miles from the Grand Central Station, we are offering a wide choice of restricted plots from ¼ to 5 acres; an ideal location for an all-year country home amid healthful, picturesque surroundings. Electric train service almost complete; streets improved with sewer, water, and macadam. If you like, we will build for you. Write for illustrated Booklet B.

SCARSDALE ESTATES
White Plains, N. Y., and No. 28 East 42d Street, New York City.

Bargains at New Rochelle

Modern house, nearing completion, 11 rooms, 2 baths, billiard room, open fireplaces, gas, electricity, hot water heat; one block to trolley..............$12,500
Ten-room house, all improvements; lot 50x100 ....$7,500
Would rent $45. Terms to suit.
RENTALS $35 TO $125.
H. B. Downey, 232 Huguenot St.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE TO CLOSE AN ESTATE

Two-story frame house, on plot 100x194, No. 749 East 175th Street, between Prospect and Clinton Avenues, available for immediate improvement. All cash to highest bidder. Apply to
LEVENTRITT, COOK & NATHAN,
Attorneys for Executor,
No. 111 Broadway, New York.

Factory, sale or rent, complete; engine; boiler; elevator; suitable any manufacturer. Herbert Clark, corner Tremont and 3d Avs. 'Phone 860 Tremont.

REAL ESTATE.

Where to recuperate? The 1,000 Islands, St. Lawrence; grandest sheet of water on earth; one night's ride from this city; islands for sale; cottages to rent. Sidney Adams, Real Estate and Insurance, Gananoque, Ont.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

HENRY MEYER BUILDING CO.

Will send booklet upon request of their One-Family Stone-Front houses; price $7,250; finest section of Flatbush. Address Ave. D and East 25th St., Brooklyn.

Corner plot, 105 feet on Utica Av. by 125 feet on Herkimer St., southwest corner; suitable for stores and flats or factory; 200 feet from "L" station. P. C., 115 Marion St., Brooklyn.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED.—Private house in good condition, seven or eight rooms, on large plot, in Bronx; must be near "L" or Subway station. Box S 161 Times, Downtown.

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4½%—SPECIAL—4½%
Fund for
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Charges 1% and disbursements.
2d Mortgage Money. Low Charges.
Butler & Herrman Co.
76 WILLIAM ST.

Mortgage Money
FIRST AND SECOND
Mortgages and Building Loans
Any Borough of Greater New York.
FOLSOM BROTHERS, 885 Broadway.

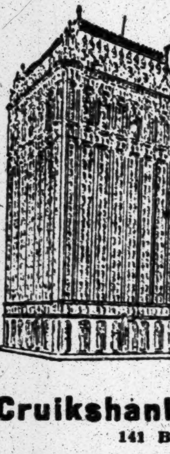
MORTGAGE MONEY | At lowest rates and charges. A. W. J. Petrie, 31 Nassau.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—Unfurnished

118th, 54 West.—Three-story high-stoop house. H. Nelson Flanagan, 53 Bond St.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

OFFICES



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The Finest Office Accommodations at Moderate Prices
TWENTY-EIGHTH ST. ARCADE,
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NEAR SUBWAY STATION.
A high-class fireproof office building, with all modern improvements.
Brunswick Realty Company,
ON PREMISES
Telephone 4440—Madison Sq.

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FOR RENT, IN MODERN
FLOWER BUILDING
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WITH OR WITHOUT POWER,
At Southwest Corner
Columbus Ave. & 101st St.
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25 BROAD STREET

WILL sublet at enormous sacrifice—2453 sq. feet on 4th floor to May, 1913
Suitable for Brokers' offices.
Apply to Warren & Skillin 174 Fulton St.

Stores, Lofts, Buildings TO LET
in downtown business districts.
Send for List.
WARREN & SKILLIN
174 FULTON ST. 'PHONE 5077 CORT.

LIGHT LOFTS
293 Seventh Avenue
NEAR 27TH ST.;
Steel construction; passenger and freight elevators.
C. F. Bedell Co., Broadway and 37th St.

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Stores, Offices, Studios
FOR RENT
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309 Madison Av. Tel., 1000—M. Hill.

Choice corner Store and Basement on central part of Second Avenue to let, with three large plate glass show windows; possession now; rent only $1,000 to desirable tenant; no liquor. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

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148 EAST 57TH STREET.
LARGE AIRY LOFT FOR MANUFACTURING, DISTRIBUTING DEPOT, OR OFFICES; REASONABLE RENT; LEASE IF DESIRED.

Store for painter's office or flat wanted in New York to have work from owner; good work at reasonable prices. M. Tompkins, 1,918 Bergen St., Brooklyn.

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We are notified by the Tampa Bay Land Co. that on account of the unprecedented demand the price of their 10, 20, and 40 acre plots of the most fertile land in Florida, in the immediate vicinity of Tampa, the great distributing centre, will be increased in a few days; $2,000 or more yearly can be made on this land by anybody with a general knowledge of gardening. Retainers at the old price of $1 per acre cash and $1 per acre per month for 39 months must be made at once to receive attention. Johnston & Henderson, 115 Broadway.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

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Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

AT THE URANIA

238 West 129th St.—Five rooms, bath; electric elevator, steam heat, every convenience. Janitor or H. Nelson Flanagan, 53 Bond St.

West Side.

A SUBLET BARGAIN 25% OFF.
FINE 8-ROOM CORNER APARTMENT, ONE SHORT FLIGHT UP, TO BE SUBLET TO OCTOBER OR LONGER; $75 MONTH UNFURNISHED; $85 PARTLY FURNISHED, OR WILL SELL FINE FURNITURE HALF VALUE. 471 CENTRAL PARK WEST. 'PHONE 5657 RIVER.

A BARGAIN; 25 PER CENT. OFF.
FINE 8-ROOM CORNER APARTMENT, ONE SHORT FLIGHT UP, TO BE SUBLET TO OCTOBER OR LONGER; $75 MONTHLY. 471 CENTRAL PARK WEST. 'PHONE 5657 RIVER.

Washington and Jefferson
324-328 WEST 51ST ST.
Beautiful modern apartments, five, six, and eight large, light rooms; electricity, elevator. Apply Superintendent or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

30 WEST 65TH ST.
At Lincoln Square, single flat; seven extra large, newly decorated rooms; convenient location, $48.

Very desirable apartment of 8 rooms and bath; steam heat, hot and cold water; No. 620 St. Nicholas Av.; rent only $35 per month; possession now. Cruikshank Company, 141 Broadway.

143D ST., 217 West.—Five rooms; improvements; telephone; $24. E. T. Kingsley, Metropolitan Building.

Grand apartment, 7 rooms, all improvements; rent reasonable; convenient. 74 West 89th St.

East Side.

THE BLYTHEBOURNE,
1,431 Madison Av, S. E. Corner 99th St.—Beautiful outside apartment, $50 monthly; high-class elevator and private telephone service day and night; electricity, all improvements. Apply to Superintendent.

57th, 434 East.—Single apartment, six rooms and bath. Janitor or H. Nelson Flanagan, 53 Bond St.

122d St., 72 East.—Single flat, 8 rooms, and bath, steam heat, hot water; whole flat is renovated; every room sunny.

Brooklyn.

QUINCY ST., 103.—Corner apartments, six rooms and bath; parquet floors, gas and electricity, steam heat, hot water supply; near Franklin and Gates Avenue cars and "L" station; $50 to $65. Janitor on premises, or Henry L. Bogert, 99 Nassau Street, N. Y.

Bronx.

THE A-RE-CO. APTS.
American Real Estate Co., Owner.
MOST HOMELIKE IN ALL NEW YORK!
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
4 to 6 rooms and bath, $28 to $42.
NON-ELEVATOR APTS
4 to 6 rooms and bath, $21 to $33.
Large, light rooms, Electric lights, hardwood floors, artistic decorations.
HOT WATER AT ALL TIMES.
Plenty of Steam Heat NOW
Apply to Rental Office, 985 Southern Boulevard (just around corner from Simpson St. Subway Station.)

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS
5 and 6 All Light Rooms.
Elegantly finished, modern, up-to-date improvements. Large, handsomely decorated dining room.
948-50-52 TRINITY AV.
Just east of 161st St. 3d Av. "L" Station.
RENTS $24 UP.

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FRENCH, GERMAN, ITALIAN, ETC.
Low rates and most efficient instruction. In classes and privately. Native teacher only.
THE BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES, MADISON SQUARE (1,122 BROADWAY).
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Languages taught in classes or privately.

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Charles L. Van Baar, Musical Director and Bandmaster, 102 West 57th St. Tel. 4200 Col. From Pianist to Orchestra or Military Band of 100 Men.

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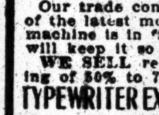
MUSIC LESSONS FREE in your own home; any instrument; beginners or advanced; over 100,000 successful pupils. Write for free offer. U. S. School of Music, Box T, 225 5th Ave., New York City.

FOR SALE.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED 5½¢ PER DAY
3 MONTHS $5

$5 FOR 3 MONTHS

Our trade connections give us the pick of the latest models in all makes. Every machine is in fine working order and we will keep it so during term of rental.
WE SELL rebuilt machines at a saving of 50% to 75%. Year's guarantee.
TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE 1½ Barclay St.
3 Doors from B'way. Tel.5915 Barclay.



TYPEWRITERS ALL MAKES
Rented $3 month; $100 machines $15 to $50 six months, rental allowed to apply if purchased. Typewriter Sales Co., 5 Cortlandt St. Telephone 1983 Cortlandt.

Desks, partitions, telephone booths, tables, chairs, wardrobes, files, bookcases, stockboards, mirror, wall fixtures, business furniture, all kinds; large safe, 7 ft. high, 5 ft. 6 wide, 2 ft. 9 deep. Finn Bros., 858 Broadway.

Annual clean-up of slightly used desks, chairs, tables, typewriters, multigraphs, mimeographs, neostyles, safes, cash registers, filing cabinets. NATHAN, 4 White.

Typewriters.—Caligraph, $6; Hammond, Yost, Densmore, $10; Remington, $12; Underwood, $25; year's guarantee; rentals, $2. Harlem Typewriter Exchange, 217 West 125th.

TYPEWRITERS ALL MAKES, $10 to $50; rented, bought, repaired. Eagle T. Co., 312 B'way.

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WINTERROTH PIANOS,
105 East 14th St. and 5 West 14th St.
Upright pianos, $75; $5 monthly. New self-playing pianos, $350. Call and hear them.

OFFICE PARTITIONS.
Highest grade of workmanship, lowest price. Save money by getting our price before you buy. David Kramer, 43 Broad St. 'Phone connec'n.

Slightly used office furniture, desks, chairs, time stamps, time clocks, cash registers, safes, multigraphs, typewriters, partitions, filing cabinets. Nathan's, 4 White St.

Special sale of used pianos; Steinway, Sohmer, Weber, and other Uprights, and Steinway Baby Grand, at lowest prices. No reasonable offer refused. Christman Sons, 35 W. 14th St.

Must sacrifice beautiful mahogany upright piano, (perfect condition,) $100; cost $450; also lot furniture. Owner, 56 East 76th St. Private house.

$75 Steinway & Sons piano, $3 monthly; $105 Sterling upright, $5 monthly until paid. Goetz & Co., 81 Court St., Brooklyn.

THE FOUND LIST.

If you lose anything, read the list of Found articles advertised on the Want Page of The New York Times every day. Or better still, telephone 1000 Bryant, and advertise the loss in The New York Times.

Hotels and Restaurants

WHERE TO DINE.
Travelers' Co., 20 West 34th St. Tel. 2472 Murray.

LUCHOW'S
108 to 114 EAST 14TH ST. (Tel. 1480 Stuyvesant).
FAMOUS GERMAN RESTAURANT.
A LA CARTE AND TABLE D'HOTE.
Music by THE VIENNA ARTIST ORCHESTRA.

5th Avenue Restaurant
A la carte Table d'hote $1.50
Music
Fifth Avenue Building 24th St. & 5th Ave.

CAFE DES BEAUX-ARTS
80 W. 40th St. DINNER $1.50. Alc. Music.

CAFE BOULEVARD
FAMOUS HUNGARIAN ORCHESTRA and SELECT VOCAL QUARTETTE.
Second Ave. and Tenth St. Tel. Orch. 4040.

CAVANAGH'S 258-260 W. 23d St. RESTAURANT, GRILL and BANQUET ROOM. MUSIC EVENINGS. Vocal and Instrumental

Little Hungary 257 E. Houston. Tdh., with wine. Hungarian Music and Singers Every Evening.

MARLBOROUGH HOTEL. B'way & 36th St. Music. Table d'Hote Dinner $1.00. Theatre Suppers.

Herald Square Hotel 34th St., just west of B'way. A la carte.

Hotel Bayard 142 West 49 St., nr. B'way. DINNER 75c. Music.

Fort Arthur Chinese Restaurant. Alc., Tdh. 7 & 9 Mott St. See Eve. Telegram.

MORETTI 51 W. 35th, Near B'way. Tel. 1415 M. H. Lunch 40c. Dinner 65c. Wine. Music.

Arrowhead Inn 177th St. & Ft. Wash'n Av. Alc. Ben Riley, formerly Saratoga.

Consumers Park Hotel, 1077 Wash. Av., B'klyn, & Cafe E. of Prosp. P'k. Alc. Tdh.

STAUCH'S CONEY ISLAND. Open all yr. High-class Rest. Alc. Music.

"The Royal Mail is the Royal Route"

Cruises de Luxe to the West Indies
By NEW TWIN-SCREW
"AVON" 11,500 Tons

CRUISE OF (31 days) $150 Up. From New York February 19.
Easter Cruise (18 days) $8[illegible] Up. From New York March 23.

Round Trip **$30** and Up
To BERMUDA
NEW WEEKLY SERVICE
By R.M.S.P. "OROTAVA" 6000 Tons
From Pier 50, N. R., NEW YORK, at 10 A. M. every Wednesday.
From BERMUDA every Saturday.
Comfortable Voyage
High Class Cuisine—Orchestra—
Electric Fans in all Rooms.
Complete illustrated booklets on request.
THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET CO.
SANDERSON & SON, 22 State St., N. Y.

PANAMA CANAL JAMAICA
Central and South America

Comfortably, frequently, and economically reached by the ten new 5,000-ton steamships of the

UNITED FRUIT COMPANY Private Suites with bath. Staterooms en suite with bath. Artificial cold air in rooms.

FROM NEW YORK: Pier 50 N. R., W. 18th St., 10 A. M. Thursdays for Kingston and Colon, SS. "Almirante," February 10th.
FROM NEW ORLEANS: 10 A. M. Saturdays for Colon. 10 A. M. Tuesdays for Belize, Barrios, Guatemala, Limon, Costa Rica, Bocas del Toro, Panama.
OTHER SHIPS: Weekly: Boston to Costa Rica, Philadelphia, and Baltimore to Jamaica, New Orleans to Honduras.

21 DAY CRUISE, $125.00.
Low round trip and one way rates.
Booklets and further information upon application to United Fruit Co., 17 Battery Place, New York, or above ports, or City Steamship Ticket Agents.

ARIZONA-CALIFORNIA
Farms Open to Public Entry in March
Low Rates
SOUTHERN PACIFIC STEAMSHIPS
New York-New Orleans
in connection with
SUNSET ROUTE.
L. H. NUTTING, G. P. A., 1,366, 1158 B'way, New York.

JOY LINE $2.40 TO BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL.
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Every week day, 5 P.M., from Pier 19, East River.

CLARK'S TOURS TO EUROPE
Most comprehensive and attractive ever offered; frequent departures between Apr. 16 and July 5, with rates from $275 to $820, including all necessary expenses.
F. C. Clark, Times Building, New York.

BOSTON AND POINTS IN NEW ENGLAND

FALL RIVER LINE via Newport and Fall River. Lv. Pier 19, N. R., foot Warren St., week days and Sundays, 5:00 P. M. Strs. PROVIDENCE and PRISCILLA. Orchestra on each.

NORWICH LINE via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., foot Clarkson St., week days 5:00 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., foot E. 22d St., 6:30 P. M. Strs. CHESTER W. CHAPIN and NEW HAMPSHIRE.

NEW HAVEN LINE For New Haven, Hartford, Springfield, and North, week days only. Leave Pier 28, E. R., 3:00 P. M. Str. RICHARD PECK.

BRIDGEPORT LINE Week days only, leave Pier 21, E. R., 11 A. M., Str. NAUGATUCK.

Tickets, staterooms, and information at City Ticket Office, 171 Broadway, near Cortlandt St. Telephone 5121 Cortlandt. Also at N. Y. Transfer and Tourist Offices and at Piers.
NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

Information desired as to the expiration of a ninety-nine-year lease made by HUGH MONTGOMERY in 1797 for real estate on Long Island near Brooklyn; liberal pay for information as to said lease or said estate. Address Harry N. McDonald, 435 Arcade Annex, Seattle, Wash.

If you want a Business Opportunity see Page 15.

The Most Inviting Cruises of the Season are those to **AGWI** The American Mediterranean

PORTO RICO
Only 5 Days from New York

This newest and delightfully situated resort in the West Indies, possesses an incomparable "summer" climate throughout the winter months, and presents a perfect panorama of picturesque scenery from seashore to mountains, forests, fashionable cities, and affords every opportunity for outdoor recreation, including Fishing, Bathing, Yachting, Automobiling, Horseback Riding, Driving, Golf, Tennis, etc., and has excellent hotel accommodations for those wishing to spend the entire winter on this tropical island.
Most conveniently reached by the
N. Y. & Porto Rico Steamship Co.
$30.00 - $50.00 - $90.00 - $140.00 Every Saturday

One of the most delightful and interesting cruises this year is from New York to Porto Rico and around the entire island—calling at the various ports—and return to New York, all meals and accommodations on steamer for the entire trip being included in the rate.
Florida, The Carolinas, Alabama, Texas, Nassau, Cuba, Mexico, Yucatan are directly and most conveniently reached by the 20th Century steamers of the
Atlantic, Gulf & West Indies Steamship Lines — Clyde, Mallory, Porto Rico & Ward Lines
Write for copy of AGWI NEWS—a travel magazine describing this romantic resort region, and outlining some of the season's most attractive all water, or rail and water combination tours with liberal stop-overs. Our Tour Bureau can issue all tickets, reserve choice accommodations, arrange all details, and render invaluable service in all travel matters. Address
N. Y. & PORTO RICO STEAMSHIP CO., 12 Broadway } New York
TOUR BUREAU, AGWI LINES, 290 Broadway }

HAMBURG-AMERICAN

CRUISES DE LUXE

CRUISE OF 28 DAYS TO THE WEST INDIES
By the Steamship **MOLTKE**
Largest Vessel Ever Sent to the Caribbean, Leaving New York
FEB. 22, $150 UP
For VENEZUELA, NASSAU and PANAMA CANAL.
EASTER CRUISE of 16 days leaves on MARCH 24.

Also Summer Cruises to Norway, Spitzbergen, Iceland, Etc.

Send for Travel Books fully Illustrated.

REGULAR SERVICES
All Modern Safety Devices (Wireless, &c.)
London—Paris—Hamburg

S. S. AMERIKA 23,000 TONS
LEAVING NEW YORK, FEB. 12, 11 A. M.
†All the latest features, including Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Elec. Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden.
Accommodations at Attractive Rates.

†Amerika.....Feb. 12, 11 A. M.	*Pres. Lincoln..Mch. 12
†Pennsylvania..........Feb. 22	*Pres. Grant..Mch. 19
†Graf Waldersee........Feb. 28	†Amerika.....Mch. 26
†Kais'n Aug. Vic.......Mar. 5	†Pennsylvania..April 2
§Hamburg direct.	*Omits Plymouth.

ITALY VIA GIBRALTAR NAPLES AND GENOA.
S. S. HAMBURG, FEB. 15, 1 P. M

S. S. BATAVIA....................	March 15
S. S. HAMBURG....................	March 29
S. S. MOLTKE.....................	April 19

TRAVELLERS' CHECKS ISSUED.
Tourist Dept. for Trips Everywhere.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 41-45 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Cunard Cruises TO ITALY Via Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar

Offer the unsurpassed in Luxurious and Comfortable Ocean Travel
By the great 20,000 ton steamers
"CARONIA" February 19
"CARMANIA" March 5
Largest triple-screw turbine in the World
"SAXONIA" March 19
Twin-Screw, 14,300 tons
For Full Particulars and Reservations apply to
THE CUNARD STEAMSHIP CO., Ltd.
New York, Boston, Chicago, Minneapolis, Philadelphia, St. Louis, San Francisco, Toronto and Montreal, or Local Agents.

CONTINUING TO **EGYPT** AND FIUME

LINCOLN'S BIRTHDAY

IDEAL OUTINGS AFFORDING PLEASURE AND REST
DELIGHTFUL SHORT SEA TRIPS TO
OLD POINT COMFORT, NORFOLK RICHMOND, WASHINGTON, D. C., OR BALTIMORE,
Via OLD DOMINION LINE

The Only Direct Line to Old Point Comfort and Norfolk Without Change. Steamers are all equipped with the United Wireless Telegraph System.
Round Trip Tickets, including meals and stateroom berth on Old Dominion Steamer,
Old Point Comfort or Norfolk **$14** — Richmond, Washington or Baltimore **$15**
STEAMERS SAIL EVERY WEEK DAY AT 3 P. M.
Tickets and stateroom reservations, Pier 26, N. R., ft. of Beach St., N. Y. Tel. 3900 Franklin.
SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED PAMPHLET.
W. L. WOODROW, Traffic Manager. J. J. BROWN, General Passenger Agent.
General Offices, 83 Beach St., N. Y.

CUNARD LINES
From Piers 51-52-56, North River, 9 A. M.
Liverpool Service. Calling at Fishguard, South Wales.
Quickest Route to London and Continent
via Fishguard.
Wednesday from New York
Monday in London
MAURETANIA—LUSITANIA,
Largest, Fastest Steamships Afloat.
Sail Wednesdays.
Wireless Telegraph—Submarine Signals.

Mauretania....Feb. 9	Mauretania ...Mar. 2
Campania......Feb. 16	Lusitania ....Mar. 9
Umbria........Feb. 23	Campania ...Mar. 16

TWO SPECIAL CRUISES.
To Italy & Egypt CARMANIA & CARONIA
Magnificent New 20,000-Ton Strs.
Feb. 19—March 5.
Via Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar.
SPECIAL CRUISE
SAXONIA TO ITALY, Mch. 19.
HUNGARIAN-AMERICAN SERVICE TO FIUME, VIA
GIBRALTAR, GENOA, NAPLES, TRIESTE.

Pannonia Feb. 12, noon	Carmania......Mar. 5
Caronia Feb. 19, noon	Saxonia......Mar. 19

BOSTON—QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL
Fast twin-screw mail passenger steamers.
IVERNIA..Feb. 8, March 15, April 12, May 10
Travellers' checks issued—good everywhere.
THE CUNARD STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.,
21-24 State St., opposite the Battery.

Go To Bermuda
Forty hours from frost to flowers.
By Twin Screw Line
Largest and Fastest Steamers
S.S. Oceana, 8000 Tons
Sailing Every Saturday from New York.
Gymnasium, Orchestra, Electric Fans.
S.S. Bermudian, 5530 Tons
Sailing Every Wednesday from New York.
Wireless on both Steamers; also bilge keels.
WEST INDIES
New S. S. "Guiana" and other steamers fortnightly for St. Thomas, St. Croix, St. Kitts, Antigua, Guadeloupe, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbadoes and Demerara. For illustrated pamphlets with full information apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Gen'l Agts., Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York, THOS. COOK & SON, Pass. Ag'ts., 245 and 1200 Broadway, 649 Madison Ave., 563 5th Ave., N. Y., or any Ticket Agent, or Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., Quebec.

25 DAYS' TRIP TO WEST INDIES **$140**
LEAVES NEW YORK **Feb. 12, 2 P. M.**
By NEW S. S.
PRINZ AUG WILHELM
Calls at Jamaica (stay 2 Days), Colon, Isthmus of Panama (stay 2 Days), Port Limon, Costa Rica (stay 4 Days). Stop-over allowed at Jamaica.
These delightful trips (alternating with 24-day cruise at $135) leave New York every week.
SEND FOR FULL PARTICULARS.
WEEKLY SAILINGS TO JAMAICA.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE
41-45 Broadway, New York.

Fortnightly Service to HAITI, CURACAO, VENEZUELA, TRINIDAD, SURINAM. Splendid Passenger Accommodations.
ROYAL DUTCH WEST INDIA MAIL
12 State St. New York
Weekly Service to TRINIDAD, SURINAM. Fortnightly to BARBADOS, DEMERARA. Write for Illustrated Folder and Sailing list.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE
Twin-Screw Passenger Service
New York—Rotterdam via Boulogne

Statendam...Feb. 8, 9 AM	Noordam..........Mar. 8
Potsdam....Feb. 22, 9 AM	Ryndam ....Mar. 23

Holland-America Line, 39 B'way, N. Y.

FLORIDA
TOURS, including Hotels and Other Expenses, $47.30 up.
FRANK TOURIST CO., 396-398 Broadway, N.Y.
TOURS AND TICKETS EVERYWHERE.

American Line From Pier 15, N. R., at 10 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton

*Adriatic ....Feb. 12	*Oceanic.....Feb. 26
St. Louis......Feb. 19	Philadelphia....Mar. 5

*White Star Line Steamer from Pier 48, N.R.

Atlantic Transport Line
New York—London Direct—Pier 39, N. R.
NEW S. S. MINNEWASKA
Completely and Luxuriously Equipped
Feb. 12 9:30 A. M. **London Direct**

Min'waska, Feb. 12, 9:30 AM	Min'tonka, Mar. 12
Min'haha, Feb. 19, 2:30 PM	Min'waska, Mar. 19

Red Star Line From Pier 14, N. R., at 10 A. M.
New York—Antwerp—Paris

Vaderland.....Feb. 9	Lapland (new)..Feb. 23
Zeeland........Feb. 16	Kroonland......Mar. 2

White Star Line From Piers 48 & 49, N. R.
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
Baltic, Feb. 19, 2 PM; Laurentic, (new), Mar. 5
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
MAMMOTH S. S. **ADRIATIC** 25,000 TONS.
February 12, 10 A. M.

Adriatic, Feb. 12, 10 AM	Oceanic, Feb. 26, 10 AM
†St. Louis, Feb. 19, 10 AM	Philad'a, Mar. 5, 10 AM

†American Line Steamer from Pier 15, N. R.
NEW YORK & BOSTON TO THE **MEDITERRANEAN**
Via Azores, Madeira, Algiers & Gibraltar.

Cedric (21,035 tons)..........	Feb. 16, 11 A.M.
Romanic	Feb. 26; Apr. 2
Cretic	Mar. 12; Apr. 16
Celtic (20,904 tons)..........	Mar. 16........
Canopic	Mar. 24; May 4

PASSENGER OFFICE, 9 BROADWAY.

North German Lloyd
Large, Fast, and Luxurious Twin-Screw Express and Passenger Steamships
Equipped with Wireless and Submarine Signals.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN
Express Sailings Tuesdays at 10 A. M.

K. Wm. der Gr..Feb. 8	Cecilie ....Mar. 22
K. Wm. der Gr.Mar. 8	Kaiser Wilh. II.Apr. 5

BREMEN DIRECT
Twin-Screw Sailings Thursdays at 10 A. M.

Roon..........Feb. 10	Rhein........March 3
*G. Washington.Feb. 24	Zieten ....Mar. 10

*Calls at Plymouth and Cherbourg.
GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA—ALGIERS
Mediterranean Sailings Saturdays at 11 A. M.

K. Albert.....Feb. 12	P. Irene.......Mar. 5
Barbarossa....Feb. 26	*Berlin (new).Mar. 19

*Omits Algiers.
Independent Around the World Tours.
Travellers' Checks Good All Over the World.
Apply OELRICHS & CO., General Agents
5 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

FABRE LINE
REGULAR FAST STEAMERS NEW YORK DIRECT TO NAPLES, NICE, MARSEILLES. FRENCH CUISINE. WINES GRATIS. OUTSIDE STATEROOMS ON PROMENADE DECKS, 1ST CLASS .... $70 UP
TWIN SCREW S. S. VENEZIA (11,000 TONS) SAILS FEB. 12TH, 10 A. M. MEDITERRANEAN CRUISES, ALL EXPENSES INCLUDED .... $99.50 UP
BOOKLETS, INFORMATION FROM
J. TER KUILE, G. P. A., 83 B'way, N. Y.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Générale Transatlantique
Direct Line to Havre—Paris (France).
Sailing every Thursday, 10 A. M
from Pier 42, North River, foot Morton St.

*La Savoie....Feb. 10	La Bretagne..Mch. 3
*La Provence..Feb. 17	*La Savoie....Mch. 10
*La Touraine..Feb. 24	*La Provence..Mch. 17

*Twin screw steamers.
GENERAL AGENCY, 19 State Street, N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY

Caledonia, Feb. 12, 10 A. M.	Furnessia, Feb. 26, 10 A. M.
California, Feb. 19, 3 P. M.	Columbia, Mar. 5, noon

FIRST CABIN, $67.50 AND $72.50.
SECOND CABIN, $45 AND $47.50.
THIRD CLASS, $28.75 AND $30.
Apply for Illustrated Booklet of Tours.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

AUSTRO-AMERICAN LINE
MEDITERRANEAN, ADRIATIC
From New York Wednesdays, 1 P. M.
To and from Italy, Greece and Austria with scheduled calls at GIBRALTAR (East.) ALGIERS (West) and AZORES (East).
TWIN SCREW S. S. MARTHA WASHINGTON, ALICE, LAURA, ARGENTINA, OCEANIA.
Further information and 1910 sailings furnished by
PHELPS BROS. & CO., General Agents,
Whitehall Building, N. Y. City.

Lost.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—Wednesday evening, Stuyvesant Theatre, or somewhere between there and West 56th St., small, old-fashioned amethyst pin, surrounded with pearls. Return to C. Clark, 325 West 56th St., and receive reward.

LOST—Friday afternoon, Cortlandt St. Terminal or in tube to Pennsylvania trains, Jersey City, gold-filled watch and silver fob; suitable reward. L. T. Knapp, 216 West 103d St.

LOST—Last Tuesday, between 134th and 135th Sts. and 1st Av. and Broadway, six rings, diamonds and emeralds; liberal reward will be given. H. Bowie, 506 West 134th St.

LOST—Friday night, diamond sunburst brooch, driving from Hotel Astor to Park Slope, Brooklyn; liberal reward. 111 8th Av., Brooklyn. Telephone 728 Prospect.

LOST—Diamond and pearl pendant at Hotel Knickerbocker on Saturday, Jan. 29; reward $50. Return to Room 32, Aberdeen Hotel, 17 West 32d St.

LOST—Thursday night, a valuable muff, near Montague or Union St.; please return to Mrs. Settig, 175 Hicks St., Brooklyn. Reward.

LOST—Friday, near 121st St., and Manhattan Av., fur mink scarf. Reward if returned to Mrs. Laughton, 361 West 121st St.

LOST—Saturday, Harlem, card case containing money and photos; reward. Mulderrig, 85 East 108th St.

LOST—Lynx muff, Simpson Crawford's, Saturday; reward. Clark, 90 Wadsworth Av. 'Phone, 3466—Audubon.

LOST—Bank book No. 214,784, Harlem Savings Bank; payment stopped; kindly return to bank.

LOST—Lady's brown fur coat, blue lining, left in taxicab Sunday afternoon, Feb. 6. Reward if returned to 130 West 11th St.

LOST—Bill purse, marked Emery Mfg. Co., in front Park & Tilford's, 21st St. and Broadway; reward. Return Hotel Astor.

LOST—Pearl and enamel pin, Sunday afternoon, 72d St., Park Av., Madison car, and Carnegie Hall; liberal reward. 103 East 72d.

LOST—Plain gold bracelet, initials inside "I. B. to E. B., 1909"; reward. E. Burnstine, 67 St. Nicholas Av.

$10 REWARD—Lost, a black leather folio containing music, left in taxi from Hotel Knickerbocker to 4 East 63d St., Friday evening, Jan. 28, 12 o'clock. Above reward will be paid for its return with contents to 16 West 30th St.

$25 REWARD solitaire diamond bracelet, gold Grecian links, lost Saturday evening, Feb. 5, vicinity of Fulton St., Nostrand Av., Bergen St., Brooklyn, trolleys or street. C. A. H., 114 Prospect Place, Brooklyn.

LIBERAL REWARD return six valuable rings, Pullman car, Pennsylvania R. R., Feb. 3; no questions asked. Paxton, 5,614 4th Av., Brooklyn.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Lost and Found—Cats, Dogs

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—Male fox terrier, white, spotted brown, answers to name of Spot; short tail; reward; call or write Russhon, 3,149 Decatur Av., Bronx.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Found.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND, Feb. 4.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply 9 Morris St.: SECOND AV. ELEVATED—2 umbrellas, satchel, handbag, candy, card, key, pipe, bag, pallette. THIRD AV. ELEVATED—Pictures, price list, photo, key, eyeglass case, slippers and gloves, overalls, lining, muff, billy, umbrella, valise, handbag, purses, pin, eyeglasses, books, gloves. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED—Pocketbook, purse, eyeglasses, shears, books, magazines, veil, tan gloves, lunch box. NINTH AV. ELEVATED—2 umbrellas, gloves, book, papers, envelope. SUBWAY—Handbag, purse, check, billfolder, eyeglasses, brooch, beads, gloves, music, neckpiece, muffs, skin, papers, shoes, eyeshade, overalls.

FOUND—L. I. R. R. Apply Lost Article Office, Long Island City: Purse, roll, package.

FOUND—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City, N. J.: Package, pair gloves, ring, sweater, package, package laundry, book, package of dress goods.

FOUND—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: Ten trip tickets, package, rings, box collars, one glove, four packages, necklace, one odd glove, one dress suit case.

FOUND—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City: Cuff, eyeglasses, jersey, gloves, two pairs slippers, seven pairs rubbers, knife, two scarf pins, purse, toothbrush, cuff button, three umbrellas, bundle, two packages, hand grip. JERSEY CITY STATION: One glove.

FOUND—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Article Office, Grand Central Station: Three packages, handbag, purse, mufflers, odd glove, pair rubbers, dress suit case, rosary beads.

FOUND, Feb. 4.—NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO. S. S. NEW HAMPSHIRE—Nightshirt. S. S. PRISCILLA—Samples linen, black shawl, bundle clothing, overcoat.

Say you saw it in The Times.

PERSONAL.

For Adoption.—Bright, healthy boy of 6; American parentage. Address I. M., 71 Times, Times Square.

Agents Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

AGENTS.—Tea and coffee agents wanted; experience not necessary. Apply by letter or personally, Burns & Reed, 209 Hudson St., New York City.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A NEW YORK CITY ENGINEERING COMPANY, supervising the operation of steam, electric, and refrigerating plants, wishes to engage high-grade, experienced, technical engineer as executive; applicant must live in New York after starting; application in own handwriting, stating briefly experience and references. Box X 141 Times, Times Square.

ENGINEERING SOLICITORS.—A recently incorporated New York City engineering company taking charge of the operation of steam and electric plants wishes to engage two high-grade, technically educated, well connected contract solicitors, one to interest New York City bankers and estate managers, and one to visit towns within 100 miles of New York; a moderate salary will be paid, supplemented by commission. Apply in own handwriting, stating training, references, &c., Box X 140 Times, Times Square.

MEN WANTED.—To prepare for railway mail examinations; commencement salary $800; preparation free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 260 L, Rochester, N. Y.

MEN, tired of working for others, let us start you in business for yourself; no mail order or fake; strictly legitimate; come and see us. Manager, Room 907, 277 Broadway.

PHOTO-ENGRAVER and hand pressman for line and half-tone work. The Gill Engraving Co., 140 5th Av.

SALESMEN, 2, on the John L. Stoddard Lectures, on a special list, through Connecticut and New Jersey; will be thoroughly trained, given a guarantee and commissions; must be well educated and of good appearance. Geo. L. Shuman & Co., 156 5th Av.

SALESMAN for city department store and office trade for line of junior and misses' suits, and children's coats, with reference. Eisen & Einhorn, 23-25 Lispenard St.

SALESMEN with automobile runabout, sell mechanical device, country merchants; two sales daily, salary $20 daily. Oraginator Mfg. Co., 241 Nostrand Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMEN sell mechanical device country storekeepers; one sale daily; salary $57 weekly. Oraginator Mfg. Co., 241 Nostrand Av., Brooklyn.

WANTED.—Able bodied men for the U. S. Marine Corps, between the ages of 19 and 35; must be native born or have first papers; monthly pay $15 to $69; additional compensation possible; food, clothing, quarters and medical attendance free; after 30 years service can retire with 75 per cent. of pay and allowances; service on board ship and ashore in all parts of the world. Apply at 109 W. 42d St., 101 Park Row, 79 Cortlandt St., 252 Third Ave., New York; 336 Fulton St., Brooklyn; or 288 Market St., Newark, N. J.

WANTED—Bright, energetic young man in advertising department; good opportunity. Apply Monday morning, between 9 and 10 o'clock, Room 208 Times Building, Times Square.

Help Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

CHOCOLATE DIPPERS AND PACKERS, experienced, wanted. Henry Heide, Hudson and Vandam Sts.

FIRST-CLASS, EXPERIENCED OPERATORS on ajour and ship braids; piece work; best prices; long season. Apply at once W. Aronstein & Bro., 253 36th St., So. Brooklyn.

LADY'S MAID.—An experienced lady's maid, French or English; good seamstress. Call between 12 and 2, 18 East 60th St.

PRIVATE DRESSMAKERS, TEMPORARILY OUT OF WORK, CAN EARN FROM $15 TO $20 PER WEEK MAKING HIGH-GRADE COSTUMES. APPLY ALL WEEK. JULIUS STEIN CO., 5TH AV. AND 21ST ST.

STENOGRAPHER.—With some knowledge of bookkeeping preferred; good grammarian and speller; references; give full particulars, salary wanted. G 162 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Educated, proficient; state experience, reference, and salary; good opportunity. G 168 Times Downtown.

WANTED—A woman to do family washing by the bundle. Apply before 9:30 or after 5, Apartment 11A, 2,508 Broadway.

YOUNG WOMEN, between 17 and 23 years of age, to learn telephone operating for Central Office positions; for those who qualify salary of $5 a week paid while learning. Apply after 9 A. M. at Application Department, New York Telephone Co., 58 West Houston St., cor. Wooster St.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Situations Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A.—RASMUSSEN BUREAU.
Now waiting, Scandinavian chambermaids, waitress, general houseworkers, useful men, married couple, cooks. 722 Lexington. (58.)

COMPANIONS, governesses, teachers, housekeepers, maids secretaries. Mrs. Pillsbury, 507 5th Av. 6185 Murray Hill. TRAINED AND PRACTICAL NURSES.

COOK.—Competent young women, serve dinners, luncheon, &c.; excellent references; city or country. Mrs. Cooper's Bureau, 657 6th Av., (38th St.)

Cook, German, $25; laundress, $25; waitress. Flaherty's Bureau, 485 Columbus Av. Telephone 741—Riverside.

COOK, $25; chambermaid and seamstress; maids, nurses. Albany Bureau, 20 E. 33d St.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORKER, by neat young woman; good family; cook; city or country; personal references. Mrs. Cooper's Bureau, 657 6th Av., (38th St.)

HOUSEWORKERS, laundresses, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, useful men. Henderson's Agency, 110 West 134th. Tel. 486 Morningside.

OLD DOMINION EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 88 West 134th.—Bond $1,000; guarantees colored help. 1119—Harlem.

RELIABLE EMPLOYMENT BUREAU,
250 West 125th St. 'Phone 5190—Morningside; now waiting, chambermaids, laundresses, houseworkers, cooks, &c.

Help Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, office help furnished free. 4470 Murray Hill. Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th.

EFFICIENT STENOGRAPHERS, office workers furnished free; expert multigraphing. Jupp Exchange, 87 Nassau. Cort. 4221.

STENOGRAPHERS.—When in need of stenographers, typewriters, bookkeepers, or office assistants for permanent or temporary positions write or telephone Miss S. M. Gahagan, 233 Broadway. Tel. 7035—Barclay.

STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, all kinds first-class commercial help wanted. Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th.

Domestic Help.

Miss Brinkley
Employment Office,
4 East 42d St. Tel. 2484 Murray Hill.
Housekeepers, governesses, visiting and resident; also competent, thoroughly trained servants supplied after a careful and thorough investigation of their references.

A.—COLONIAL BUREAU, 60 West 39th.—Strictly reliable domestic help; specialties: governesses, lady's maids; references thoroughly investigated. Telephone 5582—Murray Hill.

FOR SELECT COLORED HELP apply Duncan Help Exchange, 250 West 133d. 'Phone 5078—Morning.

LIND'S EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 720 Lexington Av.—Reliable servants, all nationalities; references investigated. 'Phone 4C96—Plaza.

MISS WILD
Employment Office,
47 West 34th St., Rooms 1,015-17.
Tel. 2943-2944—Murray Hill.
Thoroughly trained, high-grade servants supplied after references are personally investigated. Circular sent on request. Educational department under management Mrs. Janes.

Mrs. Dickinson's
Co-Operative Emp. Bureau,
331 Madison Av.
Phone 3734 Murray Hill.
Bureau supplies high-class household servants, male and female; references personally investigated; waitresses, cooks supplied for dinners and luncheons; entertainer for children parties.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 170 East 3d St. Telephone 2508—Orchard.

RELIABLE SERVANTS, all kinds. Mrs. Neilson, 503 5th Av., Room 300; 42d St. entrance.

The Waldorf Bureau of Employment,
12 West 33d St. Phone 300 Mad.
Superior help of all nations, speaking English, male and female; work thoroughly investigated; references for refined homes; governesses, nurses, ladies' maids, cooks, butlers, and all other domestic help.

The Bureau of Social Requirements,
6 East 43d St.,
has now good positions open for governesses, nursery governesses, teachers, tutors, French and Germans; applicants urgently needed; no fees until placed.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, expert, opens, writes up, disentangles, balances, supervises, closes, audits books; $5 monthly upward; financial statements rendered; references. Accountant, 320 Broadway, Room 1,204. 'Phone 2114 Worth.

ACCOUNTANT—BOOKKEEPER.—Examines accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up, makes up profit-loss, business statements. Christie, 860 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert bookkeeper; writes up, balances books regular intervals. Accountant, 80 Henry St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—28; capable to take charge. Lakay, 46 Bank St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young, 24 years, wishes position; would like to drive Pope-Hartford; best private references. Oscar Soderberg, 162 Newton St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR.—Private family; 5 years' experience; references; home 7 P. M. Brown, 215 West 63d St.

CONFIDENTIAL MAN.—Experienced bookkeeper and stenographer, record of twelve years with two employers, desires position of responsibility, where ability will lead to recognition; opportunity of more importance than immediate compensation. Opportunity, X 146 Times, Times Square.

ESTIMATOR desires position with good builder; highest references as to ability, honesty, &c.; 14 years' experience. William James, X 64 Times, Times Square.

FACTORY CLERK.—Young man, 24, wishes position with manufacturing concern; 4 years' experience in stock, time, and cost work; A1 references. Energetic, 178 Times Downtown.

HAVING OBSERVED VARIOUS EDITORIALS and articles, also heard it mentioned quite often that "it is hard to get good men nowadays," and desirous to find out what there is in it, what is considered a "good man," how much "good men" are really wanted; am 24 years old, with 10 years' business experience, honest, good habits, and good references; request an opportunity to qualify as a "good man." If really interested address G 138 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

PORTER, elevator man, good worker, obliging, honest. Davorin, 221 West 63d St.

USEFUL MAN, understands all housework, furnace. Geisenhof, care of Nau, 644 3d Av.

WATCHMAN.—Nights; age 40; reliable; references and bond. W. Ransom, 257 8th Av.

YOUNG MAN, 21, has seven years' experience in Wall Street, would like clerical position with brokerage or commercial house or trust company where advancement is possible; A1 references. G 172 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, light colored, first-class window washer; private families; references. Lucas, 24 West 49th St.

YOUNG MAN, 21, wants position with real estate firm; uptown preferred. G 128 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, wishes position advancement. F. Worster, 523 East 12th St.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Situations Wanted—Females

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

AMERICAN WOMAN desires evening engagements as maid or waitress. Address X 135 Times, Times Square.

AN EXPERT will give facial treatment, ladies' home; new process; immediate results. "Satisfaction," P. O. Box 728.

BOOKKEEPER, Accountant.—Books opened, audited, systems installed; firms not employing bookkeeper, $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 285, 280 Broadway. Telephone 2471 Worth.

HOUSEKEEPER, Swedish, age 33, wishes position in private family; city or country; understands all household duties as managing or working where servants are kept. X 124 Times, Times Square.

COOK.—Competent young Swedish woman for club, hotel or boarding school; references; full charge of kitchen; city or country; no objection to the West. Address Johnson, 852 Columbus Av.

COOK.—Young woman; good cook and laundress; best reference; ring basement bell, 156 East 79th St.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER, and general office assistant; six years' experience; competent, reliable, painstaking; desires to locate with reliable firm; unquestionable references; lives with parents; $15. Thorough, 190 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Excellent typist; High School education; good speller; takes dictation quickly, reads notes well, operates any machine; understands office work, filing; references; $7. G 191 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Seven years' experience fire insurance; fully competent and familiar with work; $16 week. Competent, X 69 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER.—Neat beginner wants position with advancement; not afraid to work hard; moderate salary to start. Miss Burns, 759 Lexington Av.

STENOGRAPHER; office assistant; educated young lady desires position requiring intellect; $12-$14. Morton Drug Store, 2,117 Amsterdam Av. 'Phone 3698 Audubon.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable; accustomed to turning out large quantities first-class work; refined. Integrity, 129 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 17, some experience; attended high school; speaks German fluently. Margaret, 117 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—By young lady; experienced, well educated, capable; permanent position. Robson, 548 West 156th St.

STENOGRAPHER—Experienced, reliable, neat, rapid, accurate; reference. B. V., 159 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST.—2½ years' experience; capable and efficient; permanent situation. I. M., 147 East 73th St.

STENOGRAPHER wishes position; age 18; $6, with advancement. M. Weber, 1,604 Avenue A.

TRAINED NURSE, cultured, highly recommended, experienced in European traveling, to patient or children. Miss W., 533 West 124th St.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1.—Attractive suites, single rooms, with and without board; all locations; references; doctors' offices. Leland Board Directory, 4 West 33d St.

11TH, 23 WEST.—Clean, well-heated room, comfortably furnished; telephone; good table.

46TH ST., 309 WEST.—Newly decorated rooms, single, double, well heated, $6 up; excellent board.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—DOCTOR'S OFFICE. Also large room; first-class; references.

55TH ST., 351 WEST.—Comfortable large rooms; splendid table; all conveniences; reasonable.

57TH ST., 319 WEST.—Southern exposure: large room with private bath; hot and cold water; open fire; good table.

64TH ST., 120 and 122 WEST.—Nicely furnished, well-heated rooms; good home cooking; moderate.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Handsomely furnished double room; private bath; single room; references; table guests.

79TH ST., 149 WEST.—Desirable room, with board; table guests; home cooking; references are essential.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—High-grade rooms, with board.

79TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large, well-furnished back room, second floor; table board.

79TH ST., 152 WEST.—Second story room; southern exposure; references.

80TH ST., 150 WEST.—Table guests; home cooking specialty; best food; also nicely furnished room.

82D ST., 8 WEST.—Finest, homelike cuisine; airy rooms; refined surroundings; telephone; reasonable.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Delightful, warm rooms; excellent cooking; telephone; convenient "L," Subway; table guests.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Delightful, warm rooms; excellent cooking; telephone; convenient "L," Subway; table guests.

94TH ST., 16 WEST.—Rooms, with board; table guests; home cooking; all conveniences; telephone; references.

96TH ST., 54 WEST.—Exceptional accommodations; Southern cuisine; parlor dining; table guests. Telephone 429—Riverside.

96TH ST., 64 WEST.—Handsome large and small rooms, bath; superior table board; references.

104TH ST., 83 WEST.—Room, board; all conveniences; parlor dining room; table guests; telephone; references.

111TH ST., 137 WEST.—Pleasant, sunny rooms; good board; private house; "L" and Subway.

121ST ST., 154 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; private house; excellent neighborhood; service unexcelled; telephone.

135TH ST., 242 WEST.—Large, small rooms with board; table guests; near "L," Subway.

145TH ST., 613 WEST.—Subway Station; large, sunny room; good board; telephone; references; table guests.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 847.—Large front room, well furnished; hot and cold running water; suitable one or two gentlemen; meals optional; home cooking; references required.

East Side.

1.—IRVING PLACE, 53, (GRAMERCY PARK DISTRICT, NICHOLAS FISH MANSION.)—ATTRACTIVE TO THOSE APPRECIATING QUIET, WELL-ORDERED HOUSE; BREAKFAST SERVED IN ROOMS; REFERENCES.

1.—148 MADISON AV.
Desirable double and single rooms; steam heated; telephone; army, navy and Southern people accommodated.

15TH ST., 218 EAST.—Most desirable rooms; view of Stuyvesant Park; excellent table; references; 'phone.

17TH, 116 EAST.—Homelike, first-class table board can be had at above address.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Desirable rooms, with board; exceptionally good table; table board; telephone.

45TH ST., 17 EAST.—One nice room; bath; good table board; private house.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Desirable furnished rooms; suite two rooms; private baths; small rooms.

MADISON AV., 839, (70th St.)—Large and small connecting rooms, with board, in handsome private house; breakfast served in rooms; references.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5, Heights.—Overlooking Wall St.; four minutes Broadway; neighborhood, house, high-class; furnished, unfurnished; table choicest products New York markets. 905—Main.

HOYT ST., 51.—Large room with board; all accommodations; suitable for two gentlemen; Subway.

DEAN ST., 365.—Room and board for refined, steady gentlemen, near Subway.

16TH ST., 154.—Room and good table board with private Danish family.

Long Island.

DOUGLAS MANOR INN, DOUGLASTON, L. I.; easy commuting distance. For Winter rates, apply New York Office, 1,133 Broadway.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

37TH ST., 22 WEST.—Suite of 2 rooms and private bath; all comforts and conveniences.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished rooms; quiet, refined; board optional; moderate; references.

45TH ST., 232 WEST.—Exceptionally cheerful rooms; large and small; near Hotel Astor; quiet home.

47TH ST., 113 WEST.—Furnished large and small connecting rooms and bath; gentlemen; references.

48TH ST., 69 WEST.—Large rooms; steam; heated; appointments first-class.

64TH ST., 119 WEST.—Exceptionally pleasant, warm, homelike room; attractively furnished; all improvements; central; moderate.

67TH ST., 140 WEST.—Front room and bedroom, furnished; also hall bedroom. Ross.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Rooms for gentlemen; absolutely clean; daintily furnished; private house; electric lights, telephone; private baths; every modern convenience; exceptional service; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

69TH ST., 102 WEST.—Elegant large rooms; twin beds; two gentlemen; $10 weekly; breakfast optional.

71ST ST., 68 WEST.—Furnished rooms for gentlemen only.

72D, 105 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; bath; convenient "L," Subway. Telephone 8380—Columbus.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Large second floor room; southern exposure; bath adjoining; references.

80TH ST., 122 WEST.—Bachelor home; superior accommodations for gentleman appreciating refined surroundings; park and Riverside, Subway and elevated; references; phone 7063—Schuyler.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Private house; large handsome front room; everything new; reasonable; references exchanged.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Private house; large front room; furniture and decorations entirely new; references.

81ST ST., 108 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; private house; near Subway and "L."

82D ST., 119 WEST.—Two large light rooms; running water, well furnished, baths, telephone; breakfast optional; gentlemen; references.

82D ST., 130 WEST.—Large room; suitable two; running water; large back parlor; private bath.

82D ST., 148 WEST.—Comfortable, sunny room; running water; first-class house; telephone; references; "L."

83D ST., 57 WEST.—Private house; desirable, sunny, warm; large, small; plenty hot water; telephone.

83D ST., 56 WEST.—Delightful, sunny room; private house; references.

87TH ST., 352 WEST.—Large, sunny room, with private bath; gentleman.

90TH ST., 100 WEST.—Well-furnished rooms, near "L" and Subway; telephone. Peyton.

90TH ST., 108 WEST.—Parlor and bedroom; steam heat and hot water. Walsh.

91ST ST., 15 WEST.—Large, sunny front room, also smaller room adjoining, in modern elevator apartment house; $4.50-$9. Brown.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Comfortably furnished, large room; private bath; also small room; conveniences; telephone.

91ST ST., 31 WEST.—Large and small rooms; southern exposure; all conveniences; Subway.

96TH ST., 138 WEST.—Clean, attractive rooms; near Subway, "L" express; breakfast optional; reasonable. Muir.

110TH, 217 WEST.—Pleasant steam-heated room, overlooking park; bath, telephone; L, Subway. White.

111TH ST., 119 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms; all prices; bath; Subway; 'phone service. Mrs. Buckley.

121ST ST., 164 WEST.—Furnished rooms to let; terms moderate; adjoining bath; choice location.

122D ST., 514 WEST.—High class rooms; elevator, electric light, steam heat. Kenyon.

124TH ST., 534 WEST.—Cheerful heated front rooms; elevator, electricity, piano, telephone; reasonable; subway. Morris.

143D ST., 518 WEST.—Unusual outside room; quiet; elevator; telephone; Subway; Christian family. Apartment 26.

149TH ST., 548 WEST.—Couple will rent spare rooms in refined home; artistically furnished; thoroughly heated; ample baths; hot water service; telephone; desirable location; private house; near Broadway Subway.

156TH ST., 551 WEST.—Furnished rooms, private house; one block from Subway station; cheap.

A.—A.—A.— Newport Court.
111-117 West 104th St.
Telephone, 5420—Riverside.
Single rooms, $3-$6 week.
Two rooms, kitchen, $10, $15 per week.
Elevator service day and night.
Restaurant on premises.
Special rates for resident guests.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 343, (Corner 127th.)—Handsomely furnished four, five rooms, high-class elevator apartments; silver, linen; $12.50 weekly upward; beautifully furnished rooms, bath, kitchen, $4-$6 weekly.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 695, (145th.)—Desirable outside room, near express; adult family; $5, Apartment (elevator) 56.

THE CRESCENT.
126TH ST. AND LENOX AVE.
HEAD 125TH ST. SUB. EX. STA.
High-class apartments, single or en suite, elegantly furnished, with PRIVATE BATH and 'PHONE in each room and suite. Electricity, steam.
FINEST RESTAURANT IN HARLEM.

East Side.

9TH ST., 18 EAST, Near 5th Av.—Well heated and lighted rooms. References.

24TH ST., 134 EAST.—Large adjoining rooms, back parlor, studio, doctor's office; central location; Subway.

28TH ST., 16 EAST.—Bachelor's quarters, swimming pool, &c.; $5 and up; inspection invited.

31ST ST., 201 EAST.—Nicely furnished, clean rooms; bath and private entrance. Hedberg.

37TH ST., 6 EAST.—Second floor front, alcove room, kitchenette, bath; meals optional; six months from April 1st. Chaffee Studio.

43D ST., 4 EAST.—Desirable room to permanent party; men only; references exchanged.

43D ST., 13 EAST, Opposite Hotel Manhattan.—Pleasant small room.

49TH ST., 227 EAST.—Comfortable rooms; running water; porcelain bath; heated; reasonable; gentlemen; no housekeeping.

58TH ST., 36 EAST.—Second floor suite, studio, single room, two offices; physician, dentist.

60TH ST., 154 EAST, near Lexington Av.—Nicely furnished heated rooms; quiet house.

113TH ST., 118 EAST.—Nicely furnished rooms, large or small, all conveniences, for housekeeping purposes.

Dentist Office to rent. Corner House. Excellent location. Moderate. Address 154 East 64th Street.

Brooklyn.

GREENE AV., 41.—Do you want a beautiful suite, second floor, five windows, running water, everything comfortable, homelike, and refined? References.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 3, Heights.—Newly renovated rooms; hot and cold water, with and without private baths; convenient Wall St. Subway, bridge.

PUTNAM AV., 234, Near Nostrand.—One or two very desirable furnished rooms; private family.

Business Opportunities.

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

For Sale—500,000 acres at 60c. per acre of very fine land at least half valley and agricultural land; part cash, balance terms. Address N. B. Howard, owner, Knickerbocker Hotel, for interview. Will be in city only a few days.

Brooklyn real estate company in business district will receive as Vice President experienced man; compensation dependent upon results; no capital required; state full particulars. G 131 Times Downtown.

A Rare Opportunity.
Because illness compels leaving town, sacrifice old established HOTEL BUSINESS; profits $10,000 yearly, with small capital invested. X 115 Times, Times Square.

Partnership interest, very attractive, light manufacturing business; $15,000 and honorable character required; investigate this; it is good for a lifetime and profits in thousands. R 148 Times, Downtown.

Perfect duplication typewritten letters; $2 first thousand, $1 each additional. New York Letter Co., 23 Park Row. 'Phone 5748—Cortlandt.

MAN OR WOMAN
Investing $25,000 in prosperous manufacturing plant secures exceptional opportunity. Write, call, 1,302 Flatiron Building.

A SECRETARY-TREASURER
wanted for corporation; good salary; investment required; safety; profitable. President, 1,302 Flatiron Building.

Bills discounted, merchants and manufacturers financed, companies organized; legal papers drawn. Mercantile Advancer, 320 5th Av., Room 213.

Fifth Avenue Professional Portrait Photographer will teach student; reasonable fee. Photo, 147 West 90th St.

Mail order business installed for commercial houses or individuals. Frank & Co., 48 West Broadway.

$10,000 wanted to engage in textile manufacturing business; mill ready to start. Address G., N. Y. P. O. Box 692.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of FLOYD M. STAGE, Alleged Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order made by the Hon. Learned Hand, one of the Judges of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, dated the 31st day of January, 1910, the entire stock of the alleged bankrupt, located at No. 2519 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, consisting of drugs, patent medicines, toilet articles, furniture and fixtures, and a complete pharmacist's equipment, together with the good will of the business as a going concern, will be offered for private sale, and sealed bids received for the entire property by George J. Thomson, Receiver in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 2 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, up to the 7th day of February, 1910, at three o'clock in the afternoon, at which time said bids will be opened. All bids must be accompanied by a deposit of not less than ten (10%) per cent. of said bids.

The Receiver reserves the right to reject any and all bids not deemed to be for the best interests of this estate. Should none of the said bids be accepted the entire assets of the said alleged bankrupt will be sold on the premises at public auction on the 9th day of February, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer.

The property will be open for inspection on the 4th and 5th days of February, 1910, from 2 P. M. to 4 P. M.

Should the stock not be disposed of by private sale, notice of the sale at auction will be published in the New York Times on the 8th and 9th days of February, 1910.

Further directions may be obtained from the Receiver or his attorneys.

GEORGE J. THOMSON, Receiver, No. 2 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.

THOMAS & OPPENHEIMER, Attorneys for Receiver, No. 60 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York, N. Y.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York. —In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL and HERMAN ROTHSTEIN, individually, and composing the firm of ROTHSTEIN BROS., Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that the entire stock of the above bankrupts, located at 222-224 Greene St., Borough of Manhattan, N. Y. City, consisting of finished and unfinished shirtwaists, laces, embroideries, silks, mercerized goods, linens, thread, buttons, machines, motor, safe, office fixtures, partitions, &c., is offered for private sale, and sealed bids received for the entire property by Mark Hyman, receiver in bankruptcy, at his office, 25 Broad St., Borough of Manhattan, New York City, up to Saturday, the 12th day of February, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time said bids will be opened. All bids must be accompanied by a deposit of 10% of amount bid. The receiver reserves the right to reject any and all bids. Should none of the bids be accepted the entire assets of the above bankrupts will be sold on the premises at public auction on Tuesday, Feb. 15, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., by Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer. The property will be open for inspection on Feb. 10th and 11th from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

MARK HYMAN, Receiver.

OTTERBOURG, STEINDLER & HOUSTON, Attys. for Receiver, 487 Broadway, N. Y. City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York. —In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MICHAEL KORKEMAS & COMPANY, Bankrupt.—No. 12,572.—Notice of Sale at Auction.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupt will be sold under the direction of Sol M. Stroock, Esq., the Trustee, at public auction by Charles Shongood, auctioneer, at Nos. 34-40 West Street, in the City of New York, on the 7th day of February, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock A. M. of said day. A general description of said property is as follows: A stock of linens, print goods, skirts, dry goods, razors, cutlery, jewelry, office fixtures and effects, etc., constituting the stock in trade of the above bankrupt. The property to be sold may be inspected at the above premises between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M. as February 3d, 4th, and 5th.

The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of said property from sale unless it shall bring at least seventy-five per centum of the appraised value.

Dated February 1, 1910.

STANLEY W. DEXTER.
Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 71 Broadway, New York City, N. Y.

SOL M. STROOCK, Trustee, 25 Broad Street, N. Y.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MICHAEL KORKEMAS, Bankrupt.

Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, February 7th, 1910, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 34-40 West Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of linen, print goods, razors, cutlery, skirts, jewelry, dry goods, safe, desk, chairs, office fixtures, &c.

SOL. M. STROOCK, Trustee.

STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy, 71 Broadway, N. Y. C., N. Y.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of TRACY & CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Saturday, Feb. 19, 1910, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at the Empire Storage Warehouse, 25 First Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of horse and wagon.

EDWARD G. BENEDICT, Trustee.

HAYS, HERSHFIELD & WOLF, Attorneys for Trustee, 115 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MARKS & GROCH, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, Feb. 7, 1910, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 15 East 16th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of dresses, dress goods, silks, machines, motor, fixtures, &c.

JULIUS G. KREMER, Trustee.

HENRY L. FRANKLIN, Attorney for Trustee, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GOLDSTEIN & EISENBERG, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Monday, Feb. 14th, 1910, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 97 Greene St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of lawns, laces, embroideries, waists, trimmings, machines, fixtures, safe, &c.

BURGWYN MAITLAND, Receiver.

SAMUEL S. BRESLIN, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM H. CONNOR, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, Feb. 7, 1910, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 2,333 8th Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of boots, shoes, rubbers, slippers, fixtures, &c.

CHARLES H. BROAS, Attorney for petitioning creditors, 320 Broadway, New York.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

HARNED, CAROLINE H.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against CAROLINE H. HARNED, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of James M. Tully, No. 271 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 28th day of March next.—Dated New York, the 16th day of September, 1909. BEDELL H. HARNED, Administrator. JAMES M. TULLY, Attorney for Administrator, 271 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

WINTER RESORTS.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

WINTER RESORTS.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

LINCOLN'S BIRTHDAY
Saturday, February 12th
SPEND THE WEEK END AT

Atlantic City

Enjoy the popular roller chair, or a promenade of the famous Boardwalk, a game of golf, or indulge in any of the many outdoor pastimes in the bracing salt air and warm sunshine; there is a diversity of social features and indoor amusements galore.

THE LEADING HOUSES

will entertain an unusual number of guests over this popular holiday. Write or 'phone any of them and make your reservations.

The Pennhurst Wm. R. Hood	**Hotel Traymore** Traymore Hotel Co.	**Galen Hall** F. L. Young, Mgr.
Seaside House F. P. Cook's Sons	**Chalfonte** The Leeds Company.	**Haddon Hall** Leeds & Lippincott
Hotel St. Charles Newlin Haines	**Hotel Dennis** Walter J. Buzby	**Marlborough-Blenheim** Josiah White & Sons Company

Only 3 hours from New York City via Penna. R. R. or Central R. R. of N. J.
Special Holiday time tables from local ticket agents.

Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

The Leading Resort House of the World
PARTICULARLY ATTRACTIVE DURING
Atlantic's Great Winter and Spring Season
(Extending from DECEMBER to JUNE)

The Coast line faces South and is warmed by the Gulf Stream air and by the rays of the Southern Sun, both direct and reflected from the Ocean.

The House holds 1100 Guests and has 400 private baths, each with sea and fresh water. White service in both American plan and a la Carte dining rooms. Exquisite music, Golf, Rolling Chairs, Theatres, Splendid Motoring Roads. Ownership Management. JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY.

HOTEL TRAYMORE

Atlantic City, N. J.
Open Throughout the Year
Famous as the hotel with every modern convenience and all the comforts of home.
D. S. WHITE, Pres.
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So. Carolina Av. and the beach. Cap. 400. Complete in every detail. Private baths, elevator, sun parlor, etc. Special—$12 up weekly; $2.50 up daily. Booklet. W. F. SHAW.

NEW JERSEY—Montclair.

A Hotel Home
For a Day or Year
THE MONTCLAIR
MONTCLAIR, N. J.
Apply Am. Hotel Bureau, 1122 B'way, N. Y.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

SOUTH CAROLINA'S
Famous Resort
THE KIRKWOOD
Long Leaf Pine Belt
T. EDMUND KRUMBHOLZ
Camden, S. C.

FOREIGN HOTELS.

Booklets on Brussels and its great 1910 exhibition free from Town and Country, 389 5th Av., New York City.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PHILIP MILNER and ISAAC GRUNBERGER, individually and as copartners, doing business as MILNER, GRUNBERGER & CO., Bankrupts.—No. 12,768.

To the creditors of Philip Milner and Isaac Grunberger, individually and as copartners, doing business as Milner, Grunberger & Co., of the City, County, and State of New York, and district aforesaid, bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that on the second day of December, 1909, Philip Milner and Isaac Grunberger, individually and doing business as Milner & Grunberger, were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and a first meeting of creditors, held January 20, 1910, and a trustee elected at said meeting; and on the 26th day of January, 1910, the order of adjudication of December 2, 1909, having been modified and amended so as to adjudicate Philip Milner and Isaac Grunberger, individually and as copartners, doing business as Milner, Grunberger & Co., a second first meeting of creditors will be held before me at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the seventeenth day of February, 1910, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated, New York, January 31, 1910.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL ROTHSTEIN and ROBERT ROTHSTEIN, individually and as copartners under the firm name of SAM ROTHSTEIN & BROTHER, Bankrupts.—No. 13,265.

To the creditors of Samuel Rothstein and Robert Rothstein, individually and as copartners under the firm name of Sam Rothstein & Brother, of the City, County, and State of New York, and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the first day of February, A. D. 1910, the said Samuel Rothstein and Robert Rothstein, individually and as copartners under the firm name of Sam Rothstein & Brother were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the seventeenth day of February, A. D. 1910, at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, February 3d, 1910.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York—JOHN A. WREDE, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that John A Wrede, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated Jan. 24th, 1910, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Feb. 14th, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, Feb. 4, 1910.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—ALFRED E. MILLER, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Alfred E. Miller, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated January 17th, 1910, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Feb. 14, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, Feb. 4th, 1910.

ISLESWORTH

ON THE BEACH, VIRGINIA AVE.
Special American Plan, $2.50 up daily.
European Plan, $1.50 up daily.
SPECIAL WEEKLY TERMS.
FRANK M. PHOEBUS, Manager. WM. HYMAN, Prop.

THE WESTMONT Hotel & Sanitarium.

Most up-to-date and modern appliances for all kinds of curative and tonic baths. Unexcelled table; refined surroundings. Booklet on request. W. H. Moore, Manager.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

LAKEWOOD

Among the Pines of New Jersey
Season October to June.
Offers exceptional attractions for the enjoyment of outdoor life. Ideal conditions for motoring.

LAUREL HOUSE
NOW OPEN. A. J. MURPHY, Manager.
LAUREL IN THE PINES
NOW OPEN. FRANK F. SHUTE, Mgr.
These hotels are favorably known for their standard of excellence.
Reached via New Jersey Central.

FLORIDA.

ONLY SUNSHINE AND CONTENTMENT on the East Coast of Florida.

WEST INDIES.

Go to Nassau, British West Indies. Perfect Winter resort.

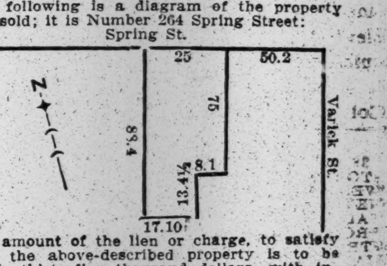
REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—CAROLINE B. SELLEW, plaintiff, against ELIZABETH BENDFELDT and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 27th day of January, 1910, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the twenty-third day of February, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows: All that certain lot of land, with the improvements thereon, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the southerly side of Spring Street distant fifty feet and two inches westerly from the southwesterly corner of Spring and Varick Streets; running thence southerly parallel with Varick Street, seventy-five feet; thence westerly parallel with Spring Street, eight feet and one inch; thence southerly thirteen feet four and one-half inches to a point distant fifty-seven feet and four inches more or less westerly from the westerly side of Varick Street; thence westerly parallel with Spring Street seventeen feet and ten inches more or less to a point distant seventy-five feet and two inches westerly from the westerly side of Varick Street; thence northerly parallel with Varick Street, eighty-eight feet and four inches to the southerly side of Spring Street, and thence easterly along the southerly side of Spring Street, twenty-five feet to the point or place of beginning; being known by the Street Number Two Hundred and Sixty-four Spring Street.

Dated New York, February 1st, 1910.
PAUL L. KIERNAN, Referee.
STITT & PHILLIPS, Plaintiff's Attorneys, No. 113 Fulton Street, (Manhattan,) New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; it is Number 264 Spring Street:



The amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is thirty-five thousand dollars, with interest thereon from the 18th day of May, 1909, together with costs and allowance amounting to three hundred and thirteen 42-100 dollars, with interest from January 27th, 1910, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is seven hundred and fifty dollars and interest.

Dated New York, February 1st, 1910.
PAUL L. KIERNAN, Referee.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW York, County of New York.—EDITH HELEN ELLIS, Plaintiff, against SAMUEL DE LA PLAINE S. ELLIS, Junior, Defendant.—(Trial desired in New York County.)—Summons. Action for an absolute divorce.

To the above-named defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, November 19th, 1909.
NORMAN W. KERNGOOD,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Post Office address and office, No. 149 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To Samuel de la Plaine S. Ellis, Junior, defendant above named:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Honorable Charles F. MacLean, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 21st day of December, 1909, and filed on the 22d day of December, 1909, in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, County and State of New York, the original complaint having been filed in the said office on the 22d day of December, 1909.

Dated New York, December 22d, 1909.
NORMAN W. KERNGOOD,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Post Office address and office, No. 149 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

STILL PESSIMISTIC ABOUT OUR CHILDREN

Dr. MacNicholl Contends Mental Deficiency Is Increasing, Owing to the Use of Alcohol.

REPEATS FORMER CHARGES

Physician Who Aroused Storm of Protest from School Officials Last Year Says Conditions Are Worse Now.

Dr. T. Alexander MacNicholl, who aroused a storm of protest and denial from the health and school officials of this city last year by asserting that degeneracy, mental deficiency, and other drawbacks to the proper education of youth have increased in the public schools at a pace that threatened the future of the Republic, delivered another pessimistic address on the mental and moral fibre of the children of this and other alcohol-using countries yesterday afternoon at a meeting of the Manhattan Young People's Prohibition Leabue, held in the Twenty-fourth Street Methodist Episcopal Church, near Ninth Avenue.

"Robbing the Children" was the title Dr. MacNicholl gave to his address. Not one-fourth of the children attending the New York schools, he said, enjoy normal physical, mental, and moral health. The children are robbed of their health, their strength, their virtue, their happiness, he went on, and the great robber was alcohol. At the conclusion of his address some one got up and asked him a question about local option.

"I know nothing about local option," he declared impatiently. "That sort of thing is not on my horizon. When the Government finds that one of its citizens has the smallpox, it does not give him a chance to vote on whether he shall be isolated, nor upon any of the other precautions that must be taken in his case. That would be ridiculous. The Government, exercising its police power, isolates him, burns up the germ-infected clothing, fumigates his house, and does other proper precautionary things. Alcohol is a thousand times more dangerous than smallpox. Let the Government use its police power upon its destruction."

The speaker did not think a great deal of the Board of Education. In answer to a question, he said, ironically, that the minds of its members seem to be of a fearful and wonderful make.

He believed, he said, that the records would show that the school children of this year have not advanced in mental and moral efficiency beyond that of school children here five years ago. He believed that they have fallen much below the standards of ten years ago. He believed, indeed, that they are on the downhill in spite of what seemed to him to be the more or less silly measures adopted by the Board of Education to save the situation.

Some years ago, he went on, the Board of Education said that doctors and nurses going about among the schools would help wonderfully, and so the city was called upon for money to pay them. Now, he said, the board has a force of physicians, surgeons, and trained nurses going the rounds of the schools.

Somebody said that defective eyes was causing the trouble, went on Dr. MacNicholl. Then men were employed to look after the eyes of the children. Somebody else, seeing that all these measures have not prevented the children from going backward, had suggested that bad teeth were the cause, and so now it was promised to employ a force of dentists to go among the children.

"If that is done," went on Dr. MacNicholl, "it won't be long before someone will suggest that dandruff in the hair is the cause of the backwardness of the children; whereupon the city treasury will be drawn upon to pay forces of hair experts to work on the scalps of the school children.

"Some weeks ago a gentleman said that the trouble with the children was moral depravity. He suggested that the trouble would be remedied by taking out the adenoids and diseased tonsils of the children. Others think that poverty alone is the trouble, and yet that of itself never yet produced a moral or physical degenerate."

The records of the Children's Court, continued the speaker, showed that one child in every seventy-five in Manhattan suffers arrest for some offense, and that there are sixteen arrests of children every day for serious offenses.

Looking over Europe, Dr. MacNicholl found the children in even worse condition than they are here. Of 250,000 children examined in Austria, he said, only 20 per cent. were normal. Every week since 1883 a pupil in the schools of Prussia has committed suicide. Of 500,000 children examined in Hungary in 1909, only 10 per cent. were normal. And England's record, he said, was pitiable.

Dr. MacNicholl said he had looked into the life histories of thousands of school children, and he had found that only 23 out of every 100 subject to the taint of inherited alcoholism were proficient, 17 being dullards and 76 sufferers from nervous or other diseases. The children free from the inherited taint of alcohol had furnished, he said, the record of 96 proficient out of every 100, with only 4 dullards and 18 sufferers from nervous and other diseases.

The children of this country are not getting a fair chance at what has thus been guaranteed to them by the Government, went on Dr. MacNicholl. "According to the statistics I have produced here," he continued, "you see that some foe of the child has stepped in between him and what he has a right to ask. This foe is something that could be destroyed. It is alcohol.

"Three glasses of beer a day will cut short the life of a man and may cause degeneracy in his children. The protoplasm in every living cell of which the body is made up has a strong repulsive tendency and force. It can stand a great deal of lack of food, but it can't come into contact with alcohol and escape uninjured.

"The injury does not stop with the drinker; it goes on down to the third and fourth generations. Across the front of every saloon ought to be written: 'Crime and disease sold here; our goods guaranteed to maim and destroy unto the third and fourth generations.'"

The speaker yesterday, indirectly referring to last year's repudiation of him by the Board of Health and the Board of Education, coached his hearers to ask Supt. Maxwell if the percentage of children that gain above 75 per cent. in scholarship now is above that of the percentage five years ago.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A.M.		Loss.
12:10	85 2d Av.; Anna Staver	$25
12:20	108 Morningside Av.; unknown	Trifling
3:24	601 Morris Av.; M. Epstein	Trifling
6:00	200 West 50th St.; unknown	Trifling
8:40	140th St. and 7th Av.; Central Park Taxicab Co.	Trifling
9:05	259 West 153d St.; Bertha Ince	Trifling
10:10	705 Home St.; Richard Gold	Trifling
10:30	537 West Broadway; Joseph Struwicker	Trifling
10:35	308 5th St.; L. Goldberg	Trifling
11:00	354 10th Av.; John McGrath	$150
11:20	212 East 124th St.; Max Lubutsky	Trifling
P.M.		
1:25	32 West Houston St.; Columbia Button Co.	$1,000
1:30	689 3d Av.; George Harris	$5
3:00	Walter Av. and Union Port Road; Union Railway Co.	Trifling
3:00	2,136 8th Av.; unknown	Trifling
3:45	468 7th Av.; Degnon Construction Co.	Trifling
4:25	2,045 8th Av.; Manhattan Postal Card Co.	Trifling
4:25	267 Munroe St.; H. Midbrook	Trifling
4:40	15th St. and Brook Av.; N. Y. Central R. R. Co.	$10
4:40	155 Ridge St.; P. Abramowitz	$1,500
5:30	144th St. and Southern Boulevard; unknown	Trifling
6:00	316 Lafayette St.; John Hoffman	$2,000
6:35	1,032 Avenue A; Curtiss & Blaisdell	$10
6:35	364 East 76th St.; John Harhak	$20
7:20	64 and 66 North Moore St.; Venton, McGrath & Caffery	Trifling
8:30	449 East 58th St.; Sam Hirsh	$1
8:35	51 Maiden Lane; C. A. Smith	$100
8:35	168 Clinton St.; M. Silinski	Trifling
11:10	528 Third Av.; F. K. Verdi	$15
11:25	103 Allen St.; Morris Jacoby	$200

Telephone 1000 Bryant.

If you lose an article of value telephone 1000 Bryant and advertise the Loss in The New York Times. The Service of the Lost and Found Registry Bureau is free of charge.—Adv.

READY FOR PEARY TRIBUTE.

National Testimonial to the Discoverer of the North Pole To-Morrow Night.

Arrangements for the National Testimonial to Commander Robert E. Peary, to take place to-morrow night at the Metropolitan Opera House, have been completed. Gov. Hughes, who will preside, will make a short address, after which he will present Percy Mackaye, who will read an original poem. Capt. Robert A. Bartlett, master of the expedition's ship Roosevelt, will speak briefly, and then Commander Peary will give a complete account of the discovery of the pole. Van Baar's orchestra will furnish the music.

Every member of the audience will receive a souvenir programme, profusely illustrated with pictures of Peary's expedition and of the men who made it possible. A large number of guests of honor have been invited, including Mayor Gaynor, Controller Prendergast, President of the Board of Aldermen Mitchel, the five Borough Presidents, the District Attorney, the Presidents and Secretaries of the most important geographical societies, Major Gen. Leonard Wood, Admirals Dewey, Sigsbee, Wainwright, Schroeder, Mahan, and Murdock; Gen. Horace Porter and the other officers of the Navy League, and the members of the Peary Arctic Club, including the Vice President, Zenas Crane, and Secretary Herbert L. Bridgman. Also Mrs. Donald McLean, President General of D. A. R.

There will also be present the members of the Honorary Committee, who have assumed the responsibility for the testimonial. They are Charles B. Alexander, William H. Bliss, Andrew Carnegie, Hugh J. Chisholm, Henry Clews, Robert J. Collier, R. Fulton Cutting, H. P. Davison, William C. Demorest, Cleveland H. Dodge, Stuyvesant Fish, Henry C. Frick, A. S. Frissel, Elbert H. Gary, Thomas H. Hubbard, Archer M. Huntington, Adrian H. Joline, Otto M. Kahn, Albert Lewisohn, Seth Low, John G. Milburn, Henry Morgenthau, William C. Muschenheim, Henry Fairfield Osborn, Norman B. Ream, John Harsen Rhoades, Jacob H. Schiff, Isaac N. Seligman, Theodore P. Shonts, Paul M. Warburg, and Egerton L. Winthrop, Jr.

Invitations have also been sent to the chief diplomatic representatives in New York of every foreign country.

RELICS TO PLYMOUTH CHURCH

Portraits of Two of the Slave Girls It Bought Presented to It.

The ugly days just before the civil war were recalled to the minds of the older members of Plymouth Church in Brooklyn yesterday morning, when Gen. Horatio C. King, a veteran of the war, and for many years clerk of the church, gave to the congregation on behalf of the donors portraits of two of the three slave girls who were purchased by the society of Plymouth Church, and received their freedom. Sally Maria Driggs, who was called "Pink," and one of the two colored Edmondson sisters, were the girls whose pictures were presented.

In the frame, containing the picture of Sally Driggs, were also two bills of sale, one by the owner of "Pink" to the Rev. John Blake Falkner and the other by the latter to Henry Ward Beecher. Sally Driggs was sold from the pulpit of Plymouth Church on Feb. 5, 1860. In face and general appearance Sally, who was but 9 years old, showed scarcely a trace of African blood. Although but $900 was asked by her owner for the girl, the people of Plymouth eagerly gave money and jewelry to the value of $1,500 to secure her freedom. When Mr. Beecher announced the result the congregation gave a cheer and rushed forward to embrace the child.

Mr. Falkner was at that time a student at the Fairfax Theological Seminary and was connected with the Plymouth Sunday School. Sally's mother appealed to him to save the pretty child from a life of slavery. Mr. Falkner bonded himself to secure the owner's price for the girl or to return her to her master, and brought her North. Sally was adopted by a woman, a member of Plymouth. It was at the instance of Harriet Beecher Stowe that the Edmondson sisters were afterward purchased and freed by the church.

Gen. King acted in behalf of Mr. Falkner and his brother, the Rev. Bishop Falkner, rector of Christ Protestant Episcopal Church, Bay Ridge, who were unable to be present. The pictures will become a part of the collection of photographs and paintings in the lecture room of the church.

OFFERS REWARD FOR THIEVES

Police Having Failed to Catch Them, Firm Tries an Advertisement.

After waiting a month for the police to find $2,000 worth of dies stolen from the Brooklyn Carving Works, at 134 Classon Avenue, Brooklyn, the manager of that factory inserted an advertisement in a Brooklyn newspaper yesterday appealing to the public to help him in his quest. Here is the advertisement:

> Reward—On Jan. 5, 1910, after 10 o'clock P. M., our factory was burglarized and dies amounting to $2,000 were stolen. The Police Department of Greater New York have been unable to locate the dies or the thieves. We, therefore, appeal to the public and ask that any one who can furnish us with any information where the dies can be found or who was implicated in the theft of the same will be suitably rewarded by giving such information to the Brooklyn Carving Works, 134 Classon Avenue.

An inquiry was made at the Classon Avenue Police Station yesterday about the reported burglary. The die factory is in that precinct. There was, it was said, no entry on the blotter at that station of any such burglary as the one described in the advertisement.

The Weekly Financial Review.

In to-day's New York Times Weekly Financial Review the billion-dollar shrinkage in security values during the stock market slump is discussed in its relation to the money market. The report put out during the gloomy days of falling prices that the railroads were countermanding orders from equipment companies is shown to have been greatly exaggerated. The banking of insurance company cash is told about. The tariff negotiations with Germany, the steel trade position, and the fall and rise in railroad earnings are discussed.

CITY BREVITIES.

The Cornell University Club gave its first formal entertainment in its new club house, 65 Park Avenue, yesterday afternoon, a concert being given by the Victor Sorlin string quintet and John Barnes Wells, soloist. The club opened its new house a few weeks ago.

Lincoln's birthday eve, Friday of this week, will be celebrated by the members of the Twenty-second Regiment at their ninth annual reception under the auspices of the non-commissioned officers' association in the armory at Broadway and Sixty-eighth Street. There will be a band concert at 9:30, a ball beginning at 10, and a grand military march at midnight.

Preparations are being made this week for demands affecting many thousands of workers to be presented on May 1 and enforced by strikes if they are refused. The demands will be made by the Excavators' Union, which has a membership of 25,000; the Cloakmakers' Union, which controls most of the 20,000 cloakmakers in the city, and possibly the east side bakers.

Supreme Court Justice Samuel Nelson Sawyer, who is the Grand Master of Masons in this State, was the guest of honor on Saturday night at an entertainment of the Masonic Club in its rooms in the new Masonic Hall. More than a thousand masons were present, and among the entertainers was Miss Flora Wilson, daughter of James Wilson, Secretary of Agriculture.

Something Original

Waw-Waw

SAUCE

Delicious—Appetizing

(At the same time see your digestion improve)

Supplied to the Houses of Lords and Commons, England.

St. James Importing Co., Sole Agts.

RESEARCH BOARD ACCUSES MAXWELL

His Report on School Children's Condition Called Untrustworthy and in Bad Faith.

EXAGGERATE THEIR DEFECTS

Superintendent's Desire Said to Be to Injure the Health Department Rather Than Help Pupils.

Bad faith and the use of facts known to be untrustworthy are charged against Dr. W. H. Maxwell, City Superintendent of Schools, by the Bureau of Municipal Research in a statement issued yesterday. Dr. Maxwell's statements in his eleventh annual report, recently published, are declared to be in effect, if not intentionally, misleading. He is accused of exaggerating the extent and seriousness of physical defects among the school children and evading the responsibility of the school authorities for both physical defects and backwardness. The Board of Education is called upon to examine Dr. Maxwell's reasons for the retardation of school children.

"In attempting to make a scapegoat of adenoids, enlarged glands, and the Health Department," says the Research Bureau, "the City Superintendent confuses every issue involved, and prevents the public from seeing what steps it ought to take to prevent and remedy either physical defects or that waste of millions annually to which children behind their proper grade testify. Not a word do we hear of sweatshops in the schoolroom; not a word about breakdowns due to overwork at school and at home; not a word of ventilation evils that could easily be corrected; not a wee bit of responsibility is lodged with overcrowding, part time, unsuitable curriculum, inefficient instruction, inefficient supervision, or well intentioned but ineffective methods and policies.

"Facts known to be untrustworthy and other facts admitted to be untypical are used by the City Superintendent as the basis of attacks upon the Department of Health, of conclusions bound to mislead educators, and of recommendations for meals at school to cure evils at home, and for punishing parents who need only to be informed. The results are serious, not merely because they affect 700,000 children in New York City, but because they are being quoted broadcast, so that if uncorrected they may ultimately affect hundreds of thousands in other cities.

"Taxpayers and educators are asked to believe: That the Department of Health's physical examination of school children is incurably inadequate; that its returns are unreliable; that children with enlarged glands are worse off than children with hypertrophied tonsils or defective vision; that children with defective vision, defective teeth, and defective breathing get along faster than the city's curriculum expects them to get along; that the cure for malnutrition and anaemia is a school meal at cost 170 times on 191 days of the calendar year; that it is safe to draw conclusions respecting 700,000 children from records of one-third of 1 per cent. of those children, which records were declared fifteen months ago by those who made them to be untrustworthy; that the Department of Education is doing all it can for the physical welfare of the school children when it criticises the Health Department.

"Instead of basing these sweeping statements upon records which he should possess for 700,000 children, the Superintendent quotes the Russell Sage Foundation's study, now of 2,400 children, again of 7,000 or 16,000 from Health Department records, which ex-Commissioner Darlington declared to be misleading as long ago as October, 1908, a fact published by the City Superintendent a year ago.

THE BELASCO STUYVESANT 44 St., nr. B'way. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15.
DAVID BELASCO presents THE LILY

BELASCO Theatre. W. 42d St. Ev. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
"A GREAT PLAY, FULL OF THE STRONG ETERNAL CRY OF THE WOMAN AGAINST MAN'S DOMINATION."—COMMERCIAL.
CHARLOTTE WALKER in EUGENE WALTER'S play JUST A WIFE
Supporting cast includes
EDMUND BREESE as........JOHN EMERSON
BOBBY NORTH as..........MAXCY STEUER
ERNEST GLENDINNING as.........BOBBY ASHBY
FREDERICK BURTON as..........WELLESLEY
AMELIA GARDNER as......ELEANOR LATHROP

REORGANIZED

Smith Gray & Co.

Foremost Clothiers Since 1845.

Here's a feast of values such as New York has never seen. The variety is greater to-day than it will be to-morrow.

The quality is the same every day.

$18 Overcoats 20 Overcoats 22 Overcoats 25 Overcoats	$12.50	$28 Overcoats 30 Overcoats 32 Overcoats 35 Overcoats	$17.50
$18 Suits 20 Suits 25 Suits	$12.50	$25 Suits 28 Suits 30 Suits	$15.00
$30 Suits 32 Suits 35 Suits	$20.00	$40 Suits 42 Suits 45 Suits	$25.00

Full Dress Suit Coats Reduced 1/3.

All Fur-Lined Coats Reduced 1/3.

$5 & 6 Trousers	$3.65	$1.25 & 1.50 Shirts	85c
7 & 8 Trousers	4.65	2 & 2.50 Shirts	$1.15
9 & 10 Trousers	5.65	3 to 5 Hats	1.75

$7, $8 & $9 Children's Suits & Overcoats,

$5.75

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
Broadway at Bedford Av.

S & Co

Two New York Stores:
Broadway, at Warren St. Across from City Hall.
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

CUTTING RIGHT AND LEFT on all winter materials. Overcoats to measure $20.00, suits $18.00, fancy waist coats or trousers $5.00. Our remnant sale offers greater values now than it ever has in its history.

ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

COLLARS E&W TRADE MARK EARL & WILSON SHIRTS

BUY BY THE MARK.

MONEY To Loan

If you want ready money, we'll advance liberal amounts on diamonds and precious jewels. Rates, the lowest. Loans good for one year. Goods kept in burglar and fireproof vaults, assuring perfect safety.

DIAMONDS For Sale

Our collection of forfeited diamond jewelry is large and varied, and our prices are 40% less than jewellers' prices. We guarantee every article to be as we represent it or we'll refund your money. Dealers' Trade Solicited.

WM. GOLDSTONE
166 PARK ROW. Est. 1860.
Block Above Brooklyn Bridge.

Holden's Bird Store
25 West 23d St.
Near 5th Ave. and Madison Sq.
Canaries Mate Now
Pairs and Singles. All Colors and Sizes.
"Holden's Book on Birds," 1909, all about mating, care, singing; mailed for 12 cts., stamps.

ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Wed. Mat. 50c. to $1.50.
GREATEST COMEDY HIT IN 20 YEARS. SEVEN DAYS

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Mat. Sat. 2. Evg. 8.
—Limited Engagement—
SOTHERN MARLOWE
THIS WEEK............Romeo and Juliet
Next Week—Taming of the Shrew. Week Feb. 21—Merchant of Venice. Week Feb. 28—Hamlet and Twelfth Night. Sat. Mat.—Romeo and Juliet. Popular Prices. Seats on Sale.

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
"Here's The Real Thing."—Town Topics.
H. B. WARNER IN ALIAS JIMMY VALENTINE
Silver Water Set on Exhibition in Lobby.

PLAZA Daily Mat. 25c. Evs. 25c, 50c, 75c. 59th St. Mad. Av. "THE STAR BOUT," CONSUL, "A Texas Wooing," Paul's Juggling Girls, others.

AMERICAN W. 42 St. Daily Mat. 25c. R. A. ROBERTS, Rice & Cohen, Genaro & Bailey, McMahon & Chappelle, others.

KEITH & PROCTOR'S 5TH AVE. B'way, 28th St. Mat. Daily, 25 & 50c. DENMAN THOMPSON, Rooney & Bent, Howard Truesdell & Co., Jones & Deely, Neapolitans, &c.

MENDELSSOHN HALL. This Afternoon at 3
PIANO RECITAL BY MME. ANTOINETTE
SZUMOWSKA
CHOPIN PROGRAM.
Seats $1.50 & $1 at Hall. Mason & Hamlin Piano.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE.
National Testimonial to PEARY
TO-MORROW TUES. EVE., at 8:30. RES'D SEATS $1 up at Box Office and Hotels
GOVERNOR HUGHES, Presiding.

CARNEGIE HALL.
SUNDAY AFTERNOON, February 13,
PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY of New York.
GUSTAV MAHLER......Conductor
WAGNER PROGRAM.
Soloist, Pasquale Amato, Baritone.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE

Tuesday Eve., Feb. 8, at 8.30

NATIONAL TESTIMONIAL TO

COMMANDER ROBERT E.

PEARY

GOVERNOR HUGHES

Presiding

ORIGINAL POEM BY PERCY MACKAYE

FIRST COMPLETE ACCOUNT IN NEW YORK BY PEARY OF HIS DISCOVERY, WITH PICTURES NOT BEFORE SEEN IN PUBLIC.

The sledge and flag which Peary took north with him will be exhibited, and addresses will be delivered by five of the members of the expedition. The Commander will hold an informal reception at the close of the lecture.

MUSIC BY VAN BAAR'S BAND.

Reserved Seats $1 up, Boxes $50 upward, on sale at Box Office, also Tyson's, McBride's, and Rullman's.

THE NEW THEATRE
Central Park West, 62-63 Sts. Tel. 8800 Col.
NON-SUBSCRIPTION PERFORMANCES
THIS WEEK:
TO-NIGHT, WED., THURS. & SAT. EVES. and SATURDAY MATINEE
Tickets For All Performances, Two Weeks in Advance, Ordered by Mail or Telephone, Will Be Delivered by Messenger to Any Address in Manhattan.
Shakespeare's Charming Comedy
TWELFTH NIGHT
Never Better Played in New York.—Tribune.
Sheridan's Delightful Comedy
THE SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL
A highly creditable achievement.—The Post.
Sheldon's Drama, THE NIGGER, A Play of the South.
Besier's Comedy, DON is uncommonly bright.—The Post.
To-night, 8:30............The Nigger
Tues. Eve., 8, (opera) L'Attaque du Moulin
Wed. Mat., 2, (opera) Czaar & Zimmermann
Wed. Eve., 8:30............The Nigger
Thurs. Mat., 2:00..........Twelfth Night
Thurs. Eve., 8:15..The School for Scandal
Fri. Eve., 8:15............Twelfth Night
Sat. Mat., 2:00............Twelfth Night
Sat. Eve., 8:30............Don
NEXT WEEK:
Mon. (Premier), Tues. & Wed. Evgs. & Wed. Mat., The Witch; Thurs. Evg., Twelfth Night; Sat. Mat. & Evgs., School for Scandal. Prices: Drama, $2 to 50c.; Opera, $5 to $1.
At the Brooklyn Academy of Music, Tom'w Ev., SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL.

America's Foremost Theatres and Hits.

HIPPODROME
Daily Mats., 2. Best Seats $1. Evs. 8. 25c to $1.50
A Trip to Japan | Ballet of Jewels | Inside the Earth | 10 New Circus Acts

COMEDY 41st St., Bet. B'way & 6th Av. TO-MORROW NIGHT. MARY MANNERING in A MAN'S WORLD.

LEW FIELDS' HERALD SQ. Beginning THURS. EVE. BLANCHE RING in THE YANKEE GIRL

HACKETT 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. JOHN MASON in NONE SO BLIND
SPECIAL MATINEES To-day, Tues., Wed. & Fri. The Watcher

DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:30. MAXINE ELLIOTT in THE INFERIOR SEX.

Broadway Thea., B'way, cor. 41st. Evs. 8.15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15. The Jolly Bachelors with Nora Bayes

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8.15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Clyde Fitch's Greatest Play. THE CITY

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE, 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. FORBES-ROBERTSON The Passing of the Third Floor Back.

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15. WHITNEY OPERA CO. THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER

BIJOU B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:20. CYRIL SCOTT IN THE LOTTERY MAN

WEST END 125th, West of 8th Av. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. IS MATRIMONY A FAILURE?

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
Evenings at 8. Saturday Matinee at 2.
To-night, Germania. Mmes. Destinn, Heliane, Sparkes; MM. Caruso, Amato, Didur, Pini-Corsi. Cond., Toscanini.
Wed. Evg., Faust. Mmes. Farrar, Maubourg; MM. Bonci, Gilly, Didur. Cond., Podesti.
Thurs. Evg.........Alessandro Stradella and Ballet Divertissement
Fri. Evg.........Lohengrin
Sat. Mat., Double Bill—Cavalleria Rusticana and Pagliacci.
Sat. Evg.........Otello
Next Week: Mon. Evg., Madama Butterfly. Mmes. Farrar, Fornia; MM. Martin, Scotti, Bada. Cond., Toscanini.
WASH. BIRTHDAY TUES., Feb. 22, at 11:30 SPECIAL MATINEE PARSIFAL
Seats on Sale This Morning.
AT THE NEW THEATRE.
Tues. Evg., First Time L'Attaque du Moulin. Mmes. Delna, Noria; MM. Clement, Gilly, de Segurola, Regis, Devaux. Cond., Tango.
Wed. Mat.........Czaar und Zimmermann
At the Brooklyn Academy of Music.
To-night, Alessandro Stradella. Mme. Gluck; MM. Slezak, Reiss, Goritz, Muhlmann. And Ballet Divertissement. Cond., Bendix.
WEBER PIANO USED.

WESTMINSTER KENNEL CLUB
THIRTY-FOURTH ANNUAL
DOG SHOW
FEBRUARY 9, 10, 11, 12.
Madison Square Garden

CARNEGIE HALL.
SYMPHONY SOCIETY OF NEW YORK.
WALTER DAMROSCH Conductor.
To-morrow (Tuesday) Evg. at 8:15
BERLIOZ-DEBUSSY PROGRAM
Julia Heinrich—Musical Art Soc. Chorus.
Tickets 50 cts. to $2, at 1 W. 34th St. and Box Office.

IRVING PLACE THEATRE Fourth Week! Every Eve. 8:15 & Sat. Mat. 2:15, the Great Comic Opera Success, "Christ'l, the Forester's Daughter," "Die Foerster Christ'l."

MURRAY Hill Thea. Mat. To-day. Smoking. DAINTY DUCHESS CO.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
"Triumph of Her Career."—World.
ETHEL BARRYMORE
in Sir A. W. Pinero's MID-CHANNEL

SAVOY 34th St. & B'way. Eve. at 8:15. Mat. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15.
FRANK McKEE............Manager
TWO WEEKS ONLY, BEGINNING
TO-NIGHT at 8:15
HENRY B. HARRIS presents
THE KING OF COMEDIES
THE TRAVELING SALESMAN
by JAMES FORBES,
With The Original New York Cast.
THE SAME OLD HURRICANE OF LAUGHTER

LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15.
"Full of Bright Lines."—Herald.
BILLIE BURKE in W. S. Maugham's MRS. DOT

HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
"The funniest person on the stage to-day."—Alan Dale.
WM. COLLIER in his great success A LUCKY STAR

GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
"As lovable as Rip Van Winkle."—Telegram.
OTIS SKINNER in Your Humble Servant.
By Booth Tarkington & H. L. Wilson.

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:20. Matinee Sat. Only, 2:15.
"As tender as Little Lord Fauntleroy, and 3 times as funny."
FRANCIS WILSON
THE BACHELOR'S BABY.

KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38 St. Evs. at 8. Mat. Sat. at 2.
THE DOLLAR PRINCESS

CHARLES DILLINGHAM'S GLOBE BROADWAY & 46th St. Ev. 8:15. Wed. & Sat. Mat. 2:15. Montgomery and Stone in THE OLD TOWN.

BURTON HOLMES CARNEGIE HALL 8:30
To-Night---Paris
To-Day Mat. at 3. To-morrow & Fri. at 3, Lyceum Theatre, ITALY

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE, 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:15
WEDNESDAY MAT. BEST SEATS $1.50
HENRY W. SAVAGE offers
MADAME X
By Alexandre Bisson
Supreme Drama of Tears and Thrills.

NEW YORK B'way & 45th St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
MAX ROGERS and MAUDE RAYMOND.
in the New Musical Play, THE YOUNG TURK

LIBERTY W. 42d St., Eves. at 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2.
"Don't miss it at any cost."—Eve. Sun.
The Fantastical Musical Comedy
THE ARCADIANS
WITH ITS WONDERFUL CAST OF 100

GAIETY B'WAY & 46th ST. EVS. 8:15. MAT. WED. & SAT. 2:15.
FORTUNE HUNTER
WITH JOHN BARRYMORE

JOE WEBER'S Broadway & 29th St. TO-NIGHT, 8:15.
A NEW PLAY Where There's a Will

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE, 34th St. & 8th Av.
To-night, 8:30, Reg. Prices ELEKTRA Mme. Mazarin, Mlle. Baron, Mme. Doria, M. Huberdeau, etc.
Wed., TRAVIATA, Mme. Tetrazzini, Mr. McCormack, M. Sammarco.
Fri., RIGOLETTO, Mme. Tetrazzini, Miss Gentle, Mr. McCormack, MM. Renaud, Gilibert, Vallier.
Sat. Aft. at 2:30. ELEKTRA Regular Cast. Regular Prices.
Sat. Eve. (pop. prices), HERODIADE, Mlles. Cavalieri, D'Alvarez, M. Renaud, etc.
SPECIAL PERFORMANCE at Popular Prices Tues. Eve., Feb. 22, (Washington's Birthday,) TALES OF HOFFMANN, with Mlles. Cavalieri, Trentini, MM. Renaud, Devries, Gilibert, Crabbe. Tickets on sale Wednesday, 9 A. M.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE.....Special
THIS (MONDAY) AFTERNOON AT 1 O'CL.
MONSTER OPERATIC CONCERT
FOR THE BENEFIT OF
THE PARIS FLOOD SUFFERERS.
Miss Garden, Mme. Tetrazzini, Mlle. Cavalieri, Mlle. Gerville-Reache, Mlle. D'Alvarez, Mlle. Trentini, Mme. Duchene, MM. Dalmores, McCormack, Renaud, Sammarco, Lucas, Dufranne, Huberdeau, and other artists.
Tickets, $5 to $1.

AMERICAN MUSIC HALL.
42d St., W. of B'way. 'Phone Bryant 953.
SPECIAL Last Appearances in America
OWING TO FOREIGN ENGAGEMENTS
6 NIGHTS—6 MATINEES
COMMENCING MONDAY, FEB. 21,
OF MR.
HARRY LAUDER
Theatregoers are no doubt aware of the fight this theatre has made against the Ticket Speculators. As these gentry will no doubt redouble their efforts for this
IMPORTANT FAREWELL ENGAGEMENT OF MR. HARRY LAUDER,
We ask the co-operation of the theatregoing public to defeat them by securing their seats in advance at the Box Office or send their Orders by mail direct to Wm. Morris, Inc., and they will receive prompt attention.
SEAT SALE OPENS WED., FEB. 9.
NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR BOOKING SEATS IN ADVANCE.

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. DR. HERMAN, Williams & Van Alstyne, Flo Irwin & Co., Eight Kellinos, others
BRONX 149th St. 3d Av. Daily Mat. 25c. Billy B. Van & Beaumont Sisters, Charlotte Parry & Co., McKay & Cantwell.
COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. Emmett Corrigan & Co. Paris By Night. Maggie Cline, Laddie Cliff.

Carnegie Hall, Thurs. Eve., Feb. 10, at 8:15.
RUSSIAN SYMPHONY SOCIETY
MODEST ALTSCHULER, Conductor.
BEN GREET PLAYERS
SHAKESPEARE'S TEMPEST Music by Tschaikowsky, Glazunow, Arthur Sullivan.
Seats 50c. to $2.00, at Box Office and Tyson's

SPRINGER'S GRAND OPERA HOUSE GENEE THE SILVER STAR With BICKEL & WATSON

HAMMERSTEIN'S GERTRUDE HOFFMANN, Hoey & Lee, Duncan's Collies, 6 others.

GAINSBOROUGH STUDIOS,
Thursday, February 10th, 3 P. M.,
RECITAL JOSEPH WEISS
The Celebrated Pianist. Tickets $2.
On sale Gainsborough Studios, 222 W. 59th.

EDEN MUSEE WORLD IN WAX. New Groups. CINEMATOGRAPH Each Hour. Geo. Holden, Mysterious Incubator.

COLUMBIA. B'way & 47th BURLESQUE. Daily Mats. 15c. to 50c. Evs. 25c. to $1. Smoking Permitted.

Olympic East 14th St. MATINEE TO-DAY. ALL STAR VAUDEVILLE.

ONLY 9 MORE DAYS

SELLING OUT!
Old-Established High Grade MEN'S SHOP
38 New St., One Block Below Wall
(Furnishing Goods All Sold.)
Balance of High Grade Stock of hand-tailored Clothing must be disposed of at once.
Your chance to obtain a
FULL DRESS SUIT OR TUXEDO
At Less Than ½ Former Prices.
$20.00 Suit or Overcoat, $7.50.
$25 Suit or Overcoat, $10.
$30.00 Suit or Overcoat, (silk lined,) $12.00.
$100 Fur Lined Coat, $35.
$50 Fur Lined Coat, $20.
English Slip-ons, Trousers, Fancy Vests, Bath Robes, Raincoats, etc.
YOUNG'S, 38 NEW ST.,—Half block Wall St. Subway Station.

LESS THAN HALF PRICE

Shipping and Mails.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..7:04|Sun sets..5:24|Moon rises..5:

TIDES TO-DAY.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	5:26	6:00	11:34	11:5
Governors Island	5:56	6:20	12:35	12:00
Hell Gate	7:46	8:10	2:10	1:3

Arrived—Sunday, Feb. 6.

SS Caledonia, Glasgow, Jan. 29.
SS Ince Bank, Boston, Feb. 5.
SS Rio Janeiro, Rio Janeiro, ———
SS Altamaha, Galveston, Jan. 27.
SS Admiral Farragut, Port Antonio, Feb. 4.
SS Oklahoma, Port Arthur, Jan. 28.
SS Lampasas, Mobile, Jan. 29.
SS Nacoochee, Savannah, Feb. 3.
SS Huron, Jacksonville, Feb. 3.
SS Jefferson, Norfolk, Feb. 5.
SS Delaware, Philadelphia, Feb. 5.
SS Vasari, Bahia, Jan. 22.
SS Altai, Inagua, Feb. 1.
SS Cuzco, St. Lucia, Jan. 25.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Marowijne, Paramaribo	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Monroe, Norfolk	———	3:00 P.M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

K. Wilhelm der Grosse, Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Hostilius, Montevideo	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Statendam, Rotterdam	———	9:00 A.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Nacoochee, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.

SAIL WEDNESDAY.

Mauretania, Liverpool	5:30 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Vaderland, Antwerp	———	10:00 A.M.
Lituania, Libau	———	———
Duca di Genova, Naples	———	———
Argentina, Naples	———	———
Admiral Farragut, Jamaica	6:30 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Bayamo, Santiago	———	12:00 M.
Huron, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Brazos, Galveston	———	12:00 M.
Lampasas, Tampa	———	12:00 M.

SAIL THURSDAY.

Savoie, Havre	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Roon, Bremen	———	10:00 A.M.
Almirante, Jamaica	7:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Mexico, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Altai, Haiti	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Galicia, Pernambuco	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Colon, Cristobal	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Guiana, Guiana	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Queen Amelia, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
City of Atlanta, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, French, and German transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Anna	Oran	Jan. 21
American	Puerto Mexico	Jan. 28
Cherokee	Turks Island	Jan. 27
Prins Willem III	Hayti	Jan. 30
Calyx	London	Jan. 19
St. Andrew	Antwerp	Jan. 22
Ottawa	Sunderland	Jan. 16
Moncensius	Leghorn	Jan. 20
Volturno	Rotterdam	Jan. 22
Oceania	Naples	Jan. 27
Idaho	Hull	Jan. 22
Kansas City	Swansea	Jan. 22
Cearense	Para	Jan. 25
Vigilancia	Tampico	Jan. 29
Minnewaska	Southampton	Jan. 29
Zeeland	Antwerp	Jan. 29
Regina d'Italia	Palermo	Jan. 27
Philadelphia	Curacao	Jan. 30
Carolina	San Juan	Feb. 2
San Juan	San Juan	Feb. 2
Proteus	New Orleans	Feb. 2
El Sud	Galveston	Feb. 1
Bermudian	Bermuda	Feb. 5
Orotava	Bermuda	Feb. 5

DUE TO-MORROW.

United States	Christiansand	Jan. 29
Coppename	Trinidad	Feb. 1
Venezia	Gibraltar	Jan. 29
Saratoga	Havana	Feb. 5
El Siglo	Galveston	Feb. 3
City of Atlanta	Savannah	Feb. 5
Hamilton	Norfolk	Feb. 7
Prinz Aug. Wilhelm	Kingston	Feb. 5

DUE WEDNESDAY.

St. Laurent	Coruna	Jan. 27
Hamburg	Naples	Jan. 27
Excelsior	Amsterdam	Jan. 25
Cedric	Naples	Jan. 29
Granaria	Christiansand	Jan. 25
Jamestown	Norfolk	Feb. 8

By Marconi Wireless.

SS Cedric, incoming from Naples, was reported by wireless 1,000 miles east of Sandy Hook at 8:50 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Wednesday morning.

SS Zeeland, incoming from Antwerp, was reported by wireless 745 miles east of Sandy Hook at 6 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Tuesday morning.

SS Minnewaska, incoming from Southampton, was reported by wireless 333 miles east of Sandy Hook at 8 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this morning.

By United Wireless.

SS Bear, from New York for San Francisco, was 307 miles southeast of Sandy Hook at 8 P. M., Feb. 6.

SS Cherokee, from Dominican ports for New York, was 140 miles south of Sandy Hook at 8 P. M., Feb. 6.

SS Concho, from Galveston for New York, was 515 miles south of Sandy Hook at 8 P. M., Feb. 6.

SS Prinz August Wilhelm, from Colon for New York, was 559 miles south of Sandy Hook at 8 P. M., Feb. 6.

SS Saratoga, from Havana for New York, was 673 miles south of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., Feb. 6.

SS Havana, from New York for Havana, was 421 miles south of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., Feb. 6.

SS Sabine, from Georgetown, S. C., for New York, was 478 miles south of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., Feb. 6.

SS City of Atlanta, from Savannah for New York, was 342 miles south of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., Feb. 6.

SS City of Savannah, from New York for Savannah, was 319 miles south of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., Feb. 6.

SS Iroquois, from New York for Jacksonville, was 330 miles south of Scotland Lightship at 4:45 P. M., Feb. 6.

SS Ancon, from New York for Cristobal, passed Castle Island at 2:05 P. M., Feb. 6.

SS Oceana, from New York for Bermuda, was 496 miles southeast of Sandy Hook at 8 P. M., Feb. 6.

SS Bermudian, from Bermuda for New York, was 180 miles southeast of Sandy Hook at 8 P. M., Feb. 6.

SS Orotava, from Bermuda for New York, was 257 miles southeast of Sandy Hook at 8 P. M., Feb. 6.

SS City of Memphis, from Boston for Savannah, was 43 miles south of Scotland Lightship at 6 P. M., Feb. 6.

SS Philadelphia, from Porto Rico for New York, was 294 miles south of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., Feb. 6.

SS Vigilancia, from Vera Cruz for New York, was 215 miles south of Sandy Hook at 8 P. M., Feb. 6.

SS Coamo, from New York for Porto Rico, reports speaking the bark Sea King in latitude 36:05 north and longitude 72:31 west.

SS Seguranca, from New York for Santiago, was 103 miles east of Tampico at 8 P. M., Feb. 6.

SS Antilles, from New York for New Orleans, was 70 miles from South Pass at 8 P. M., Feb. 6.

SS Algonquin, from Galveston for Boston, was 290 miles east of Galveston at 8 P. M., Feb. 6.

SS Rio Grande, from Galveston for Boston, was 176 miles north of Key West at 8 P. M., Feb. 6.

SS Denver, from Galveston for New York, was 830 miles west of Galveston at 9 P. M., Feb. 6.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Cincinnati, at Madeira, Feb. 6.
SS Berlin, at Gibraltar, Feb. 6.
SS Satsuma, at Perim, Feb. 6.

Sailed.

SS Baltic, from Queenstown, Feb. 6.
SS Campania, from Queenstown, Feb. 6.

Passed.

SS Caronia, Fiume, from New York, passed Gibraltar.
SS Minneapolis, New York for London, passed Brow Head.

Pacific Steamships.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.	
Hawaii, (via San Francisco)—Alameda	Feb. 7	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—Chiyo Maru	Feb. 10	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China, (via Seattle)—Arra Maru	Feb. 10	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China, (via Tacoma)—Antilochus	Feb. 18	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—Asia	Feb. 18	6:30 P.M.
Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Makura	Feb. 20	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Guam, and Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—U. S. transport	Feb. 28	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Empress of China	Mch. 4	6:30 P.M.
Tahiti, Marquesas and Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) (via San Francisco)—Mariposa	Mch. 5	6:30 P.M.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1